PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
*The Bombay Gazette* Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED TWICE DAILY.

# THE Bombay Gazette

TWELVE PAGES.

MORNING EDITION.

NESTLÉ'S
CONDENSED
MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

No. 54,526.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1908. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON,

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

| Date of Sailing/ Saturday/ 6-30 P.M. | STEAMERS. | TONS. | CONNECTING AT ADEN WITH | TONS |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 26thSept | EGYPT | 7912 | | |
| 3rd Oct. | ARCADIA | 6603 | INDIA | 7911 |
| 10th ,, | ARABIA | 7903 | | |
| 17th ,, | ARCADIA | 6603 | VICTORIA | 6522 |
| 24th ,, | PERSIA | 7951 | | |
| 31st ,, | SALSETTE | 6000 | BRITANNIA | 6525 |
| 7th Nov | MARMORA | 10509 | | |
| 14th ,, | SALSETTE | 6000 | MOOLTAN | 9621 |
| 21st ,, | MACEDONIA | 10512 | | |
| 28th ,, | SALSETTE | 6000 | CHINA | 7912 |
| 5th Dec | EGYPT | 7912 | | |

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1909.

| Date of Sailing. | Steamers. | Tons | Connecting at Aden with | Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 30th Feb. | SALSETTE | 6000 | MOREA | 11000 |
| T. 27th ,, | CALEDONIA | 7388 | | |
| T. 6th Mch. | MOOLTAN | 9621 | | |
| T. 13th ,, | EGYPT | 7912 | | |
| 20th ,, | SALSETTE | 6000 | CHINA | 7912 |
| T. 27th ,, | ARABIA | 7903 | | |
| T. 3rd Apl. | MACEDONIA | 10512 | | |
| T. 10th ,, | PERSIA | 7951 | | |
| 17th ,, | SALSETTE | 6000 | MALWA | 11000 |
| T. 24th ,, | MOREA | 11000 | | |
| 1st May | SALSETTE | 6000 | MONGOLIA | 9505 |
| T 8th ,, | CALEDONIA | 7388 | | |
| 15th ,, | SALSETTE | 6000 | MARMORA | 10509 |
| T. 22nd ,, | EGYPT | 7912 | | |

T.=Through Steamer.

EXTRA PASSENGER STEAMER!
At Special Cheap Rates.

THE S. S. "BRITANNIA," 6525 Tons, will leave Bombay on the 31st MARCH 1909 DIRECT for MARSEILLES and LONDON conveying PASSENGERS in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL CHEAP FARES.

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To London by Sea Rs. 480 and Rs. 570.

Return Tickets at One and a Half Fares available for Two Years.

These rates subject to 10 per cent. Surtax.

For Accommodation and further particulars apply to
W. C. SYMES,
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**GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.**

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|---|---|
| PASSAGES | Booked without charge. |
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LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

TO MARSEILLES.

| Vessels | Tons. | Captains | To Sail on or about THURSDAY |
|---|---|---|---|
| DUMBEA | 8,326 | Boyer | 1st Oct. 1908 |
| SYDNEY | 4,118 | Henrie | 29th Oct. ,, |
| GUNAIKIEN | 6,143 | Magnet | 26th Nov. ,, |
| INDIA | 5,539 | Schmits | 24th Dec ,, |
| AUSTRALIEN | 6,365 | Verron | 21st Jan. 1909 |
| YARRA | 6,142 | Sellier | 18th Feb. ,, |
| VILLE de la CIOTAT | 6,378 | Barillon | 18th Mar, ,, |
| ARMAND BEHIC | 6,385 | Guionnet | 15th Apr, ,, |

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

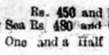
RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO,

| Vessels | Tons. | Captains | To Sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| MEKA | 5538 | Schmitz | 9th Oct, 1908 |
| AUSTRALIEN | 6,365 | Verron | 6th Nov. ,, |

For further Particulars apply to—
L. BRICARD,
*Agent.*
Albert Building, Hornby Road.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.



TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

| Vessels | Tons. | Captain. | Arrival. | Departure, 1908 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MOTORI MARU | | J. Hands | 26th Sept | 8th Oct |
| YEDOGHI MARU | | B. Kon | 10th Oct | 21st Oct. |
| TAKASAKI MARU | | A. Mocker | 22nd Oct | 3rd Nov. |
| TOYOMI MARU | | M. Winckler | 5th Nov | 17th Nov. |
| TETCHOFU MARU | | K. Sato | 17th Nov | 30th Nov, |
| WAKAMIYA MARU | | T. Yamawaki | 30th Nov | 12th Dec. |
| KAGOSHIMA MARU | | T. Arakawa | 14th Dec | 29th Dec, |
| MOTORI MARU | | J. Hands | 26th Dec | 7th Jan 1909. |

For Freight apply to—
T. KUSUMOTO,
*Manager.*
Havart Buildings, Hornby Row, Fort, Bombay.

S.S.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO by the above Line are hereby NOTIFIED that NO CLAIMS for SHORT DELIVERY, DAMAGE, &c. WILL BE ENTERTAINED unless they are sent to the office within ten days after the steamer's arrival. No Survey will be held on cargo unshipped or removed from the Landing Shed.

## SHIPPING.

### BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

| Steamers. | Tons. | Sailing Date. | Time. | Route—via. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| LINGA | 2171 | Mon 28th Sept. | 11 a.m. | P D & C* |
| DWARKA | 1,695 | Thurs. 1st Oct. | 9 a.m. | Cutch Mandvie. |
| LHASA | 2,171 | Fri, 2nd Oct. | 6 a.m. | (direct). |

* Via Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S.S. "WAROONGA," 2,313 tons, on MONDAY, 28th Sept. calling at Vernwal, Mangrole, Dwarka, Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomera and Bussreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSSREH (Weekly).

S.S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on THURSDAY, 1st Oct, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, and Bussreh, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
*Agents*, BOMBAY.

26th September, 1908.

AUSTRIAN UNDER MAIL THE AUSTRIAN

LLOYD'S S. N. Co, CONTRACT WITH GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE

| Steamers. | Tons | Captain. | To sail on | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| AFRICA | 4,596 | P. Badessich | 1st October | 1908 |
| KORNER | 5,301 | A. Forenti | 1st Nov. | 1908 |
| BOHEMIA | 4282. | M. Dabcevich | 16th Nov. | 1908 |
| AFRICA | 4,596 | P. Badessich | 1st Dec. | 1908 |

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE are available for two years,

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes,

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN-TICKETS

are issued, to Return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Navigazione Generale Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd's from Genoa to Colombo, and vice versa.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf, but during the Passengers Season (March April and May) all the Steamers of the Direct Line will call on their Homeward voyage first at Venice and then at Trieste.

STEAM TO JAPAN vis COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

| Steamers | Tons | Captain. | To sail on or about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| CHINA | 9999 | G. Berguglian, | 24th Sept. 1908. |

For further Particular regarding passages apply to the

ACTING AGENT,
Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.
Sassoon House 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

### ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS from BOMBAY to MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL.

The following sailings have been arranged:—

| Steamers. | Captain. | Tons. | Date. |
|---|---|---|---|
| SCINDIA | Wm. Kelso | 5,106 | 11th Oct 08. |
| CASTALIA | | 6,388 | 24th ,, ,, |
| ELYSIA | A. Haig | 6,902 | 11th Nov ,, |
| MASSILIA | J. Thomson | 5091 | 27th ,, ,, |
| OLYMPIA | O.F. Osborne R.N.R. | 8194 | 11th Dec ,, |
| CIRCASSIA | A. Tait | 6714 | 27th ,, ,, |
| SCINDIA | Wm Kelso | 5106 | 15th Jan 09 |
| CASTALIA | | 6388 | 27th ,, ,, |
| BARITANNIA | R. J. Garrick | 3069 | 5th Feb ,, |

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay to Suez | Rs. 385 |
| Bombay to Port Said | Rs. 418 |
| Bombay to Marseilles | Rs. 578 |
| Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea) | Rs. 806 |
| Bombay to London from Marseilles and including 1st class rail ticket across the Continent | Rs. 653 |
| Bombay to New York | Rs. 792 |
| Return ticket to Liverpool (all the way by sea) | Rs. 990 |
| Return ticket to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool | Rs. 1038 |

All Return Tickets are available for 2 years
Concession granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.
All steamers have electric lights and all steamers with the exception of those marked * have electric fans in every cabin free of charge.
The Advertised Rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N Co.'s Steamer between Karachi and Bombay.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to over-staying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave
For any further information regarding passage, etc., apply to the Undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
*Agents*, Bombay.

**SELF CURE NO FICTION!**
**MARVEL UPON MARVEL!**
**NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR,**
but without running a doctor's bill or falling into the deep ditch of quackery, may safely, speedily and economically cure himself without the knowledge of a second party. By the introduction of
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
**THERAPION,**
a complete revolution has been wrought in this department of medical science, whilst thousands have been restored to health and happiness who for years previously had been merely dragging out a miserable existence.

**THERAPION No. 1**—A Sovereign Remedy for discharges from the urinary organs, superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases.

**THERAPION No. 2**—A Sovereign Remedy for primary and secondary skin eruptions, ulcerations, pains and swellings of the joints, and all those complaints which mercury and sarsaparilla are popularly but erroneously supposed to cure. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates all poisonous matter from the body.

**THERAPION No. 3**—A Sovereign Remedy for debility, nervousness, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, distaste and incapacity for business or pleasure, love of solitude, blushing, indigestion, pains in the back and head, and all those disorders resulting from early error and excess which the faculty so persistently ignore, because so impotent to cure or even relieve.

**THERAPION** is sold by principal Chemists throughout the world. Price in England 2/9 & 4/6. In ordering, state which of the three numbers required, and observe that the word 'THERAPION' appears on British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every package by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

*Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co. beg to offer their services as* AGENTS IN ENGLAND. *Established in 1864, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.*

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INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

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TOUCHES THE SPOT!

And is a Veterinary Homocea for all purposes.

'HIPPACEA' should be kept in every home and stable, for Mange, Eczema, Ear Canker, Cuts, Bites, and all Skin Irritations and Diseases, Sprains, Strains, Sore Backs and Shoulders, Broken Knees, Curbs, Splints, Cracked Heels, Grease, Warbles, Sore Udders and Teats.

If out Hunting or Shooting always carry some 'HIPPACEA' with you, as you never know when an accident may happen to your horse or dog. 'HIPPACEA' is quite free from all poisonous matter, and is harmless if any animal licks it, but insects, Mosquitoes, Gnats, and Flies will avoid it.

SOLD EVERY WHERE.

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## COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES AT KARACHI, RAWALPINDI, MURREE AND SRINAGAR.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge, and Interest allowed thereon. Terms may be ascertained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES issued.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made, and Addresses Registered with London Office free of charge.
COX'S AGENCY Ld., engage Passages and secure best available berths to all parts of the World Free of Charge to Commission.
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BAGGAGE received for Shipment and Clearance.
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List of Representatives and Correspondents and all information in connection with Agency Business and a copy of the Balance Sheet will be sent on application.

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### CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

| | |
|---|---|
| CAPITAL | £1,200,000 |
| RESERVE FUND | £1,525,000 |
| RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS | £1,200,000 |

HEAD OFFICE
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON
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|---|---|---|
| Hamburg. | Medan, Deli (Sub-agency). | Foochow |
| Bombay. | Singapore. | Saigon. |
| Karachi. | Kuala Lumpor | Shanghai. |
| Calcutta. | Bangkok. | Tientsin. |
| Madras. | Batavia. | Hankow. |
| Rangoon. | Sourabaya. | Yokohama. |
| Colombo | Manilla. | Kobe. |
| Penang. | Obu (Philippines). | New York. |
| Thaiping (Perak). | Hongkong. | |
| Ipoh (Perak). | | |

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

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Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

J. GREIG,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. AGENT.

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid up Capital | $ 15,000,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Proprietors | $ 15,000,000 |
| Silver Reserve Fund | 14,000,000 |
| Gold Reserve Fund | $ 1,500,000 |

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

J. R. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager*

LONDON BANKERS:
LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD

LONDON COMMITTEE
SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt)
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq. (Director Peninsula and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.).
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K. C. M. G.

A. M. TOWNSEND, C. S. ADDIS, } *London Managers*

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

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| BOMBAY. | LYONS. | SHANGHAI |
| CALCUTTA | MANILA. | SINGAPORE |
| COLOMBO. | NAGASAKI. | SOURABAYA. |
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

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Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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THE NEW
**UPRIGHT GRAND**
Is the perfection of tone and touch and is without rival at the price,
Rs. **780.**
Guaranteed for 5 years.
Deferred Payment System
For 12 months, per month Rs. 71
,, 24 ,, ,, ,, ,, 38

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Rs. **780.**
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THE **LIPP GRAND PIANOS**

Contain the full **LIPP STEEL FRAME** cast in one piece, the strings are arranged on the overstrung system, each set passing through a separate stud, by which means the tone is at once purified and refined.

THE **LIPP GRAND PIANOS**

Passes a volume of tone and elasticity of touch not to be found in many **GRAND PIANOS** of greater length, and without the slightest exaggeration or the use of inflated terms.

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WORLD-FAMED

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This remarkable rejuvenating restorative tones the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting new vigour and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or Exhaustion of the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, heartburn, pain in the back, dimness of sight—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced test of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of insomnia and functional debility, epilepsy, imparting dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-imposed ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. Married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity. Price 11s., or four times the quantity, 33s. per bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Scanty or other Deposits, Blood-stones, and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 6s. 6d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 13½d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 6d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," engraved thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations from needy persons put forward by unscrupulous vendors who live by sale of others goods.

DEBILITATED and SERIOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Review" by Dr. De Roos, on the several causes of Debility, Impotency, Depression of spirits, and constitutional melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. [illegible] Publisher, 14 Bond Street, Hebburn, Maidstone, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicines.

## SCOTTISH TRIALS. 1908.

TRADE MARK

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OFFICIAL RESULTS IN BRIEF:
119 daily non-stop runs were made on
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9 Cars made complete non-stop runs on all five days on
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30 first places in all seven classes on
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5 first places divided between other Makes of Tyres.

THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co., LTD.,
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PAINTS
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Patent Power Hammers and Roots, "Acme" Blowers and Exhausters.

For Sale.—Boilers, Engines, Contractors' Pumps, Boiler Fittings, Pipes, Cocks etc., Also Steel Bars, Plates, and Angle Irons of the largest sections, Diamond Silver, and other Steel and Engineers' Requisites of all descriptions kept in Stock.

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UNTOUCHED BY HAND. REQUIRES NO COOKING.
Adapted for use from birth upwards. Reduces the troubles and dangers of infantile ailments.

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A solid food, easy of digestion, and recommended for children after weaning, and for those who require a readily digested, concentrated nutrient at any period of life.

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Sold by TREACHER & Co., Bombay, Byculla, Poona.

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

### POONA NINTH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 3RD OCTOBER 1908.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES, at 6 P.M., on MONDAY, 28th September, 1908.

J. E. HUGHES,
Ag. Secretary, W. I. T. C.

POONA, 24TH SEPTEMBER, 1908.

### POONA TENTH EXTRA MEETING.

MONDAY, 5TH OCTOBER, 1908.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P.M., on TUESDAY, 29th September 1908.

J. E. HUGHES,
Ag. Secretary,
WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

POONA, 24TH SEPTEMBER, 1908.

TURKISH BATHS.—A Neat, Cheap, and Refreshing RESORT. Specific for Rheumatism and Gout. Champoo by Punjabee Specialist.—KAVARANA MANSIONS, Princess Street.

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NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Corporation will be CLOSED from MONDAY, 28th September until WEDNESDAY, 30th September, 1908, both days inclusive.

For The Bombay Burmah Trading Corp., Ltd.
WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.

BOMBAY, 23RD SEPTEMBER, 1908.

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(BROKER),

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PAINTING MATERIALS
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LEUCODERMA SPECIFIC.

THIS IS A NEW INVENTION IN THE world of medicine. It cures with wonderful efficacy Leucoderma (white lepra), Lepra Vulgaris, and all other white spots situated on any part of the human frame. Rs. 4 for internal and external use. —A. WHITE & Co., Chemists, 6 Toollygunge Calcutta.

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LUCKNOW,
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THE SECRETARY,
La Martiniere College, Lucknow.

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MOTOR TYRES and TUBES
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BOMBAY.

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SIR GEORGE CLARKE, G. C. M. G., G. C. I. E.
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The present rage of London. W. Somerset Maugham's excellent comedy,
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THE LADY OF OSTEND.
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"A ROYAL DIVORCE."
Fri., Oct. 2.—Marie Tempest's latest London triumph,
"MRS. DOT."
LAST NIGHT! LAST NIGHT!!
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"THE WRONG MR. WRIGHT"
Prices, Rs. 5, 3 and 1. Stage Boxes, Rs. 50.
Doors Open at 8-30. Commence at 9-30
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Y. M. C. A. HALL,
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FANCY WORK, BRANPIE, ETC., TEA & REFRESHMENTS.
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Rebuilds health broken down through physical exertion, or mental over-work, or through other excesses.

Supplies the wanting salts, and infuses vitality into the Cebro-spinal, and Sympathetic systems. It is a marvellous Brain-Food. Per Bot. Rs. 3-8.

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Cheapest and Best.
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Drives your Car Furthest.
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Burn brightest and will not warp.
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BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and Summary of Trade, Published Weekly, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe, containing a Specially-Written Market Report, Freight Report, &c., Summary of Custom Reports during the Week, Imports and Exports of Bullion, Comparative Summaries of Exports, Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain, Share Lists and Rates of Exchange List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week, Charters and Engagements, Annual Subscription in advance, Rs. 10. Single copy, Annas 4, "Bombay Gazette" Office, Green Street.

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Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants &c. Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

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ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Offices have been MOVED from the premises in Armenian Lane and Medows Street, and are now located at 2, GREEN STREET (behind the Bank of Bombay), where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all classes of Printing Work Binding, Stationery, etc.

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GOVERNMENT SERVANT SUPPLIERS.—Messrs. OLIVEN and Co. undertake the Supply of Labour in General Clerks. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Servants Patronised by the Officers of the Services. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants whom we guarantee. Fee Bombay Rs. 5, Moffusil Rs. 7 each servant, which stands good for six months. No. 21, Ch. G, St, (First Floor), Fort, Bombay. Established 1873.

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INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.—Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railways, Abstract of Rules and Regulations, Through Routes and Fares from Bombay to places in India and Abroad. Postal and Telegraphic information, Steam-Boat and Sail Companies. Places of Interest along the Coast. A Coloured Map of India showing the Principal Railway Stations on the Indian Lines. Price, Annas Annual Subscription, Rs. 4 including

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LIFE INSURANCE.—Mr. E. P. HENDERSON, L.C.S., retd., greatly regrets to inform various of his correspondents that in consequence of the mis-delivery in London on 21st ultimo of a large packet of letters for despatch to India their letters lay in London for a fortnight and were only recovered on 4th instant. Mr. Henderson has done his best to explain the matter to those correspondents by cabling to The "Pioneer" a request that it would insert as an advertisement his cablegram of 8th instant, briefly explaining the matter.

MOTORIST'S ELYSIUM.—Touring and town Cars, Phaetons, Landaulette and other bodies, 2, 4 and 6 Cylinders, from Rs. 2,850. HILL, SAWYER & Co., 35-37 Medows Street, Bombay.

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AS SUPPLIED TO
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Lengths 16 to 22 feet, and 3½ to 20 h.p.
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Seating Capacity 7 to 10 Persons.
PRICES, Rs. 1,750 to Rs. 4,500.
*Complete with all Accessories.*
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GOVERNMENT SECURITY
LIFE ASSURANCE
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FUNDS OVER Rs. 3,25,00,000.
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and lodged with the
OFFICIAL TRUSTEE OF BOMBAY.

The Premiums are based upon the Company's actual experience, being the lowest with safety and so the most advantageous to all assurers.

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ISSUED FOR.....£2,009,980
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PROSPECTUS containing
the LATEST RATES and NEW SCHEMES, obtainable from
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LIFE ASSURANCE
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ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE.
Showing the Annual Premium payable for various kinds of Policies, WITH PROFITS.

| Age next Birthday. | ASSURANCES OF Rs. 1000 PAYABLE AT DEATH. Whole Life Premiums. | Premiums Limited to 10 years. | 15 years. | 20 years. | ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES OF Rs. 1000 Payable at Death or at the end of 15 years. | 20 years. | 25 years. | Age next Birthday. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | Rs. a. | |
| 20 | 21 10 | 48 8 | 36 6 | 30 7 | 64 5 | 47 6 | 37 11 | 20 |
| 25 | 24 2 | 52 5 | 39 4 | 33 0 | 64 13 | 48 0 | 38 7 | 25 |
| 30 | 27 4 | 56 13 | 42 13 | 36 3 | 65 10 | 49 0 | 3 11 | 30 |
| 35 | 31 8 | 62 4 | 47 1 | 39 13 | 66 13 | 50 8 | 41 10 | 35 |
| 40 | 36 11 | 68 19 | 52 5 | 44 9 | 68 11 | 52 14 | 44 10 | 40 |
| 45 | 43 14 | 76 7 | 58 13 | ... | 71 11 | 56 13 | ... | 45 |

*Detailed Prospectus and Balance Sheet on Application.*
E. F. ALLUM,
*General Manager.*

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ESTABLISHED 1896.
HEAD OFFICE: BHARAT BUILDINGS, LAHORE.
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LIFE ENDOWMENT, MARRIAGE and EDUCATION, INDUSTRIAL (Rupee per month as premium). Fidelity, Annuity and Pension Policies issued on most favourable terms.
CLAIMS paid exceed 1,60,000.
Special provision for Insurance on the lives of Ladies and insurance without Medical Examination.
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AGENTS and CANVASSERS WANTED.
Apply to Y. HARILAL & Co.,
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PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 650,000
HEAD OFFICE:
7 BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.
BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Calcutta. | Delhi. | Newera-Eliya. |
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| Madras. | Chittagong. | Steamer Point-Aden. |
| Karachi. | Rangoon. | Zanzibar. |
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BOMBAY *Manager.*

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD
ESTABLISHED 1880.
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Yn 24,000,000
RESERVED FUNDS ..... ,, 15,050,000
HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Antung-Hsien | Lioyang | Peking |
| Changchung | Lyons | San Francisco |
| Chefoo | Mukden (Fengtien) | Shanghai |
| Dairen (Dalny) | Nagasaki | Tientsin |
| Hankow | Newchwang | Tientsin |
| Honolulu | New York | Tokyo |
| Hongkong | Osaka | |
| Kobe | Ryojun (Port Arthur) | |
| London | | |

LONDON BANKERS:—
The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.
BOMBAY BRANCH:—
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.
K. KODAMA,
BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings, *Manager.*
HORNBY ROAD, Post, BOMBAY

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED....Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... ,, 50,00,000
DIRECTORS:
SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt. Chairman. (Messrs Sassoon J. David and Co., (Pombay.)
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SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
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The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C.I.E.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS,
INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 2 per half-year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS,
Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS,
The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon: they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application
H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
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CURMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.
NEW and second-hand English-built CARRIAGES FOR SALE.
CARRIAGES and HORSES, let on hire.
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for Sale and on hire.
FURNITURE of the latest design for Sale and on hire.
HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture.

*It is so nice to do the necessary Toilet with*
KAVIRAJ N. N. SEN'S
KESHRANJAN.

BALDNESS
CAN BE CURED.
Marvelous as it may seem after centuries of failure, a cure for Baldness has at last been found. After full 18 years of almost ceaseless research and experiment in my laboratory
KESHRANJAN OIL
has been prepared possessing this sovereign power. In many cases where many other remedies have failed and were unable to check the rapid progress of Baldness, this wonderful hair-tonic has conclusively proved its curative power.
Re. 1-0 per bottle. Post-free, Re. 1-5.
*PRAMEHABINDU*—cures Calculus, incontinence of urine, muco-purulent discharges, irritability of the bladder with discharge of blood, retention of urine, Spasmodic stricture, gleet and nervous debility. Price per phial with a box of pills, Re. 1-8; Packing and Postage, As. 7.
The efficacy of our medicines is universally allowed. Our Medicated Oils, Ghees, Boluses, Musk, Makardhwaja, and other Ayurvedic Remedies, prepared and kept by us, are admitted as the best and the cheapest in the world.
Illustrated catalogues, containing fuller accounts of diseases and medicines, are transmitted free on application.
PRESCRIPTIONS with or without Medicines are sent to every part of India, Burma, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Cape and the British Isles, on receipt of concise conditions of disease.
KAVIRAJ NAGENDRA NATH SEN,
Member of the Chemical Society, Paris; Society of Chemical Industry, London; Surgical Aid Society, London, &c., &c.
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ILFORD COLLEGE
FOR BOYS.
SEVEN KINGS, ESSEX.
*Senior Form:*—THE PINES, 40, ALDBOROUGH ROAD
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UNDER
DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE.
Large Houses and Grounds.
Spacious, Airy, and Lofty Class-rooms.
LARGE SPORTS FIELD.
Separate Playground for Little Boys.
Thorough Education in all its Branches.
Preparation for Public Schools,
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*A Competent Staff of Resident and Visiting Masters.*
Parents wishing to send their Boys to England to be educated will find this an unusual opportunity, as the Boys will not only have a thorough Education, but also the advantages of a happy and refined home. Entire charge taken. Special care and attention given to young, backward, and delicate Boys.
*Testimonials and References from Parents and Guardians attending over a period of many years.*
Special Form for Little Boys under a Lady.
TERMS:—From 50 to 100 Gs. per annum (inclusive).
*For Prospectus and further particulars apply to*
THE PRINCIPAL.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.
DURING the Hot Steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAMS fitted to your own nose, will be found a great boon.
They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 2-8. Gold, Rs. 25.
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

TO PARENTS.
CLARK'S LIST of BRITISH SCHOOLS, undertaking entire charge of Indian and Colonial Children, will be sent post free to all applicants.
ARTHUR W. CLARK,
29, Wellington Rd., Brighton, England.

A SAFE REMEDY
FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.
If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has 40 years' reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever, the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.
Clarke's Blood Mixture
IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.
It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For

| | |
|---|---|
| SCROFULA. | BAD LEGS, |
| SCURVY. | BLOTCHES, |
| ECZEMA | SPOTS, |
| BLOOD POISON, | BLACKHEADS |
| ULCERS, | PIMPLES, |
| SKIN & BLOOD | AND |
| DISEASES, | SORES OF ALL KINDS |

it is a safe and Permanent Remedy.
It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.
NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.
TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL I TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.
Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit, until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'"—June 15, 1903.
IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."
*Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.*
ASK FOR
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE
and beware of worthless imitations and substitute

Rowland's Macassar Oil
FOR THE HAIR
Is the Best Preparation you can use.
WHY?
BECAUSE without it the Hair becomes dry, thin, and brittle, and this is the nearest approach to the natural oil in the Hair, the loss of which causes baldness.
BECAUSE you must keep the Hair well nourished and not too dry, or you will soon lose it.
Ladies require it to keep the Hair soft and silky.
Men require it to prevent baldness.
Children require it to lay the foundation of a Luxuriant Growth.
*Of Stores, Chemists, and*
ROWLANDS, 67, Hatton Garden.
Sizes, 3/6, 7/-, 10/6.
Sold in a Golden Colour for Fair Hair

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Two Annas per line. Twice or Once a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Three Annas per line. Minimum Charge Re. 1.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.
1 PAIR MULE (684 Spindles each Mule), by Taylor Lang (1896).
In excellent working order. Apply to Box. No. 886, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE.
2 ND HAND almost new RUBBER TYRE ENGLISH VICTORIA, LANDEAU, VISA-VIS and BROUGHAM, brand-new for sale.
Apply to
S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co.,
18 Bank Street,
Fort.

WANTED every man to know the delight of a perfect shave. Get the GEM JUNIOR SAFETY RAZOR Outfit, consisting of seven razor steel blades, one handle, one silvered-nickel holder, one stropping attachment, complete in case with Snap Clasp, Rs. 5-0-0 V. P. P. MONEY REFUNDED if not satisfactory.—GEM JUNIOR CO., Box 261, Bombay.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

DUBOIS FRERES & CAGNION'S
COGNAC.
FLEUR DE BLANZAC.
Rs. 3-12 per bottle.
JOCKEY CLUB.—Rs. 2-12 per bottle.
Liberal Terms to the Trade.
TO BE HAD FROM
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO., LTD.,
SOLE AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

JOHN JAMESON'S
THREE STAR
PURE POT STILL. Famous for 100 YEARS. WHISKEY
JOHN JAMESON and SON, LIMITED, DUBLIN.
Distillers to H.M. the King.

JARRAHWOOD.
JARRAH Steam-Sawn Scantlings suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Cheekhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame work, Cotton bale ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. Sample and price list on application to
MESSRS. MILLARS

THE LATEST VALUATION
OF THE
NORWICH UNION MUTUAL LIFE OFFICE
AFFORDS
ANOTHER SIGNAL TRIUMPH
and enabled the Directors to announce
THE LARGEST BONUS EVER DECLARED BY THE SOCIETY
which may be regarded as
A Source of Supreme Satisfaction to Existing Policy-holders and a Powerful Inducement to intending Insurers.
For full particulars apply to—
AGENTS WANTED.
ADDRESS: GRAHAMS' BUILDINGS, *Parsi Bazaar Street.*
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., *General Agents.*
O. C. B. WIMBUSH, *Manager.*

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Lhasa, 950 tons, Captain H. McDiarmid, sailed yesterday, for Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

THE B. and P. S. N. Co.'s steamer Moshtari, 1,119 tons, Captain P. H. Gore, will sail to-day, for Persian Gulf etc., with a general cargo and 59 deck passengers.

THE Japan Line steamer Kageshima Maru, 3,372 tons, Captain Arakawa, will sail to-day for Kobe etc., with a generel cargo.

THE German East Africa Line steamer Reichstag, 1,319 tons, Captain M. Jacobsen, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Mikindani etc., with a general cargo and 35 cabin and 213 deck passengers.

THE Wilson Line steamer Aleppo, 2,537 tons, Captain H. Wing, arrived in harbour, on Friday, from Hull, with a general cargo and Mr. S. Clarke, as a passenger.

THE Asiatic S. N. Co.'s steamer Nawab, 2,041 tons, Captain J. A. Olsen, arrived in harbour on Friday, from Calcutta via Coast ports, with a general cargo and 10 deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Virawa, 2,176 tons, Captain C. S. Emmett, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, and Coast ports, with a general cargo and Mr. Kitching and 31 deck passengers.

THE Hansa Line steamer Schenfels, 3,610 tons, Captain F. Schnuder, will sail to-day, for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Thursday 24th September should be regarded as a full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

### MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN. MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVERNMENT DOCKYARD.

R I M S Palinurus....Comdr C S Hickman ...Surney St
R I M S Elphinstone...Lt E Stocken.....R I Marine

In the Stream.

R I M S DufferinComdr Berry.10-10..Africa.R I Marine
R I M S Northbrook..Lt. E. W. Huddleston...R I Marine
R I M S Investigator...Comdr...Beauchamp...Survey St

FOREIGN NAVY.

Seeadler.....Capt.....Meurer ... .....German Cruiser

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Sept 25.

Arabia.....4167 Leigh...London 10-10 P & O Co
Bahadur .....2986 Cubbin .....T Morrison & Co
Brand .....1519 Evenson ...W & A Graham & Co
Clematis .....2829 Davies ...James Mackintosh & Co
Firoze.....2005 Watson .....Bo & P S N Co
Garscube.....2297 Storey ..Barrow .....W & A G & Co
Inchberva.....2572 Nicholas.....T Morrison & Co
Kt. Brant ...4778 Kindall .....K N & Co
Kirley Bank ...2092 Kerr .....W & A G & Co
Kt. Templar ...4601 Billett .....W & A G & Co
Kirklee.....2275 Watson .....W & A Graham & Co
Lady Gordon. 316 Butler .....M M & Co
Nawab.....2041 Alsen .....T Morrison & Co
Oceana .....3507 Shanghai .....27-10 P & O S N Co
Strathfillan.....2816 Hilton .....W & A Graham & Co
Shahalum ...1918 Davison M'tins Shah S N Co of India
Shah Amcer...1921 Ledbetter ...Shah S N Co of India
Singapore ...2736 Taylor .....K Nixon & Co
Shah Nasir ...2555 Revill .....Shah S N Co of India
Shah Najam...2751 Foster .....Shah S N Co
Shah Nawaz...2523 Baldwin...Shah .....Shah S N Co
Schoufels...3610 Schroneider.....W & A Graham & Co
Strathspy.....2852 Osborn.....W & A G & Co
Vadala.....2164 Feevra.....M M & Co
Virawa.....2176 Emmett .....M M & Co
Wearmouth ...2339 Catto .....Bombay Co
Wearbeck.....2164 Fennre .....W & A G & Co
Varoonga.....1609 Bamber .....M M & Co
Yasa .....146 Mahomed.....Shah S N Co
Zembesi.....2415 Baker.....W & A G & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Sept. 25.
PRINCE'S DOCK.

| Vessel. | Ton. | Capt. | Dest. | Date. | Agents. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A Clan Sinclair | 3280 | Oliver | | | N F F Muir & Co |
| Clan Hall | 3203 | Learv | K'chi | 29-9 | K N & Co |
| D & E Caina | 3963 | MacCaibiam | Antwerp | 7-10 | M M & Co |
| F Barbara | 2791 | Peckham | Anwerp | 28-9 | M M & Co |
| G Islami | 1603 | Newly | Jeddah | 26-9 | Bo & P S N Co |
| H Mozaffari | 4387 | Molony | Jeddah | 1-10 | B & P S NCo |
| K Moshtari | 1110 | Gore | Busreh | 26-9 | Bo & P S N Co |
| L Bahadur | 329 | Fakeera | Repairing | | Bo S N Co Ld |
| M Delhi | 4383 | Andrews | S'ghai | 26-10 | P & OCo |
| N City of Agra | 3096 | Buck | L'pool | 28-9 | K N & Co |
| O Naderi | 1169 | Gray | Busreh | 4-10 | B & P S N Co |
| P Umsinga | 1869 | Robertson | M'borough | 3 10 | W&A G& Co |
| Q Reichstag | 1319 | Jacoboon | Zhauzibar | 4-10 | A Strandes |
| | | 30 ton crane. | | | |
| Aleppo | 2537 | Wing | Karachi | 9-10 | F Muir & Co |

H W P D

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Kaveri | 553 | Mohmed | B'nagar | 26-9 | B S N Co |
| Satranji | 547 | Hoosein | Karachi | 26-9 | Bo S N Co |
| Sabarmati | 524 | Mahomed | M'lore | 28-9 | Bo S N Co Ld |

M W D D

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ahmadi | 1640 | Hughes | Jeddah | 5-10 B & P S N Co |

VICTORIA DOCK.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Majidi | 1857 | Coates | | N F B & P S N Co |
| 3 St. Michael | 2419 | Parsell | Hull | 7-10 K N & Co |
| 5 Matin | 2433 | Archer | Genoa | 30-9 T Morrison & Co |
| 6 Africa | 2565 | Badessich | Trieste | 1-10 A L S NCo |
| 9 Marienfels | 3560 | Sandstedt | K'chi | 1-10 W & AG & Co |
| 10 & 11 Assaye | 4395 | Daniel | Shanghai | 29-9 P & O Co |
| 12 Egypt | 4178 | Summers | London | 26 9 P & O Co |
| 15 Kageshima Maru | 3372 | Arakawa | Kobe | 25-9 N Y K |
| 16 Alavi | 3324 | Hill | Jeddah | 10-10 B & P S N Co |

### ARRIVALS.

| Sept | Vessel. | Commander. | From |
|---|---|---|---|
| 25 | Arabia s | Leigh | London, Sept 4 |
| | Reichstag s | Jacobsen | M'dani, Sept 10 |
| | Aleppo s | Wing | Hull, Aug 9 |
| | Nawab s | Olsen | Calcutta, Aug 28 |
| | Virawa s | Emmett | Calcutta, Aug 23 |

### DEPARTURE.

| Sept | Vessel. | Commander. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 25 | Lhasa | McDiarmed | Karachi |

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Kageshima Maru, Arakawa, for Kobe, &c
" Moshtari, Gore, for Persian Gulf, &c.
" Schonfels, Schneider, for Calcutta, &c.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Aleppo, for Hull, &c.
" Reichstag, for Zanzibar, &c.
" Marienfels, for Karachi,
" Nawab, for Calcutta, &c.
" Garscube, for Barrow.

MADRAS.
ARRIVALS.

| Sept. | Vessel. | From |
|---|---|---|
| 14 | Nairn | Calcutta |
| 17 | Walhalla | Calcutta |
| 22 | Cambetwell | London |
| 22 | Tara | Rangoon |
| 22 | Pentakota | Negapatam |
| 23 | Taroba | Straits |

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY].

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Strathairly, left Liverpool for Colombo, Madras and Calcutta on the evening of the 22nd instant.

The City Line steamer Edinburgh, arrived at Suez from Calcutta on the evening of the 24th instant.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Lindsay, arrived at Suez from Colombo, Madras and Calcutta on the morning of the 22nd instant.

The Florio and Rubattino S N Co's steamer Rubattino, from Genoa left Suez on the 25th instant for Aden and Bombay.

The same Co's steamer Capri, from Hongkong left Singapore on the 25th instant for Penang and Bombay.

## DAILY EXPORTS—SEPT. 25.

FOR HULL.

St Michael s—110 cwts myrabollams, Ebjee Oomersey.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Umsinga s—1,000 cwts horns, J M Rehimtoola; 440 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 2,002 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Berbera s—20 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 339 bales cottonfly, C Heerji and Co; 220 bales cottonfly, E Spinner and Co; 110 bales cottonfly, A Moritz and Co.

St Michael s—102 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR HAMBURG.

Umsinga s—1,512 cwts myrabollams, Ebjee Oomersey; 754 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 110 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 220 bales cottonfly, N Peerbhoy; 499 cwts myrabollams, A Virjlal.

FOR BARROW (IN FURNACE).

Garscube s—6,100 tons manganese ore, R A Willis.

FOR TRIESTE.

Africa s—1,000 cwts teelseed, Shaw Wallace and Co: 165 cwts mother-of-pearl shell, M Jafferbhoy; 40 bales twist, Kahan and Kahan.

FOR VENICE.

Africa s—205 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR KOBE.

Assaye s—250 bales cotton, H N Madraswalla and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Assaye s—46 bales cotton, H N Madraswalla.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Assaye s—800 bales twist, The M B Kaisha.

## RELIEF TO SUFFERERS DURING THE RECENT BOMBAY DISTURBANCES.

The Committee, appointed at the meeting held at the Madhav Baug, on the 16th August 1908, for the purpose of organising a fund for the relief of the sufferers during the recent disturbances in Bombay, request the generous public of the city to liberally subscribe to the said fund. Subscriptions may be sent to (1) Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, President, Girgaum; (2) Mr. Soonderdas Narandas, at the office of Messrs. Dikshit, Dhanjisha and Soonderdas, Solicitors, Hummum Street, Fort; (3) The Manager, "Indu Prakash," Takurdwar.

The subscriptions will be duly acknowledged in the papers.

The following is the second list of subscriptions:—

| | Rs. | as. |
|---|---|---|
| Mr. Shantaram Narayn Dabholkar ... ... | 50 | 0 |
| Mr. Narayandas Thakersey and Annasaheb ... | 50 | 0 |
| Mr. Curumsey Damji ... ... ... ... | 50 | 0 |
| The staff of the Gokuldas Tejpal High School... | 26 | 12 |
| Mr. Harishandra Pandurang ... ... ... | 25 | 0 |
| Mr. Janardan Gopal Mantri ... ... ... | 25 | 0 |
| Mr. Tulsidas Morarji Ratansi ... ... ... | 25 | 0 |
| Mr. Ramji Ghamaji Rukare ... ... ... | 25 | 0 |
| Mr. Jivanlal Pannalal ... ... ... ... | 25 | 0 |
| Mr. Narayan V. Mandlik... ... ... ... | 25 | 0 |
| Mr. Tukaram Javji ... ... ... ... | 25 | 0 |
| Messrs. Padhye, Yande, Manerikar and Co, ... | 25 | 0 |
| Mr. Veerchand Deepchand ... ... ... | 25 | 0 |
| Prof. T. K. Gujjar ... ... ... ... | 25 | 0 |
| A Sympathiser ... ... ... ... | 20 | 0 |
| Mr. Heerachand Nemchand ... ... ... | 20 | 0 |
| Mr. Haridas Purshottam ... ... ... ... | 15 | 0 |
| Mr. Ganpatrao Godaji Kale ... ... ... | 10 | 0 |
| Mr. Narayan M. Samarth ... ... ... | 10 | 0 |
| Mr. Yeshvant M. Sanzgiri ... ... ... | 10 | 0 |
| Mr. Bhiva Ramji Nare ... ... ... ... | 10 | 0 |
| Mr. Krishnalal M. Javeri ... ... ... | 10 | 0 |
| Mr. Vithaldas Kanji ... ... ... ... | 5 | 0 |
| Mr. Vissonji Muljee ... ... ... ... | 5 | 0 |
| Mr. Gangadas Rangildas ... ... ... ... | 5 | 0 |
| Mr. Shankar Vishnu Puranik ... ... ... | 5 | 0 |
| Mr. Valabhadas V. Mehata ... ... ... | 2 | 0 |

N. B.—The figure put in against the name of Mr. Pragji Surji in the 1st list as Rs. 20 ought to have been Rs. 50.

LIST OF PERSONS HELPED.

The following is the list of sufferers who have been helped upto date, 20th September 1908:—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| (1) Govind Atmaram, age 28, of Chinchpokli, shot wound to eye, healed ... | 30 |
| (2) Laxman Ramji, Powar, age 25, Parel, shot wounds to stomach, healed ... | 25 |
| (3) Savlya Narayan, age 25, Ghodapdeo, two wounds to arm and hip healed ... | 25 |
| (4) Narayan Mukund Parab, age 13, Ghodapdev shot wound to nose ... | 15 |
| (5) Tukaram Vithu Ingle, age 18, Curry Road, Wounded leg amputated, as first instalment ... | 10 |
| (6) Parents and widow of Dhondu Sonu Teli, shot dead, age 25, Curry Road, first instalment ... | 30 |
| (7) Balaram Amre, age 17, Chinchpopli Road, shot wound to thigh healed ... | 25 |
| (8) Babu Krishna Gavli, age 23, Kala Chowky, wound to ribs healed ... | 25 |
| (9) Bala Sakharam Redkar, age 20, Kala Chowky, wound to leg, in Hospital, first instalment ... | 5 |
| (10) Sonya Pandu Vaikar, age 14, Curry Road, wound to thigh, healed ... | 20 |
| (11) Mahadu Pandu Kavle, age 15, Curry Road, thigh wound healed ... | 30 |
| (12) Krishna Ambaji, age 20, Curry Road, wrist-wound healed ... | 30 |
| (13) Bala Bhagya Nirgavai, age 18, Curry Road, thigh wound healing ... | 25 |
| (14) Krishna Vithu, age 25, Curry Road, six thigh shots healed ... | 30 |
| (15) Gyanu Naru Sinde, age 15, Curry Road, wound to thigh and leg healed ... | 30 |
| (16) Ramabai Bhiva Ghadi, age 60, Curry Road, leg-wound healed ... | 20 |
| (17) Ganu Absji Moorkar, age 40, Mahim Bazar, calf-wound healed ... | 20 |

Girgaum, Bombay } Bhalchandra Krishna,
25th September 1908. } President of the Committee

## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Rs. 2 for six lines, or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTHS.

ALEXANDER—Sept. 4, at Southfield, Duns, Berwickshire, the wife of Capt. A. C. B. Alexander, Seaforth Highlanders, of a son.

KING—Sept. 4, at 26 Victoria Park, Dover, Mrs. Patrick King, of a son.

MEEKING—Sept. 3, at 31 Belgrave Square, the wife of Lieut-Col Meeking, of a daughter.

SANDERS—Sept. 2, at Tor Dene, Chagford, Devon, the the wife of Major Guy Sanders, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

HUMPHRY—GRIFFIN—Sept. 2, at St. John's, Crowborough, Lawrence Humphry, Captain, Royal Army Medical Corps, of Poona, India, to Phyllis, daughter of Mr. Watson Griffin.

OLLIVANT—POWELL—Sept. 1, at the Parish Church, Knowsley, Edward, son of Col. E. A. Ollivant, late Royal Art, to Olive Caroline, daughter of the Rev. R. W. Powell, Rector of Escrick.

ROACH—GORDON—Sept 2, at St Cuthbert's Philbeach Gardens, Kensington, Horace Roach to Ivy Anna Wahab, daughter of Mr. Gordon, Bexhill.

DEATHS.

ANNESLEY—Sept. 6, at Barton Grove, Hungerford, Col. Algernon Sydney Arthur Annesley, son of the ten'h Viscount Valentia.

BOYLE—Sept. 4, at Marston, Bournemouth, Edmund Robarts Boyle, late of the Coldstream Guards, aged 62.

EBDEN—Sept. 4, at 17 All Saints Road, Clifton, Mary, wife of E. J. Ebden, Indian Civil Service, retired.

HAWTHORN—Sept. 2, at 14 Gay Street, Bath, Amy, widow of Col. Robert Hawthorn, R. E.

JONES—Sept. 3, at Sevenoaks, Richard Walker Jones, late Captain, Leinster Regt., aged 72.

LEFROY—Sept. 3, at the Provost's Lodgings, Queen's College, Oxford, Eva Margaret Isabella Lefroy, daughter of the late Capt. Benjamin Langlois, Lefroy, R. N.

ROE—Sept. 2, in London, Major Charles Fox Roe, of Litchurch, Derby, aged 63.

SACKVILLE—Sept. 3, at Knole, Sevenoaks, Lionel Sackville, Baron Sackville, aged 81.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

JENN—September 18, at Simla, to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Jenn, of a daughter.

MELLOR—September 13, at Gharial, the wife of Mr. W. E. Mellor, of a daughter.

TAYLOR—September 20, at Darjeeling, the wife of Mr. J. C. Taylor, of a son.

WATERFIELD—September 16 at Quetta, the wife of Major A. Waterfield, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

EDLMANN—LORNE CAMPBELL—September 19, at St. Luke's Church, Abbottabad, by the Rev. A. Cole, Chaplain, Captain Ernest Elliot Edlmann, D. S. O., Royal Artillery, son of the late Major J. E. Edlmann, 1st (King's) Dragoon Guards, to Evelyn, daughter of Major-General Lorne Campbell, C. B., Indian Army, (retired).

DEATHS.

FRANSZ—September 21, at Portuguese Church Street, Georgetown, Madras, Mrs. Catherine Franszy, the wife of Mr. Edward Simon Franszy, Lawyer's Clerk, of cholera, aged 43 years.

SMITH—September 9, at Lahore, Arthur Henry, Punjab Railway Police, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Smith of Quetta, aged 22 years.

H. T. BINKS.
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

## BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 28m.; Sun sets, 6h. 33m.; High water, 11-47m.; Low water, 5-29m., 5-51s.

Morarji Goculdas Spinning and Weaving Company, Tamarind Lane 4-40 p. m.

Bazar, Y. M. C. A. Hall, 4-30 p.m. to 7-30 p.m.

Bandmann's Hippodrome: Bandmann Comedy Company, 9-30 p. m.

Grand Promenade Concert, Massed Bands, Cooperage, 9-30 p. m.

Cricket, Bombay Gymkhana "A" Team vs. Islam. "B" Team vs. Fort and Proprietary School.

Rovers Tournament.—East Lancs vs. R. Scots' tie to be replayed Cooperage, 5 30 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 6h. 29m. Sun sets, 6h. 32m. High water, 6-7m., 6-11s. Low water, 6-1m., 6-17s.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Monday, September 28.—Arrival of Sir George Clarke, Victoria Terminus, 10-50 a.m. Public meeting to honour memory of the late Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., Town Hall, H. E. the Governor presiding, 6 p.m. Bandmann's Hipprodrome, Bandmann Comedy Company, 9-30 p. m. Sun rises, 6h. 29m.; Sun sets, 6h. 31m.; High water, 6-38m., 0-38s.; Low water, 6-32m., 6-43s.

Tuesday, September 29.—Special Convocation, Bombay University, for conferring degree of Doctor of Laws on the Hon. Mr. F. G. Selby by H. E. the Chancellor, 5-45 p. m. Bandmann's Hippodrome, Bandmann Comedy Co., 9-30 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 29m.; Sun sets, 6h. 30m.; High water, 1-10m., 1-7s.; Low water, 7-2m., 7-10s.

Wednesday, September 30.—Meeting of Bombay University Senate and Convocation for conferring degrees, 5-45 p.m. Volkart's United Press Company, 7 Marine Street, 3 p.m. Bandmann's Hippodrome: Bandmann Comedy Company, 9-30 p.m. Municipal Standing Committee, 4-9 p.m. Departure of Sir George Clarke, Victoria Terminus, 8-15 a.m. Gymkhana Mounted Sports. Sun rises, 6h. 29m.; Sun sets, 6h. 29m.; High water, 1-45m., 1-38s.; Low water, 7-32m., 7-40s.

Thursday, October 1.—Khatau Makanji Spinning and Weaving Company, Oriental Buildings, 4 p.m Bandmann's Hippodrome: Bandmann Comedy Company, 9-30 p. m. Sun rises, 6h. 30m.; Sun sets, 6h. 28m. High water, 2 25m., 2-14s.; Low water, 8-6m., 8-17s.

MUSIC AT THE FOOTBALL MATCH.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel R. E. Pigott V. D., and officers, the Band of the 1st Bn. B. B. and C. I. Ry. Volunteer Rifle Corps will play a programme of music at the football match this evening, under the direction of Mr. H. C. Dane, commencing at 5-30 p. m.

THE ROSARY CHURCH, MAZAGON.—The Novena preparatory for the titular feast of the above Church began yesterday (Friday). Novena Masses at 6-30 and 7 a. m. Sunday 6-30 and 8-30 a.m. Every evening at 7 Rosary, Instruction and Benediction. On Saturday the 3rd proximo at 7 p.m. Solemn Vespers. On Sunday the 4th, the feast day, there will be Masses at 6, 7 and 8 a.m. and Pontifical High Mass with Solemn Benediction at 9-30 a.m.

REPORTED THEFT.—Mr. Abdul Karim Mahomed, residing in the Dilkush at Grant Road, has made a report to the police that on the night of the 23rd instant he retired at 10 p.m., after closing the doors and windows of his room. At 6 a.m., on Thursday he was informed by his malee that two trunks were lying broken open. The trunks were removed from his room and ornaments of the value of Rs. 1,440 carried away from them.

DEATH OF A HINDU LAD.—The adjourned inquiry regarding the circumstances touching the death of Dhaku Gopal, a Hindu boy, aged 15, was resumed by Mr. Chalk, the Coroner, at the Morgue yesterday. Alfred Hodgson, Motor Inspector in the service of the Tramway Company, said that on the 9th instant he was standing on the rear-foot board of the tram car, when he saw the deceased running past the tram car. Deceased, as he ran across the road behind the tram car, ran into the side of a motor car and fell. Witness jumped off the tram car and went to see what had occurred. The motor car had already stopped. It stopped within three or four yards of the deceased. A gentleman, whom witness since came to know was Captain Liston, came up to the deceased from the motor car, bandaged the deceased, put him into his motor and took him to the J. J. Hospital. The deceased was conscious. The motor car was going in the opposite direction to the tram car, and it was on the left hand side of the road. It had its lights and it was sounding its horn. Witness could not say what speed it was going at. It could not have been going fast as it pulled up within three or four yards. Witness thought it was the boy's fault. The tram car hid the boy from the motor car driver. Further inquiry was adjourned.

ENTERTAINMENT AT PAREL CONVENT.—On the 24th inst, at 5-30 p.m., the children of the Convent, Parel, gave a Musical Soiree in their school-room, which was tastefully decorated for the occasion. The party was given by the children, as a farewell to the Lady Superior, Mere des Anges, who proceeds to Europe early next week. There was a large gathering of parents, and friends; and the theatre was simply packed during the performance. The programme, a fairly long one, was well rendered, and everything went off without a hitch. Special mention is due to those who took part in the Tableaux Mouvants, violin duet and hoop drill. The Operatta, "Little Parlez-Vouz," was well staged, and proved an excellent object lesson for beginners learning French. All were in holiday attire, and the pretty dresses and bright, happy faces of the children made a scene worth remembering. The Rev. Mother is to be congratulated on her efficient staff, and the system of training that produces such excellent results. During the time the Superior Mere des Anges, has been in charge, she has endeared herself to the little ones, and made many friends in this country who join in wishing her Bon Voyage.

## ST. ANNE'S TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

THE annual general meeting of the St. Anne's Temperance Society was held last evening, the Very Rev. Father Pera, Vicar-General and Governor of the Diocese of Damaun presiding.

Father Dias, Director of the Society, read the report, which referred to the growth of the Society which, from an obscure beginning, had grown into an influential organisation. He appealed to all to help the Society vigorously so as to assist in the work of fighting intemperance. The Society had been carrying on its work with vigour and enthusiasm.

Resolutions were passed re-affirming the Society's conviction that total abstinence was the proper and truly efficacious remedy for the very great evil of intemperance: appealing all, of whatever race or class, European and Indian, to unite with the Society to stem the threatening wave of intemperance; and for the protection of children, condemning the custom of serving intoxicating drinks on the family table. It was also resolved to address His Holiness the Pope a letter of congratulation on his forthcoming Sacredotal Jubilee. A few more resolutions were then passed regarding total abstinence. The address to the Pope requested His Holiness to give his blessing on the Society, and to honour it with a Brief in favour of total abstinence.

The Chairman then addressed the meeting, extolling the work of the Society and wishing it success.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

FOR Health, Beauty and Luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which Lady Constance Howard writes,—"Is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy, Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap" see that the Name and Figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by Chemists, Grocers etc.

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# LEGAL INTELLIGENCE

## HIGH COURT.

### DEALINGS IN BOMBAY COTTON SEED.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod, presiding on the Original side of the Bombay High Court yesterday, gave judgment in the suit brought by Messrs. Worman and Co., by their constituted attorney, Mr. Emil Schumachar, against the firm of Meghji Wallabhdas, in which the plaintiffs prayed judgment for Rs. 2,893-12-0 with interest from 19th September 1907 until payment. Mr. Kirkpatrick and Mr. Weldon, instructed by Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanji, and Romer appeared for the plaintiffs. The Hon. Mr. Jardine and Mr. J. D. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Kanga and Patel, appeared for the defendants. The plaintiffs in the case are N. Joachimson, J. Joachimson, and S. Joachimson, residing in Hamburg, and doing the business of merchants in Meadow Street, under the name and style of Worman and Co., by their constituted attorney, Mr. Emil Schumachar. The defendants carry on the business of seed merchants at Musjid Bunder.

The plaintiffs stated that, by a contract of sale dated 3rd April 1907, signed by the defendants' firm, they sold through the plaintiffs for shipment to Hull 200 tons of cotton seed of fair average quality at the price of 103s. per ten less 2 per cent., subject to the terms and conditions mentioned in the contract including the corporation of the terms of contract form of the London Incorporated Oil-seed Association, and guaranteeing the weight, quality and refraction of the goods at the port of destination, and agreeing to pay the arbitration charges, allowances, and short weight, by a similar contract, bearing the same date, defendants sold for delivery to Hull 100 tons of cotton seed goods under the same terms and conditions. On the arrival of the goods at the port of destination, they were found to be short in weight and of inferior quality, and were surveyed by arbitrators, and an allowance of 8s. 9d. per ton was awarded against the vendors in respect of the 200 tons of cotton seed; and an allowance of 6s. 9d. per ton was awarded in respect of the 100 tons contract. Defendants requested plaintiffs to wire to their home friends to re-sample and appeal against the awards. This was done, but the re-sampling was impossible. Appeals against the awards were preferred, but were rejected, and the awards were confirmed. Plaintiffs sent to defendants' accounts showing an aggregate sum of Rs. 2,898-12-0 payable to plaintiffs under the guarantee and demanded payment. Defendants did not pay and demanded inspection of documents, which was given.

The defendants by their written statement, denied that the plaintiffs carried out their instructions, or that it was impossible for them to do so. They further said that, if it was impossible to carry out their instructions, such impossibility was due to the neglect and default of the plaintiffs. The defendant Meghji Vallabhdas said that the plaintiffs were the agents of the defendants and were remunerated for so acting by payment of a commission of 2 per cent on the price of the goods sold through them. They acted or were bound to act throughout the transactions as such agents. Defendants denied that they ever sold the goods to the plaintiffs.

His Lordship, in his judgment, remarked that there was no provision in the rules for re-sampling and it was obvious from the nature of the business that the re-sampling would be impossible after the goods had been delivered. It might be that there was some misunderstanding between Mr. Schumachar and the defendant, but his Lordship did not think it probable. At any rate, if there was his Lordship was satisfied that defendant alone was responsible for it. There was nothing to show that the 300 tons were not adjudicated upon on their merits. If the plaintiffs claimed to be purchasers in Bombay contrary to the wording of the contract, their claim on the defendants' guarantee must fail on the understanding that plaintiffs were acting as agents. A little forethought might have obviated this unfortunate litigation. It was most important that when parties entered into commercial transactions on terms reduced to writing, they should be held bound to the plain meaning of the words of the contract. His Bordship on the issues found that the contract goods were short in weight and inferior in quality when they arrived at the port of destination. The goods were surveyed by arbitrators according to the terms of the contract sued on, in which were included the terms of the Incorporated Oil Seeds Association contract. The defendants' instructions were carried out by the plaintiffs. Appeals and proceedings were held under the conditions of the contract. The arbitration proceedings were binding on the plaintiffs who were agents for the sale of the defendants' goods. The plaintiffs were bound to act as agents for the defendants, and were bound to account to the defendants for all the dealings in question. The defendants were liable for the charges incurred by the plaintiffs on their account. The question of accounts was left to be settled by the parties. Final decree and question of costs reserved.

## LAND IN DISPUTE AT WORLI.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Knight, presiding in the Bombay High Court, Original Side, yesterday, gave judgment in the suit Mahomed Ibrahim Saku Mian against Abdula Alisahib Koor and another.

His Lordship said that the plaintiff sought to recover possession of a piece of land at Worli, on the ground that it had been conveyed in gift in 1877 by the defendant to the father of the plaintiff, and of which the donee, and subsequently others on his behalf, enjoyed possession. Shortly before the suit plaintiff had been deprived of the possession. True, the piece was given to the plaintiff's father in 1877; but neither the plaintiff nor anyone on his behalf, had possession of it within twelve years of the suit. Defendants had no adverse possession of the land for more than twelve years. At the point of possession, plaintiff's case broke down completely, the evidence on the opposite side being overwhelming. So far back as 1867, there were tenants on the land; they, or their descendants, continued on it to the present day, paying rent to the defendant throughout. In the eighties, the "Dargah," standing upon the land, was repaired by the defendant, at his own charge; the "Muzavvar" or keeper at first, and latterly, the defendant himself, were occupying the "Dargah," or sacred place continuously; and the "Bhaya" put there by the plaintiff was evicted. Plaintiff had failed to show possession in himself; but his opponent, on the other hand, had proved his continuous possession and occupation, both effectively and exclusively, during the thirty years, that had elapsed since the date of the conveyance. The suit was dismissed.

## A PECULIAR SYSTEM OF AGENCY BUSINESS.

### Judgment of the Appeal Court.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and the Hon. Mr. Justice Batchelor, sitting in the Appeal Court on the Original side of the Bombay High Court, have disposed of an appeal relating to the "Pakki Adatt" system of agency business, in the suit of Kedarmul Bhutramal, appellant and plaintiff, against Surajmul Govindram, respondent and defendant. The principal question in the suit was whether the money payable under the contract between appellant, who was the principal in Bombay, and the respondent, who was his agent in Akola was money payable in Bombay, so that the cause of action might be said to have arisen partly in Bombay. Mr. Bahadurji, and the Hon. Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Wadia Ghandi and Co., appeared for the appellant-plaintiff, Mr. Robertson and Mr. Weldon, instructed by Messrs. Dixit, Dhunjishah and Sunderdas, appeared for the respondent-defendant.

The appellant-plaintiff's allegation was, that he was the Bombay constituent, respondent-defendant being his Pakka Adattia at Akola. The preliminary issue raised in the case was, where was the money payable; in Bombay, or in Akola? Appellant-plaintiff contended it was payable in Bombay: respondent-defendant affirmed that it was payable in Akola. Then arose the question as to the custom, and evidence was recorded on the head by the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty, who heard the original suit. That learned Judge gave his decision in favour of the respondent-defendant, against which the plaintiff filed the present appeal. Both the Judges in appeal delivered judgments in the matter recording their reasons for reversing the decision of Mr. Justice Batty on the ground of the analysis of the evidence tendered on custom. The issue of payment being a preliminary one, their Lordships remanded the case to the Court below to be tried on its merits, now that the preliminary point was disposed of.

Mr. Justice Chandavarkar, in disposing of the appeal, observed, that the question in the case was: Whether the custom set up by the plaintiff, was proved? Mr. Justice Batty, holding it not proved, decided that the suit did not lie; firstly, upon the ground that the witnesses for the plaintiff and for the defendant had proved that the constituent should be paid the money due to him by the "Pakka Adattia" at the place he desired; secondly the plaintiff not having given directions on that point, no part of the cause of action arose within the jurisdiction of the Bombay High Court. It must be observed at the outset that to some extent, Mr. Justice Batty had misapprehended most of the evidence on the custom set up by the plaintiff; the version he had given of some of the evidence was plainly different from what the witnesses had actually said. A careful perusal of the evidence of the plaintiff's witness had satisfied Mr. Justice Chandavarkar, that the effect of the evidence summarised by Mr. Justice Batty was not the correct description of what the witnesses had said. The net result of the evidence correctly read was, that primarily, the place of payment was the place where the constituent resided, which, in the present case, was Bombay; but the payment should be made in any other place, if the constituent had chosen to give directions to that effect. The net result of the evidence for the defendant was, that it was much weaker than that of the plaintiff's witnesses. The latter were substantially supported by two of the defendants' witnesses, Ramvallabh and Rama nand. Upon the whole then, the conclusion was, that the weight of the evidence was in support of the custom set up by the plaintiff. Had Mr. Justice Batty apprehended the evidence correctly, he would have come to the same conclusion. For these reasons, and for others which his Lordship gave, the decree of the Court below must be reversed. As this was a preliminary point tried in the Court below, the suit must be remanded now for trial on its merits. Certain costs were awarded to the plaintiff.

Mr. Justice Batchelor, in agreeing with his learned colleague, said that the case depended entirely on its own evidence. Did that evidence show that the money was payable in Bombay, or did it show only that the money was payable where the principal, the creditor, elected to be paid? In his Lordship's opinion, it showed, that the money was payable in Bombay, with a discretion to the principal to select some other place of payment, if he chose. In considering this evidence, which had been reviewed at length by his learned colleague, one ought to bear in mind that the witnesses were men of business, and not lawyers. If under the stress of cross-examination, therefore, their ideals upon the critical point appeared to be rather less clear-cut than could be desired, that circumstance was not sufficient in itself to dispel or remove the general weight of their testimony. The payability of the sum in Bombay was a term tacitly imported by the parties into this contract. The contract embodied two stipulations: one, that the money should be payable in Bombay; two, that the agent should be entitled to deduct the charges on account of remittance, exchange, and interest.

## THE EUCHARISTIC CONGRESS.

London, September 11.

The nineteenth International Eucharistic Congress—the greatest gathering of Roman Catholic prelates and clergy ever brought together in London, even if we take into account the days before the reformation—assembled on September 9.

The members of the Congress number 7,500, and include seven cardinals, fifteen archbishops, about seventy bishops, twenty abbots, and a host of minor clergy and laymen. But this takes no count of the tens of thousands of loyal laymen who will gather from all parts of Great Britain to attend the public services and meetings. At the head of the visitors is the Papal Legate, Cardinal Vincenzo Vannutelli president of the Congress. His coming is in the nature of an epoch-making event, since he is the first Papal delegate to England since the Reformation. During his visit he is the guest of the Archbishop of Westminster. His Eminence is a man of imposing presence, tall and erect, with a friendly smile rarely absent from his strong clearly-cut, clean-shaven face. In Rome he is most popular, especially with the poor, and there are generally crowds to see him leave a church, and to receive his blessing. This is his second visit to Great Britain, his first being some four years ago, when he represented the Pope at the opening of the new Armagh Cathedral. The Cardinal was born in 1836, at Genazzano, a small town about thirty miles from Rome. Ordained in 1860 he was appointed professor of theology in the Vatican Seminary, and in 1867 became assistant Secretary of State to Pius IX. As Apostolic Delegate to Constantinople and Archbishop of Sardi, he represented the Holy See at Moscow at the coronation of the Czar, and later became Nuncio at Lisbon. On his return to Rome in 1890 he was proclaimed Cardinal. Ten years later he became a Cardinal Bishop, and it is a unique circumstance that a similar office is held by his elder brother.

No visitor will be more popular than Cardinal Gibbens, Archbishop of Baltimore, who is said to be the most popular clergyman in the United States. Born at Baltimore in 1834, he was brought over to his parents' old home in Ireland for his early education, and, after further training, was ordained priest in America in 1861. In 1868 he became Bishop of North Carolina, and after holding other high offices was appointed Archbishop of Baltimore in 1877. Created Cardinal in 1886, he was the first American to take part in the election of the Pope, having assisted in the Conclave which elected the present occupant of the chair of St. Peter. He will preach at the Pontifical High Mass at Westminster on Sunday, September 13.

It would be hard to find a man more typical of all that is best and most lovable in the Irish priesthood than Cardinal Logue, Archbishop of Armagh, and Primate of All Ireland. Born in Donegal in 1840, he was for some time Professor of Theology at the Irish College, Parish. Returning in 1874 to his native land, he engaged in mission work till appointed Bishop of Donegal in 1879. During the time of famine he raised in one year nearly 30,000l. for his starving fellow-countrymen. Appointed Archbishop in 1888, he was created Cardinal in 1893, the first Primate of All Ireland to hold the office. He assisted at the foundation-stone laying of Westminster Cathedral.

Other Cardinals who are present are the Archbishops of Toledo, Milan, Mechlin, and Cardinal [illegible]

Much of the vast preliminary work of the Congress has been in the hands of Archbishop Bourne, of Westminster, president of the General Committee who has had as vice-presidents the Duke of Norfolk, the Marquess of Ripon, and the English bishops. The Archbishop is a Londoner of the Londoners, having been born at Clapham in 1861, and educated at St. Edmund's College, Hammersmith. Training at Paris and Louvain fitted him for the priest-hood, which he entered at Southwark in 1884. Work at Blackheath, Mortlake, and East Grinstead followed. At the early age of thirty-five he became titular Bishop of Epiphania and coadjutor to Bishop Butt, whom he succeeded as head of the Southwark Diocese in 1897. On the death of Cardinal Vaughan in 1903, he was appointed to Westminster, although then the youngest bishop in England.

A striking figure is that of Bishop Brindle, of Nottingham, who as Army chaplain in Egypt won the D. S. O. for bravery in the field at the battles of Atbara and Khartoum.

A noteworthy speaker is H. R. H. Prince Max of Saxony, brother of the reigning King, who gives addresses in English and French on "The Teaching of St. John of Chrysostom on the Blessed Eucharist." The royal cleric, who is a domestic prelate of the Vatican, worked for some time at the German Church in Whitechapel, and made himself very popular among the poor of the East End. Both in London and Paris he has won fame as a preacher, eloquence and personal charm giving him great power over his congregations.

Music and literature are represented by Sir Charles Santly and Mr. Hilaire Belloc, M.P., two devoted Catholic laymen, who are to address the great meeting for men at the Albert Hall. Other lay speakers are Lord Llandaff and the Hon. Frank Russell, M.P.

The imagination will be seized by the procession of 15,000 children, which will assemble on the Embankment to-morrow, Sept. 12, march past the Archbishop of Westminster's house for review by the Cardinals, and proceed to the Cathedral for a special service. The other great open-air procession is to be on the following day, and the Duchess of Norfolk, has appealed to all Catholics living on the route to decorate their houses. French Catholics, who are forbidden by French law to carry flowers in their own religious processions, are sending huge quantities to London for this occasion. So great is the number of flowers to be forwarded that a special boat and a special train have been chartered to bring them to London. The streets are to be lined by a guard of honour of 15,000 laymen from all over the United Kingdom.

An impressive feature of the Congress will be the celebration to-morrow, September 12, of the Holy Liturgy in Westminster Cathedral according to the Byzantine Rite. A number of the Assumptionist Fathers have made the long journey from Stamboul to London in order to take part. No trouble is being spared to present this ancient rite for the first time in London as far as Uniates are concerned with the dignity it deserves. The Very Rev. Arsenios Atiyeh, who will be the celebrant, will wear a cross, ring, epigonation, and the great black veil that produces so striking an effect. A temporary screen will be fitted up across the chancel; all the vestments, vessels, and instruments have been procured, and the altar, prothesis, and diakonikon will be vested and arranged strictly according to the Bazantine Rites. It is expected that Prince Max of Saxony will read the Epistle.

Some idea of the Cosmopolitan character of the Congress may be gathered from the fact that arrangements have been made for confessions to be heard in French, German, Spanish, Italian, Flemish, Maltese, Portuguese, and Gaelic at one or another of the 134 Roman Catholic missions in London. An excursion will be made to Canterbury on September 14.

Cardinal Vincenzo Vannutelli, the Papal Legate, who reached England on Sept. 8, has given a concise and authoritative statement of his views on the Congress. The present Congress, he says, is especially important for two reasons—first, London, being the centre of so great a power as the British Empire will be likely to attract both clergy and laity in large numbers from all parts of the world. Secondly the holding of the Congress in London furnishes a direct and palpable proof of the system of liberty enjoyed by English subjects in exercising their opinions. For this reason the Pope is sending a Cardinal Legate to express the sympathy, benevolence, and admiration which he entertains for the British nation. His Eminence emphasised the fact that the discussions of the Congress would be confined to questions of a purely religious character. There was no political intent in holding the Congress in England, and he denied an assertion that has been made that there was an intention to enter upon the subject of the Pope's temporal power.

The Congress was opened on the evening of Sept. 9 by a solemn religious service in Westminster Cathedral. All the prelates and clergy attending the Congress were present, and the Cathedral was filled with an immense congregation. The Legate was received in state at the great door by the Archbishop o Westminster and conducted to the high alter, attended by a procession of all the cardinals, archbishops, bishops, and abbots. The Apostolic Letters from the Pope appointing Cardinal Vincenzo Vannutelli to attend the Congress as Legate were first read, and his Eminence then delivered an address in Latin. He spoke of the satisfaction of the Holy See with the holding of the Congress in London, and expressed the special interest of the Pope in England, his high appreciation of the character and qualities of the English people, and his great affection for them. His Holiness hoped that the result of the Congress would be the union of all his people in one fold. Archbishop Bourne then entered the pulpit and speaking in English welcomed the Legate to England in the name of the Roman Catholic Community. The service concluded with the Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

### PROTESTANTS AND THE PROCESSION.

A private meeting of the London Council of fifty-one United Protestant societies was held at the National Club on Sept. 8 to consider the procession in honour of the Blessed Sacrament, arranged for Sunday, the 13th. From particulars furnished we take the following:—

The meeting adopted a petition to the King, which was ordered to be telegraphed to Rufford Abbey. The receipt of this petition has been acknowledged.

After the meeting, three members were elected—Mr. Charles McArthur, M.P., Mr. Benjamin Nicholson, and Mr. Henry Miller—to interview the Under Secretary of State for the Home Department.

The following telegram was sent to 400 peers and members of Parliament:—"Fifty-one Protestant societies assembled in meeting in London this afternoon, fearing that the Roman Catholic procession on Sunday next may cause riot and even bloodshed, earnestly request that you will at once wire to the Home Office asking that the carrying of the Host may be forbidden.—Henry Miller, Hon. Sec. 14 Buckingham Street, Strand."

It was also resolved:—"That the statute law of England having expressly restricted the exercise of any of the rites or ceremonies of the Roman Catholic religion to the 'usual places of worship,' it is a duty incumbent upon the responsible advisers of the King to prevent any deliberate public breach of the law by foreign cardinals, papal legates, or native-born ecclesiastics. 'The Pope of Rome hath no jurisdiction in these realms'; and is not entitled to send a legate into this country. Yet it is publicly announced that on Sunday, Sept. 13, a procession of the 'Host' will take place in the streets of London, accompanied by the persons aforesaid, at which adoration will be publicly offered to the 'Host' for purposes of worship; and that large numbers of Roman Catholics are about to be brought up from the country to assist in this public act of idolatry. A precedent will thus be created for the open violation of the laws of the realm, which for more than 300 years have declared these practices illegal, and were so declared by royal proclamation of June 15, 1552, although the restriction of all such public ceremonies to the 'usual places of worship' does in no way interfere with the fullest exercise of all the usages which Roman Catholics are required by their religion to adopt. Such dishonour done to the religion which has made England great is eminently calculated to provoke a breach of the peace, and his Majesty's Ministers will be responsible for any disastrous consequences which may ensue from their connivance at a deliberate breach of the known law, which foreign ecclesiastics seem now bent on deliberately violating. For these reasons we call upon the Government to forbid the carrying of the 'Host' in the public streets of London."

The Kensit Crusade and the Protestant Alliance have jointly organised a service to take place in Caxton Hall, Westminster, on Sunday evening after the Congress procession, the declared object being to enable Protestants to form themselves into a solemn league and covenant to reaffirm steadfast adherence to Bible Christianity and unitedly to resist the encroachments of Rome. The bills announcing the meeting are headed "Protestant England's Answer to the Roman Mass Congress." The Kensit Crusade has also issued thousands of specially prepared tracts on the Congress which will be distributed along the route of next Sunday's procession.

A circular letter has also been issued by Mr. Charles McArthur and Mr. Henry Miller, in which they say:—"No one objects to the members of the Roman Church holding public congresses or to their performing any of the services of their Church within their own places of worship But the very Act of Emancipation (10 Geo. IV., c. 7, 1829) which gave to Roman Catholic subjects of the Crown a full share in all the privileges of citizenship expressly excluded the ceremonial display of the peculiarities of their religious worship, or even of the ritual dress of their clergy in the public streets. . . . This ostentatious violation of the law is intended to assert a right on the part of Roman Catholics to treat the Emancipation Act, and indeed any Act of Parliament of which their clergy disapprove, as 'a dead letter.'"

### HOME.

The proceedings of the Eucharistic Congress began with High Mass, which drew to Westminster Cathedral a vast congregation of people of all nationalities. The Congress afterwards meet in three sections, two English and one French, and the papers read were upon various aspects of the theme of the meeting the Holy Eucharist. Lord Llandaff introduced the subject of the Royal Declaration against Transubstantiation, and expressed the hope that before long some fresh attempt would be made to get rid of the Declaration, which he described as a relic of barbarism. The Duke of Norfolk spoke upon the same subject, and said he believed the majority of people would like to see the Declaration abolished. In the evening there was a great meeting in the Albert Hall, at which Cardinal Vincenzo Vannutelli, the Papal Legate, presided. Two resolutions were passed, one urging the promotion of devotion to the Blessed Sacrament, the second containing a declaration of fealty to the Holy See, The latter resolution was acknowledged by the Papal legate, who spoke of the delight that these proceedings would afford to the Pope, and concluded with an expression of the hope that their erring brothers would return to the ancient faith of this land.

## THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 25.

The cyclonic storm in the Bay is now at a short distance east of Cocanada, but it is uncertain whether it will cross coast or curve northward though from evidence available, the latter is more probable. The storm has given nearly general rain but thick clouds in the North Madras Coast and the Deccan, excluding the northern Districts, the rainfall being heavy in places.

In Deltaic Bengal, Chota Nagpur and Orissa, the rainfall has been local, but clouds have again decreased and skies are only lightly clouded over the greater part of North-East India.

There has also been nearly general rain in Burma and on the Konkan Coast.

The principal rainfall amounts are—Diamond Island and Minbu, two inches; Yamethin and False Point, one; Chaibassa and Gopalpur, one and a half; Vizagapatam, Coconada and Raichur, three; Kurnool and Bijapur, two; Goa and Mormugoa, one and a half; Madras and Masulipatam, one.

Humidity is still in defect in the Central parts of the country, the United Provinces and Gujarat; temperature is in excess in Bihar and the adjacent Districts.

Forecast.—Nearly general rain is probable in Lower Burma, Orissa, the Deccan and on the North Madras Coast and local rain in Upper Burma and Deltaic Bengal.

### RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

| | Esplanade Byculla In Cts | Fort In Cts | Colaba. In Cts In Cts |
|---|---|---|---|
| Previously registered..... | 72·69 | 69·28 | 69·55 52·40 |
| Friday, 25th September | 0·32 | 0·72 | 0·57 0·31 |
| Total..... | 75·01 | 70·00 | 70·12 52·70 |
| Up to same date last year... | 92·17 | 97·00 | 98·05 99·46 |

### CUMBALLA HILL.

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ld.

September 25.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

| Station. | Last 24 hours. | Total to date. | Corpdg. Total 1906. | Corpdg. Total 1907. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | In. cts. | In. cts. | In. cts. | In cts. |
| Cumballa Hill... | 0·12 | 63 44 | 46 79 | 90·23 |

### BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 25TH SEPTEMBER, 1908.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 25th September, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear and humidity has decreased at Delhi but is in excess at Lahore and Sirsa. Day temperature has risen in the south-east and is in slight excess at Delhi, and also during night temperature has risen and is normal except for a slight defect at Ambala. Winds are south-easterly at Lahore and Ambala and north-easterly at Delhi.

The Upper Provinces.—Light cloud has appeared at Agra and Jhansi, but humidity is much below the average. Day temperature is in slight excess of normal at Mainpuri and Allahabad, while temperature during night is in defect at Cawnpore and Mainpuri. Winds are easterly at Cawnpore and north-westerly in other places except for calms at Agra and Allahabad.

Sind and Rajputana.—Light cloud has appeared at Ajmer. Humidity has risen in Sind and at Jaipur and decreased at Kotah. Temperature is normal except for an excess at Jaipur during day. Winds are westerly to northerly. Calms prevail at Ajmer and Kotah.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded over the division except in Central India West. The moisture in the air is generally below the average. Day temperature continues to remain above normal, while night temperature is in defect at Indore. Winds are southerly to north-westerly except at Dwarka and Indore where it is calm.

The Central Provinces.—Cloud has decreased at Jubbulpore and Hoshangabad and skies are now lightly or moderately clouded there. The air contains generally less amount of moisture than usual. Temperature is normal except for an excess in the maximum at Khandwa and Akola and a defect in minimum at Hoshangabad. Winds are north-westerly to easterly generally. Calms are reported from Jubbulpore and Hashangabad.

The Konkan.—Nearly general rain has fallen. Mormugao reports 1·41inches and Bombay 0·30inch and Karwar light showers. Cloud has generally decreased and the skies are still moderately to heavily clouded at Mormugao and Karwar. Humidity and temperature are normal. Winds are easterly over the greater part of the division.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been general. Bijapur received 2·27 inches, Sholapur 0·83 inch and Hyderabad 0·89 inch. Cloud has decreased and skies are now moderately to heavily clouded. The air has become damper and humidity is in excess at Sholapur. Temperature is normal except for an excess in the maximum at Malegaon. Winds are westerly or north-westerly over the greater part of the division.

General Remarks.—The barometer has fallen on the Coromandal Coast and pressure is relatively low at Masulipatam and Madras where the deficiency exceeds one-tenth of an inch due probably to the westward advance of a depression from the Bay.

Nearly general rain has fallen in the Peninsula.

General rain is probable over the greater part of the Peninsula.

A few isolated falls may occur in the south-east portion of the Central Provinces.

P. and O. Mail Steamer Report.—Mail Steamer s.s. "Arabia," which left Aden on the 20th, experienced up to longitude 52° E light variable winds and fine; thence to longitude 58° E. gentle to moderate south-westerly winds, heavy dew and occasional cloudy; thence to Longitude 64° E. light variable winds and slight south-westerly swell. At 8 a.m. yesterday in Longitude 67° E. squally with rain accompanied by thunder and lightning; to her arrival in port this morning, gentle to moderate variable winds and overcast sky.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorologist Bombay.

### METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Appended in Friday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

| Names of Stations. | Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours. | Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours. | Rainfall past 24 hours. | Rainfall since 1st June to date. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rushire (24th) | 93·1 | 81·6 | ... | 0·00 |
| Jask (24th) | 89· 8 | 7·.8 | ... | ... |
| Muskat (24th) | 89·3 | 78·1 | ... | 0·00 |
| Multan | 99·3 | 74·0 | ... | 8·53 |
| awalpindi | 91·9 | ? | ... | 43·16 |
| Lahore | 96·4 | 68·2 | ... | 30·40 |
| Sirsa | 101·3 | 72·6 | ... | 21·04 |
| Ambala | 95·5 | 67·0 | ... | 17·00 |
| Delhi | 97·2 | 75·2 | ... | 37·60 |
| Agra | 96 6 | 74·6 | ... | 32·89 |
| Mainpuri | 98·3 | 68·5 | ... | 24·78 |
| Jhansi | 95·6 | 76·0 | ... | 34·61 |
| Cawnpore | 96·9 | 70·0 | ... | 32·40 |
| Allahabad | 96·6 | 75·5 | ... | 32·44 |
| Jacobabad | 105·1 | 69·8 | ... | 2·80 |
| Karachi | 88·0 | 75·5 | ... | 5·61 |
| Ajmer | 92·4 | 69·2 | ... | 33·11 |
| Jaipur | 98·7 | 71·6 | ... | 35·61 |
| Kotah | 96 0 | 74·1 | ... | 39·62 |
| Bhuj | 98·6 | 76·0 | ... | 11·45 |
| Dwarka | 88·8 | 81·2 | ... | 13·35 |
| Veraval | 91·2 | 79·8 | ... | 21·13 |
| Rajkot | 99 9 | 75·7 | ... | 17·93 |
| Bhavnagar Para | 98·6 | 77·5 | ... | 23·96 |
| Surat | 95·6 | 77·1 | ... | 46·02 |
| Ahmedabad | 98·6 | 76·7 | ... | 32·51 |
| Deesa | 101·8 | 74·4 | ... | 37·43 |
| Neemuch | 94·0 | 66 8 | ... | 24·01 |
| Indore | 93·1 | 65·1 | ... | 24·18 |
| Jubbulpore | 90·0 | 68·3 | ... | 57·26 |
| Sangor | 90·1 | 70·5 | ... | 44·13 |
| Hoshangabad | 91·6 | 67·9 | ... | 36·34 |
| Khandwa | 84·7 | 69·9 | ... | 18·61 |
| Akola | 94·7 | 69·9 | ... | ... |
| Amraoti | 91·3 | 72·8 | ... | 30·45 |
| Nagpur | 92·6 | 73·1 | ... | 47·17 |
| Chanda | 91·0 | 75·0 | ... | 57·66 |
| Rhpur | 89·2 | 74·1 | 0·64 | 45·68 |
| Bombay | 87·1 | 76·4 | 0·80 | 58·70 |
| Ratnagiri | 84·3 | 75·9 | ... | 82·76 |
| Mormugao | 83·0 | 71·7 | 1·41 | 107·63 |
| Koarwr | 87·8 | ... | 0·13 | 133·75 |
| Malegaon | 95·4 | 70·1 | ... | 12·23 |
| Ahamednagar | 87·4 | 69·0 | 0·07 | 15·87 |
| Poona | 87·0 | 70·3 | 0·03 | 19 09 |
| Sholapur | 88·3 | 71·4 | 0·33 | 24·51 |
| Bijapur | 85·2 | 69·2 | 2·27 | 14·53 |
| Belgaum | 79·3 | 65 1 | 0.01 | 52·84 |
| Aurangabad | 89·2 | 69·2 | ... | 18·31 |
| Nizamabad (Indur) | 89·9 | 75·2 | 0·08 | 40·46 |
| Hyderabad | 85·3 | 70·2 | 0·89 | 24·38 |
| Mahgalore | 84·2 | 71·9 | 0·33 | 141·11 |
| Calicut | 83·8 | 72·1 | 0·16 | 92·46 |
| Cochin | 85·7 | 75·3 | 0·02 | 73·44 |
| Colombo | 85·6 | 78·0 | ... | 9·01 |
| Masulipatam | 82·3 | 74·6 | 0·98 | 18·45 |
| Bellary | 88·0 | 72·3 | 0·01 | 8·45 |
| Cuddapah | 89·2 | 73·1 | 0·62 | 16·44 |
| Madras | 92·0 | 76·0 | 0·86 | 14·88 |
| Bangalore | 82·3 | 65·8 | 0·08 | 10·99 |
| Coimbatore | 90·9 | 69·8 | ... | 2·90 |
| Trichinopoly | 90·1 | 76 3 | ... | 15·07 |
| Negapatam | 93·9 | 79·0 | ... | 10·50 |

In column wind "Rate per hour" L=Light, M=Moderate, S=Strong, G=Gale, H=Hurricane.

Bombay Local Rainfalls:—J. J. H. = 0·00 (72·69); G. T. H.=0·00 (69·23); St. G. H.=0·00 (69·35); C. P. = 0·00 (52·40).

### STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 25th September was 29·792 inches. The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 10 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder was 8 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of attached thermometer 80° F. will be 14 inches, and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of aneroid no temperature correction required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher of lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

## BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

### SQUADRON ORDERS.

Bombay, 26th September.

1. Programme of Parades for the week ending Saturday 3rd October 1908.

Monday 28th inst.—There will be a class of instruction for all N.C. Officers to be at the Riding School at 6 p.m.

Dress—Plain clothes.

Tuesday 29th inst—There will be a Parade for all members at the Riding School at 7-30 a.m. punctually.

Dress—Plain clothes.

Foot—Drill at the Town Hall at 6 p.m.

Dress—Plain clothes.

Wednesday 30th inst.—Nil.

Thursday 1st prox—There will a Parade for all members at the Riding School at 6 p.m. punctually.

Dress—Plain clothes.

Friday 2nd prox—Nil.

Saturday 3rd prox—There will be Class Firing and practice Shooting on the B. B. & C. I. Ry. Vols. Range at Santa Cruz at 4-30 p.m. Trains leave Church Gate Station at 3-35 and 4-15 p.m.

2. Sergt-Major Knott will attend Riding School at 7-30 a. m. daily for instructional purposes.

3. It is pointed out for information that members are not on any account allowed to hand over their Carbines to Khallassies or Cooliesto carry them. The Commanding Officer feels sure that members will not adopt this unsoldier-like practice now that it has been brought before their notice.

H. E. E. PROCTER, Lieut.
Offg. Commandant B. L. H.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 26th September.

423.—Detail for the week ending 3rd Proximo:—

Monday 28th inst—Practice for Buglers on the Maidan at 8-30 p.m.

Tuesday 29th instant—"G" Coy. Parade on the Maidan at 8-30 p.m.

Wednesday, 30th inst—"G" Coy. Parade on the Maidan at 7-30 a.m.

Friday, 2nd Prox—All Recruits of the current season (except "G" Coy.) to Parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m. Dress—Mufti.

429.—Issue of Arms—Arms and Equipment will be issued to members of the Corps at Head-Quarters between the hours of 7-30 a. m. and 5 p.m. daily except Sundays.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

CAPTAIN FRANCIS OMMANNEY, Royal Army Medical Corps, son of Col. Edward Ommanney, C.S.I., was married on September 9 at St. James's, Kidbrooke, Blackheath, to Miss Annie Hart, daughter of Mr. Cheney Hart, of Blackheath. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of white satin charmeuse. Mrs. Burnett Whyte was maid of honour in a Directoire gown of grey and white striped ninon with touches of blue satin, and a black satin hat with sake blue ribbon. Mr. H. Ommanney, brother of the bridegroom, was best man.

## THE LADIES' CORNER

### CORDUROY COATS.

The sportswoman is by no means inclined to allow eccentricities to creep into the workmanlike severity of her attire, but one of the smartest innovations in this connection which she permits herself is the alliance of the plain little corduroy coat with a skirt of cloth. These coats are carried out in soft shades of brown like a faded leaf, or in rich dark tones of hunters and myrtle green, and match the short skirt of rough tweed as nearly as possible where a combination of two different materials is concerned, a piping of green leather providing the finishing touch to the deep outside hem of the jupe and the straps of the coat. The style chosen is the ubiquitous Norfolk, with rather long basques and leather buttons, which fits snugly round the throat, the belt forming by no means a necessary part of the scheme, while a stretched corduroy hat with a fall crown—finished with a "little round button on top," like the Great Panjandrum—and a narrow curld-up brim, encircled with a leather garter, and a soft pad of breast feathers, which are designed in shades of green or brown, from the palest to the deepest tone, completes the ensemble.

### EVENING CLOAKS.

A very charming alliance of colour where evening cloaks are concerned is primrose and aluminium. The wrap is fashioned in coat form of aluminium satin, while the pale primrose lining is sometimes lightly veiled with a single thickness of cream net, strewn over with tiny aluminium discs, like miniature constellations, a border of thick aluminium braid outlining the wrap all round. Quite a novel method of embroidering these cloaks, which appears to have gripped the fancy of the conturiere, consists in introducing the broderie in the form of one huge single motif in the centre of the back and again on the warp-over portions in front. Another favoured design is of brids of gorgeous plumage—golden pheasants, peacocks, and the bird of paradise, with its rose and saffron feathers—which are embroidered all over the cloak at regular intervals.

### THE PREVALENCE OF BLUE.

The prevalence of every shade of blue in the sartorial and modistic programme this year has given a special fillip to this colour where evening gowns are concerned. One of the loveliest schemes designed for the winter season is an evening gown of Nattier blue chiffon over pale pink soft satin, the jupe of the gown being exquisitely embroidered in huge silver tulips and birds, the open cups of the blossoms glittering with diamonds as though they had caught the dew. Instead of the broderie being repeated on the corsage, an enormous clump of the same blossoms is tucked into the soft cross-over folds the flowers being cleverly carried out in silver tissue correspond, with dewdrop centres, and are held in place with a huge blue enamel brooch, representing a gorgeous dragon-fly, the wings of which are fasioned of mother-o-pearl.

## FIGHTING FIRE AND SEA.

### Sailors' Narrow Escape in English Channel.

### MOTOR-SCHOONER BURNT.

Southampton, September 11.

The thrilling story of sailors' battle with fire and sea is told in connection with a disaster which occured early to-day off St. Catherine's Point, Isle of Wight.

The schooner yacht "Ceylon," a smart vessel of 222 tons, has been cruising in southerly waters for several weeks past. She was manned by a black crew. Late last night it was discovered that the yacht was on fire, the outbreak, it is thought, being due to the upsetting of a lamp. Besides Captain R. V. Webster, there were fifteen men on board, and all found themselves in deadly peril.

How narrowly they escaped death is best told in the thrilling narrative which the captain gave me to-day.

"It was approaching midnight," he said "and a high sea was running. Suddenly I noticed smoke coming up through the skylight of the starboard cabin. I rushed down to seewhat was the matter, but was beaten back by a mass of flame, dense fumes, and smoke. I aroused the crew, and we fought the flames until nearly midnight, but with no avail.

"We were placed in an awful predicament, as our launch was under repair and not sea worthy. I gave orders for a boom to be detached to form a raft, as it was hopeless to prevent the yacht from burning. We found, however, we could not do this in the time, as the flames were spreading in all directions.

"We had two small rowing boats on deck, and we launched these into the mountainous sea. The crew crowded into the narrow boats, but I stayed behind for a few moments to see if I could save any of the valuables on board. When I came back I found the boats had been beaten back by the waves, and had drifted some distance away. My only hope was to jump into the sea. This I did and fortunately just managed to clutch the side of one of the boats, and get safely aboard.

"Attracted by the glare caused by our burning yacht, a tug came to our rescue, and picked us up and we were landed at Cowes."

The crew were piked up by the Cowes tug "Irishman," which put out to the rescue on perceiving the lurid midnight glare.

The yacht, which was a well-appointed vessel, was valued at £20,000 and the heavy loss is only partially covered by insurance. The vessel was burnt to the water's edge, but the hulk has been towed into Ventnor.

It was the owner's intention to sail for Ceylon, and the vessel left Yarmouth yesterday to start on her journey, but was delayed by the rough weather.

The "Ceylon," which belongs to Colombo, was an auxiliary motor-schooner. She was built in America five years ago. Her length was ninety-nine feet, and her beam twenty-three feet and a half. Her owner was "Captain" R. V. Webster. It was only a fortnight ago that the Ceylon lost her motor launch off Yarmouth during the heavy weather which prevailed at the time.

THOSE who have seen the repairs to the injured starboard engine crank shaft of the "Highflyer," now at Devonport, pronounce the work of Chief Engineer Johnsten and his assistants at the Bombay Dockyard to be of the best order and worthy of the highest praise, so well and so neatly were they effected. Although the weather was very rough when the cruiser was returning home, particularly the last week, the shaft stood the strain magnificently, nor was it found necessary to ease the strain upon it in any way. A new shaft is to be fitted in at once, as the cruiser is required for service in the Devonport Reserve. She will rehoist the pennant, after paying off, shortly for that duty.


## A HOSPITAL NURSE

### Nervous Disorders, Exhaustion, Overwrought Nerves—

Over and over again clever and capable people find themselves without a scrap of energy to do the work that is offered them, and this actually was the predicament of a skilled and experienced hospital nurse, who tells us she was so prostrated by nervous exhaustion and overwork, that had it not been for the abundant energy and nerve force she derived from Phosferine, she must have refused a most desirable appointment. Our correspondent states that whenever she feels her work getting 'too much' for her she braces up her system with a course of Phosferine; such an assurance from a trained hospital nurse is practical evidence of the unfailing efficacy of Phosferine in all nervous disorders. There is proof—absolute *proof*, from the Royal Families of Europe, proof from great doctors like Dr. Gordon Stables, M.D., C.M., from famous singers like Caruso, athletes so renowned as C. B. Fry and Apollo, proof final and conclusive that whatever nervous disorder they suffered from, Phosferine *cured* it, however exhausted the system was, Phosferine *recreated* and *increased* their energy and vitality.

### Cured Outright.

A Hospital Nurse writes:—"On several occasions I have derived great benefit from taking Phosferine. The last time after nursing a near relation through a long and trying illness, I was thoroughly exhausted and run down, and the slightest exertion made me painfully tired, but even one bottle of Phosferine worked wonders, the distressing symptoms disappeared, and I can now walk miles without experiencing any feeling of fatigue or weakness. In other respects I have found Phosferine an excellent tonic and restorative for overwrought nerves, and in any derangement of the nervous system it is a remedy that I can confidently rely upon to fulfil all that it claims to accomplish. Particularly for the long hours and careful attention that I must necessarily devote to my cases, the best preparation is a course of Phosferine, as in this way I obtain sufficient energy to carry out the most exacting work without feeling any ill effects."—April 29, 1908. (Name and address on request).

# PHOSFERINE

**The Greatest of all Tonics.**

A PROVEN REMEDY FOR

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| Nervous Debility | Neuralgia | Lassitude | Brain-Fag |
| Influenza | Premature Decay | Exhaustion | Rheumatism |
| Indigestion | Backache | Stomach Disorders | Headache |
| Sleeplessness | Mental Exhaustion | Faintness | Hysteria |

and all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

**The Remedy of Kings**

Phosferine has been supplied by Royal Commands

To the Royal Family. H.M. the Empress of Russia. H.M. the King of Greece. H.M. the Queen of Roumania. H.I.M. the Dowager Empress of Russia. H.I.M. the Emperor of China. And the Principal Royalty and Aristocracy throughout the world.

Proprietors: Ashton & Parsons, Ltd., La Belle Sauvage, Ludgate Hill, London, England.

Price in Great Britain, bottles, 1/1½, 2/3 and 4/6. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

The 2/9 size contains nearly four times the 1/1½ size.

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*Estimates and Specifications submitted on application.*

# VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital-forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startlings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

# VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poverty, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillary, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all botches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9 and 4/6. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

CO

# SPORTING NEWS.

## FOOTBALL.

## The Rovers' Tournament.

### CARABINIERS BEAT THE R. F. A.

As the drawn game of the previous evening was fixed to be replayed this evening, the Carabiniers and R. F. A. met yesterday on the Cooperage before a good number of spectators, and the game proved a desperately exciting one from start to finish. Both sets of forwards played a long passing game and as a consequence play was very fast and they tasted well to the finish. The Artillery scoring the only goal of the first half it looked for some time as though they would keep their opponents out though they repeatedly got away dangerously. One side was getting as much of the game as the other, and most of the spectators thought the Carabiniers deserved to equalise when they did get away and their centre put the finishing touch to a good bit of play by Chick on the left wing. Play was desperate after that and it was hard to say which was getting the better of exchanges, when an identiesally similar bit of play gave the cavalry their second goal. Some very desperate struggles ensued in front of each goal but both defences being up to the mark there was nothing further, and the Carabiniers ran out winners by 2 to 1.

That the Kirkee team were most unlucky to lose was generally agreed, they being more than unlucky in several skirmishes in the very mouth of the opposing goal. No ending would have been more appropriate or more descriptive of the merits of the teams than a draw, and though the winners are better than when last here and gave a great account of themselves, the losers have the sympathy of the majority.

The dashing forward play on each side was the means of making the game a good one to watch and the backs were continually kept on the go. None of the goals scored could be put down as mistakes of the custodian and the work of the backs was sound, the kicking of the Mhow pair being the stronger, Gilham, as last year, being seen to advantage. At half both were well served, the two centres, Rothwell and Tilley, being conspicious, as also Greaves, who shot the R. F. A. goal. At forward the Carabiniers played a rushing game and apparently fed Luxton whenever they could and sometimes to their disadvantage; their outsides, Chick and Brown, did good service as also Hall. Of the others, Manning, Boak and Shortridge showed up best, Lyons missing several chances by getting his toe under the ball. Head work on both sides was good and the only complaint one can make is about the talking, the Carabiniers doing too much of it.

The gunners winning the toss elected to defend the northern goal. At 5-35 p.m. the Carbiniers kicked off and after a couple of minutes' play in midfield, the Mhow centre-forward passed to his outside-left, whose centre went behind the goal line. The Kirkee right wing now got away but had to retreat having been found offside. A "free" in midfield against them let in the Carabiniers but the Artillery defence would not allow the attackers an opening. Keeping to the same ground, however, Luxton failed to shoot in a good position. A rush of the R.F.A. being checked by the opposing halves the Mhowites were again back on the attack and fiercely assaulted and a stringer from Brown having been cleared, Luxton made an attempt; he was however both offside and his shot also wide. From the "free" the Artillery were well away and secured a further free kick in midfield and Tilley sent a long shot which Judson in clearing incurred a corner. A splendid clearance by Gilham saw the Central India team again on their adversary's ground, but being forced back, exchanges took place in midfield; then Boak got past and took a smack at the posts but Judson clearing, Greaves handy there with a stinging shot sent the sphere between the nets, the goalie's vision having been unfortunately obscured by the crowd in front of him. Retaliation followed and Luxton sent a hard shot which seemed a certainty but Merrick with upraised hands cleared just as Maxwell was charging into him. The ball was then seen at both ends and the Carabiniers' inside-right getting away on a run of his own, passed to the inside-left, providing a great chance, but the latter kicked miles too high. The inside-left of the gunners now made an attempt to get away but being sent back, the Carabineers' right-wing man, dodging past the halves, centred prettily but Luxton kicked over. The ball now was in possession of the Deccanites but the centre-forward having failed to utilize a good opportunity, the Mhow outside-left again got away but centred wide. He was again on the ball immediately afterwards but the gunners' right back coming in his way, a corner was secured which, however, brought no advantage. Pressing, the same player centred but the opposing left-back having dangerously miskicked, a fresh attack followed and out of some pretty play by the right wing, the ball was centred but Luxton not being in his place, a great chance went a-begging.

Score:—

R. F. A.....1 goal

Carabiniers.....nil

On change of sides, the gunners from a "free" on the Mhow ground got well away through the right wing and a pass to the left was centered by the latter, but finding no opening, the ball was kicked back. Tilley then sent a long one which Judson cleared. The Carabiniers now got away and Chick sent a splendid shot, which Merrick with great skill cleared but Maxwell, however, receiving the ball, sent it between the Artillery posts to equalise. The ball now was all over the field but the flags, however, stood in no danger, except once when Lyons broke through with an open country before him, but not being fast enough, Gilham intercepted him. Level play ensued for about ten minutes, then the Artillery inside-left getting past passed to the right wing, whose pass he utilized to send a cross shot, and Judson only topping the ball, the flags stood in great danger but the two players on the right unluckily over-ran the ball. A corner was the only result but no advantage accrued. The Carabiniers then attacked but the inside-left having relieved the tension, the gunners crossed the line but Kenmuir cleared. Up and down play followed and once Boak narrowly missed beating Judson by a cross-shot. The Mhowites taking up the leather from the goal-kick, Chick sent an excellent centre and Luxton registered *No.* 2. The gunners the next minute had an opportunity of getting on level terms but Lyons as usual misjudged and sent over. Then at the other end, Merrick having left his place to clear a rush, a stinger from Chick dangerously threatened the flags but luckily the ball glanced off the left post. Two successive "frees" against the Carabiniers' centre-forward and centre-half respectively saw the R. F. A. dangerously attacking, and a crowded rush was saved by Judson, although the ball struck him on the face and blinded him for some seconds. Very even play now set in, both sides trying hard to lower each other's flags, the Central India team being once very near success through a beauty of a shot from Chick, which Merrick again with upraised hands cleared. Thus closed a game, hotly-contested and fast, the result of which would have been more welcome if it was a tie.

Score:—

Carabiniers.....2 goals.
R. F. A.....1 goal

TEAMS.

| R. F. A. Kirkee. | | Carabineers. |
|---|---|---|
| Merrick | Goal. | Judson |
| North, Kelly | Backs. | Kenmuir, Gilham. |
| Greaves, Tilley | Half-backs. | Brayshaw, Rothwell. |
| Hegarth, Burrows (capt.), Shortridge | | Piper. Brown. Hall. |
| Lyons, Neak, Manning | Forwards. | Luxton (capt.), Maxwell. Chick. |

REFEREE—Sergt. Watts, R. A.

TOURNAMENT TABLE.

| | I. Round. | II. Round. |
|---|---|---|
| Y. M. C. A. | R. F. A. | |
| R. F. A., Kirkee | 3—1 | Carabiniers |
| Carabineers | Carabineers | |
| Commercial Gym | 4—2 | 2-1 |
| East Lancs | E. Lancs | 1—1, 0—0, |
| R. G. A., Bombay | 6—0 2—0 | To-day. |
| Royal Scots | R. Scots. | |
| Govt. Telegraphs | 2—0 | |
| Rovers | bye | Worcesters |
| Worcesters | bye | W. O. |
| Somerset L. I. | bye | Somersets |
| Bombay Gymkhana | bye | 4—2 |

ROVERS' SPRINTING COMPETITION.

During the interval, the usual sprinting competition was held, the Y. M. C. A. and the Commercial Gymkhana trying issues. The following players represented their teams—

| Y. M. C. A. | Com. Gymkhana. |
|---|---|
| G. Brewin. | Chapman. |
| Kelly. | Osborne. |
| Brown. | Harwood. |

They were let off to a good start, and a very keen struggle was witnessed for the first place between Georgie Brewin and Harwood, the latter securing the honours by about a foot. Between the others, too, the struggle for places was very keen. The order at the winning post was—

1. Harwood
2. G. Brewin
3. Chapman
4. Kelly
5. Osborne
6. Brown

Com. Gymkhana won by 9 points to 6.

SPRINTING COMPETITION TABLE.

| | I. Round. | II. Round. |
|---|---|---|
| Y. M. C. A. | Y. M. C. A. | |
| R. F. A., Kirkee | 8—7 | Com Gym |
| Carabiniers | Com. Gym. | 9—6 |
| Commercial Gymkhana | 11—4 | |
| East Lancs | R. G. A. | |
| R. G. A., Bombay | 12—4 | Telegraphs |
| Royal Scots | Telegraphs | 11—4 |
| Govt. Telegraphs | 12—3 | |
| Rovers, bye | | Worcesters |
| Worcesters, bye | | W. O. |
| Somerset, L. I., bye | | B. Gym |
| Bombay Gymkhana, bye | | 8—7 |

## DURAND FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

### Shropshire Light Infantry vs. Lancashire Fusiliers.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 24.

This game, which was fast and exciting, was played in very good spirits. The Shrops immediately set the pace, and after a few tries at goal their inner-right found the net within five minutes of the start. The Lancs brightened up now, and after some very even exchanges their centre-forward getting between the backs put in a hot shot, thus drawing level. Both teams now tried their utmost, but could not penetrate the defences, and half-time arrived with the score, one all.

On re-starting, the Lancs settled down, and after two unsuccessful tries, their inner-right put the ball beyond the Shrops' goal-keeper's reach. The score now stood—Lancs 2, Shrops 1. The Shrops now seemed to have fallen to pieces, as for about 15 minutes they were hemmed in allowing the Lancs, who were playing a very strong game, to shoot just as they pleased. The Shrops suddenly put on a spurt and on three occasions nearly scored, but the Lancs, not to be denied, went to the charge again, and from a well-judged centre by their right wing the centre netted the third goal. The game after this was very even, the Lancs trying hard to increase their lead, and the Shrops to decrease it, but neither team was successful in its attempts, and the whistle sounded, leaving the Lancs winners of a well-fought game by 3 goals to 1.

ROYAL IRISH RIFLES vs. MOUNTAIN ARTILLERY, (SIRHIND BRIGADE.)

In this re-played tie the Irish had matters all their own way, scoring about ten minutes from the start. Shortly after then the right wing sent in a good shot, which the goal-keeper of the Artillery fumbled and the Irish left wing being up, had no difficulty in netting the second goal.

In the second half the Artillery were hemmed in to their own territory, and although they had many chances the Irish did not seem intent on adding to their score. The game ended in their favour by 2 goals to love.

## CRICKET.

### Poona Gymkhana vs. Poona Hindus.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 25.

The annual match between the Poona Gymkhana and the Poona Hindus took place at the Gymkhana to-day in clear weather and on a wicket which, after the rain we have been having during the last few days, played distinctly fast. The Gymkhana was nothing like at its full strength, while the visitors were by no means a strong eleven though the victory was theirs by 12 runs on the first innings. The following were the scores.

POONA GYMKHANA.

1st Innings.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capt Lucas, c Deshpande, b Date | 22 |
| Capt Bowle, c Khare, b Deshpande | 30 |
| Mr Swinburn, b Jaswant | 0 |
| Mr Gore, c Bojekar, b Jaswant | 0 |
| Mr Eberhardy, b Date | 2 |
| Mr Macpherson, c Ghule, b Jaswant | 2 |
| Mr Wilson, b Deshpande | 1 |
| Mr Curtis, c Ghule b Deshpande | 0 |
| Mr Osmaston, b Jaswant | 0 |
| Mr Thorpe, not out | 0 |
| Mr Little, c Parandhare, b Deshpande | 0 |
| Extras | 1 |
| Total | 58 |

2nd Innings.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capt Lucas, c Date, b Deshpande | 4 |
| Capt Bowle, c Pskarf, b Despande | 18 |
| Mr Swinburn, b Deshpande | 12 |
| Mr Gore, not out | 10 |
| Mr Eberhardy, b Deshpande | 14 |
| Mr Macpherson, b Deshpande | 21 |
| Mr Wilson, c Khare, b Deshpande | 15 |
| Mr Curtis, c and b Deshpande | 7 |
| Mr Osmaston, c and b Kackar | 3 |
| Mr Thorpe, b Deshpande | 30 |
| Mr Little, b Deshpande | 0 |
| Extras | 9 |
| Total | 143 |

POONA HINDUS.

1st Innings.

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr Gaikwad, c Little, b Bowle | 0 |
| Mr Raskar, b Bowle | 4 |
| Mr Khare, b Macpherson | 16 |
| Mr Deodhar, c and b Bowle | 0 |
| Mr Parandhare, b Macpherson | 10 |
| Mr Bhojekar, not out | 14 |
| Mr Date, c Osmaston, b Macpherson | 15 |
| Mr Ghule, c Osmaston, b Macpherson | 1 |
| Mr R L Deshpande, b Macpherson | 0 |
| Mr Kapade, c Swinburne, b Bowle | 10 |
| Extras | 10 |
| Total | 70 |

The following will play for the Bombay Gymkhana versus the Islam Gymkhana on the Islam Gymkhana ground to-day at 2-30 p.m:—Mr. J. S. Milne, Major V. B. Bennett, Messrs. C. G. Stileman, E. C. Reid, Capt. C. G. Wilson, Messrs. H. T. P. Hearson, C. H. Hewlett, S. R. Gordon; Lt. F. W. Townsend and Comdr. Vines.

## POONA HORSE SHOW.

### Second Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 23.

The Poona Horse Show of 1908 is one of the bygones of the Poona Season, but it has left a trail which will revive the memory as time glides on. It has been a complete success, and no body could feel more flattered at the term than Captain Hopwood, the Honorary Secretary, who worked like a galley slave to get through the programme without the slightest hitch.

Yesterday Mr. Morrison, Commissioner of the Central Division, was "At Home" to all Poona society, at the head of which was H.E. the Governor and Miss Clarke, General and Mrs. Alderson and several Native Chiefs. Mr. Morrison's hospitality was great. To enliven the proceedings, which practically did not require enlivening in view of the interest they excited, the band of the Northamptonshire Regiment, kindly lent by Colonel Weallens and officers, played some delightful selections during the afternoon.

The only untoward incident left to be recorded was an unfortunate mishap to Captain Wright, who rode Mr. T. L. Roberts's well-known horse Chortler over the jumps. He came to grief at the stone wall, which Chortler took unkindly, and he was pitched somewhat badly on his face. He had a nasty wound, but he took his misfortune like a hero, and we were all glad to see him knock about with a bandaged head as if nothing had happened to break his head or heart.

The results speak for themselves, but it is difficult to overlook the fact that Colonel Bull's Twilight, whose disappearance from Poona some day will spell trilight in connection with a future horse show, won the first prize in Class II for heavy weight hunters up to over 14 stone. Twilight has never yet missed winning the first prize in this class. In Class 10 for medium hunters, Colonel Bull secured the second prize with his handsome horse Blackthorne. The horses in this class were adjudged on the previous day, but with regard to Blackthorne the wrong number was put up.

At the end of the Show and before Mrs. Alderson very kindly distributed the prizes General Alderson made a speech. He said:—

Your Excellency, Ladies and Gentlemen,—One of the worst points about the giving away of prizes, or the referring to the giving away of them as I have now to do, is that it means a speech on this occasion. However, I do not mind, because the horse is a hobby of mine, also perhaps it is made easier by the fact that I have to receive as well as to refer to the giving. I am sure that we are all agreed that this has been a most excellent Show, the classes have been well filled and the quality of the exhibits has been good. If I am to refer to any one class, I would mention the horse jumping yesterday. It was a big class and nearly every horse jumped well, while there were very few refusals and only one fall. I am sure that we were all very pleased to see the one lady riding (Mrs. Gordon) beat all the men. She had a difficult horse to ride, and she rode most boldly and she sat on her horse better than any one. I am sure that we are most grateful to those who have so kindly given prizes, as we are also to the judges, notably to General Remington and Colonel Gough, both of whom have come a long way to judge for us. Nor do we forget our ring stewards, who have worked so hard, though perhaps their work is not so generally seen. Last, but not least, we are most grateful to our energetic and popular secretary, Captain Hopwood, who has made such excellent arrangements. Everything has come off as he planned. For instance, he said he would have the prize-giving at 6 p. m., and here we are just starting it at 5 minutes to 6. During the last two days I have been thinking, looking now and then at the two changing pictures on the front of our programmes, somewhat as follows. What should we do without the horse, particularly in India and countries like it? I am sure that there are few more true sayings than the one, the best place for the inside of a man is the outside of a horse. There is an Arab saying, "True happiness is only found on the back of a horse and in the heart of a woman." You will notice that the Arab puts the fair sex second. Then we find that poor Lind says Gordon left out the fair sex altogether (mind, I do not say that he was right) when he wrote: "Yet if man, of all the Creator planned, his noblest work, is reckoned of the works of his hand by sea or by land, the horse may at least rank second." I will now ask Mrs. Alderson to give away the prizes.

H. E. the Governor stepped into the centre of the assembly after the prize distribution, and in thanking Mrs. Alderson for having given away the prizes, observed that the success of the Show was very greatly due to the charming manner in which she did so, and added that the thanks of all were due to her.

In conclusion, His Excellency called for three cheers for Mrs. Alderson. Three cheers were also given for Captain Hopwood.

The following are the prize winners;

Class 12—For Hunters over 14-2. 1st prize presented by members of Tattersall's Club; 2nd and 3rd by the fund.

Captain Barrett's br e g Cairnsmore ..... 1
Captain J W Ramsden's ch aus m Glory..... 2
Major Moore's ch aus g Tot..... 3

Twenty-four entered.

Judges—General Remington and Major Gough.

Class 4—For light weight Arab and C B Polo Ponies. 1st prize presented by the Personal Staff of H E the Governor; 2nd by Mr W P Lewis.

Capt Bingham's ch a g Flushlight ..... 1
Mr R B Wood's br a g Lyddite ..... 2
Capt Greig's b a h Gay Boy..... 3

Judges—Major Martin and Captain Anderson.

Class 13—Hunters 14-2 and under. 1st prize by Colonel Anderson; 2nd by the Hon'ble Hill Trevor.

Mrs Morriss's b irish m Veronique..... 1
Mr Beatty's br aus g Verdict ..... 2
Mrs J L Meyer's ch aus m Claudine..... 3

Nineteen entered.

Judges—General Remington and Major Gough.

Class 7 (a)—Ponies suitable as Polo Ponies, English and Colonials. 1st prize presented by H H Kour Saheb of Patiala, 2nd by the Fund.

Mr Beatty's br aus g Verdict ..... 1
Capt Hopwood's g aus m Merry Widow ..... 2
Lieut.-Col. O'Donell's g aus m Ockie..... 3

Twelve entered.

Judges—Major Martin and Major Jameson.

Class 7—For polo ponies suitable as polo ponies, Arabs and C B's. 1st prize presented by Mr. A S Oomer; 2nd by the Fund.

Mr A S Oomer's Mutlag..... 1
Captain Davie's b a h White Oats..... 2
Mr R B Wood's b a g Sheik..... 3

Sixteen entered.

Judges—Major Martin and Major Jameson.

Class 9—Heavy weight hunters up to over 14st. 1st prize presented by Mr. R. B. Wood; 2nd, by the Fund.

Colonel Bull's gr irish m Twilight ..... 1
Mr. W. H. Lucas's b aus g Tom Tit ..... 2
Colonel Logan Home's ch aus g Curlew ..... 3

Ten entered.

Judges—General Remington and Major Gough.

Class 17 (a)—For hacks 14-2 and under. 1st Prize presented by Mr. B. E. Entheven; 2nd and 3rd by the Fund.

Mr. B. B. Wood's ch aus g Vagrant ..... } Tie.
Mr. Beatty's b aus g Verdict..... }
Mrs. Morris's b Irish m Veronique ..... 2
Capt. Bingham's ch aus m Redshot..... 3

Thirty-eight entered.

Judges—Colonel Gordon and Colonel Logan Home.

Class 21—For horses over 14-2 in single harness. 1st prize presented by Major G. Moore; 2nd by the Fund.

Mr Mathuradas Goculdass' br e g May Queen..... 1
Mr Anandjee Nanjee's bl e m Molly ..... 2
Mr J D Tata's br e g Victory..... 3

Fifteen entered.

Judges.—General Remington and Major Gough.

Class 18.—For hacks 14-2 and under. 1st prize presented by the Hon'ble Mr. Muir Mackenzie; 2nd by the Fund.

Capt Bingham's ch aus g Flashlight ..... 1
Capt Davies b a g Kurdie..... 2

Twenty entered.

Judges.—General Remington and Major Gough.

Class 23.—English and Colonial polo ponies 14-2 and under, in single harness. 1st prize presented by Mr. Mathurdass Goculdass.

Mr C. Harding's ch a m Iona..... 1
Capt Ruban's ch aus m Confidence..... 2
Major Eertie Clay's b aus g Donald ..... 3

Ten entered.

Judges—Major Jameson and Major Martin.

Championship—Best polo pony. Prize presented by Captain M. R. Hodson.

Captain Wood's Piccadilly.

Class 24—Tandems. 1st prize presented by Messrs. Souza and Fernandez of Bombay.

Major Moore's Tandem ..... 1
Major Saunder's Tandem ..... 2

Four entered.

Judges—General Remington and Major Gough.

Championship—Best Hunters. 1st prize presented by Mr. W. T. Morrison, I.C.S.

Mrs. Beatty's b aus g, V. S. B.

Class 19—Jumping for ponies 142 - and under. 1st prize presented by Mr. W. H. Lucas; 2nd and 3rd by the Fund.

Capt. Lambton's b aus m Dairy Maid..... 1
Capt. Lambton's b aus m Dinker ..... 2
Mr. C. Stevens' ch aus g Donald ..... 3

Eighteen entered.

Judges—Colonel Gorden and Colonel Logan Home.

Class 14—For Ladies' horses. 1st prize presented by the Hon'ble Mr. Lamb; 2nd by the Fund; and 3rd by Mr. W. T. Morrison.

Capt. J. L. Meyer's br aus g Bottle ..... 1
Major Moore's ch aus g Daroji ..... 2
Capt. J. L. Meyer's ch aus g Lamington ..... 3

Ten entered.

Judges—Major Jameson and Major Martin.

Championship—Best harness horse or pony.

Mr. Charles Harding's Iona.

Class 26—Children's ponies and donkeys.

All got prizes including little Miss Hughes and Master William Robinson, son of the jockey.

## OOTACAMUND HUNT RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

COONOOR, SEPTEMBER, 24.

The Ooty Hunt Races took place last evening at the Ooty racecourse and were attended by their Excellencies Sir Arthur and Lady Lawley and the elite of the Hills.

An hour prior to the meeting, a heavy downpour of rain fell, which made the field slippery, with the result that no less than four accidents took place. In the Hobart Park Plate race, Mr. Sherrard, who rode Captain C. C. Dangar's Boomerang, in the Willowbund Plate, Mr. D. E. Lawley, son of Sir Arthur Lawley, who rode Miss C. Lawley's Corona; in the Maiden Hunters' Plate, Capt. G. Heseltine, who rode Warrigal in the Ladies' Plate and Capt. Vessey, who rode Mrs. Sam Brown's Prince Rupert were all thrown out of their racers, but nothing serious happened. The Gymkhana Club ran the totalisator, which, in the absence of bookies, did a good business. In most of the races the favourites did not win, hence those who backed, lost heavily. The finishes were exciting. The Governor's Band discoursed fine music and enlivened the proceedings. Details:—

THE HOBART PARK PLATE. Distance—1½ miles.

Capt Duff's Zelia .....Owner 1
Capt G Heseltine's Sandy.....Owner 2
Capt C C Dangar's Boomerang, Mr Sherard 3

The race lay between Sandy and Zelia, but Zelia, in the home turn, made a rush and won by 25 lengths.

The totalizator paid Rs. 20.

THE WILLOWBUND PLATE. Distance—1 mile.

Mr A V G Campbell's Firefly.....Mr Montgomery 1
Capt J G Dennistoun's Ardamine.....Owner 2
Lieut N C Russell's Admiral.....Owner 3
Miss C Lawley's Corona..... Mr R E Lawley 4

Won by 2½ lengths; 20 lengths between second and third.

The totalisator paid Rs. 5.

THE MAIDEN HUNTERS' PLATE. Distance—round the course.

Capt the Hon'ble Douglas Pennant's Sunny Jim... Owner 1
Capt Duff's Gallant.....Mr L Phillips 2
Capt Vesey's Wait-a-Bit.....Owner 3
Capt J G Dennistoun's Potiphar .....Owner 4
Capt G Heseltine's Warrigal .....Owner 0

Won by half a length; 15 lengths between second and third.

The totalisator paid Rs. 27.

COLONEL DESEAJ URS' HUNT PLATE. Distance—2¼ miles.

Capt Heseltine's Lorry.....Owner 1
Sir Arthur Lawley's Tecsin .....Capt Dennistoun 2
Capt C C Dangar's Antonomerta Mr Montgomery 3
Capt Duff's Menelik.....Owner 4
Capt Heseltine's Sandy .....Mr R E Lawley 0
Capt the Hon'ble Douglas Pennant's Moschin Owner 0

Won by 25 lengths; 10 lengths between second and third.

The totalisator paid Rs. 5.

THE OAKLAND PLATE. Distance...1½ miles.

Capt G Heseltine's Play Boy .....Owner 1
Mr A V G Campbell's Sirdar.....
Capt the Hon'ble Douglas Pennant 2
Capt Duff's Rudolph.....Owner 3
Mr A V G Campbell's Pumpernichel Montgomery 4
Capt R P Sare's Cracker II.....Owner 0

Won by 5 lengths, 15 lengths between second and third.

The totalisator paid Rs. 3.

THE LADIES' PLATE. Distance—round the course.

Miss C Lawley's Corona .....Mr R E Lawley 1
Mr Marjoribanks' Weybridge .....Montgomery 2
Mrs Gordon Price's Brenda.....Mr L Phillips 3
Miss Morgan's Dorset .....Capt Dennistoun 4
Mrs Sam Brown's Prince Rupert.....Capt Vessey 0

CHOLERA has been prevalent, in sporadic form in parts of the Punjab and North West Frontier Province for some months past. A fresh outbreak is now reported at Abbottabad.

## HOME CRICKET.

The cessation of the rain permitted both of the festival matches at Scarborough and Hastings to be resumed on Sept. 5, though with a somewhat remote prospect of any definite issue, and in the end the games were drawn. The Gentleman's side, which was 102 runs behind on the first innings, retrieved their position, and, with seven wickets down for 273 (of which Mr. Hutchings made 120), declared the closure. The Players had made 54 for 1 wicket at the close, The M.C.C. Australian team made 107 in their first innings against an England eleven, or fifty-four behind, but then got seven other opponents' wickets for eighty-seven, when the closure was declared. The M.C.C. lost three wickets for forty-one runs in the second innings.

The North v. South match was concluded at the Hastings Cricket Festival on September 9, South winning by 5 wickets, after some fine hitting by Jessop, who scored eighty-eight not out. At Scarborough the match between Lord Londesborough's England XI. and the M.C.C. Australian Team was much interferred with by rain and was abandoned as a draw.

### THE AVERAGES.

The leading averages are given below;—

BATTING.

| | Innings. | Runs. | Most in an Innings | Times not out | Aver |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr C B Fry | 18 | 899 | 214 | 0 | 49·94 |
| Mr H K Foster | 24 | 1,105 | 215 | 1 | 48·04 |
| Mr P F Warner | 41 | 1,702 | 120 | 5 | 47·27 |
| J T Tyldesley | 41 | 1,767 | 248 | 2 | 45·30 |
| Hayward | 49 | 2,117 | 175 | 1 | 44·10 |
| The Jam Sahib of Nawanagar | 27 | 1,037 | 200 | 3 | 43·20 |
| Mr B J T Bosanquet | 19 | 736 | 175 | 2 | 42·70 |
| Tarrant | 45 | 1,618 | 157 | 7 | 42·57 |
| The Rev P H Gillingham | 28 | 1,033 | 194 | 3 | 41·32 |
| Mr G L Jessop | 44 | 1,697 | 164 | 2 | 40·40 |
| Marshal | 49 | 1,884 | 176 | 2 | 40·08 |
| Mr A J L Hill | 17 | 588 | 110* | 2 | 39·20 |
| Denton | 51 | 1,777 | 133 | 5 | 38·63 |
| Mr J Douglas | 14 | 501 | 109 | 1 | 38·53 |
| Hirst | 46 | 1,462 | 128* | 8 | 38·42 |
| Mr A C S Glover | 28 | 807 | 117* | 7 | 38·27 |
| Hobbs | 48 | 1,799 | 161 | 1 | 38·26 |
| Mr L J Moon | 25 | 918 | 135 | 1 | 38·21 |
| Mr J N Crawford | 39 | 1,306 | 232 | 4 | 37·31 |
| Sharp | 45 | 1,598 | 136 | 2 | 37·16 |
| Vine | 48 | 1,584 | 120* | 5 | 37·83 |
| Mr G N Foster | 29 | 1,088 | 154 | 1 | 35·78 |
| Mr P A Perrin | 33 | 1,087 | 101* | 5 | 36·23 |
| Mr R A Young | 39 | 1,396 | 107 | 0 | 35·79 |
| Mr C McGahey | 29 | 886 | 230 | 4 | 35·44 |
| Mr C J B Wood | 34 | 1,127 | 171 | 2 | 35·21 |
| Coe | 38 | 1,197 | 145* | 4 | 35·20 |
| Mr G T Branston | 22 | 668 | 134* | 3 | 35·05 |
| Quaife | 39 | 1,218 | 189* | 4 | 34·80 |
| Seymour | 44 | 1,492 | 171 | 1 | 34·69 |
| Whitehead (Lancashire) | 22 | 623 | 131* | 4 | 34·61 |
| Mr V F S Crawford | 42 | 1,337 | 170 | 3 | 34·26 |
| Spring | 16 | 439 | 135 | 3 | 33·75 |
| Hardinge | 41 | 1,341 | 153 | 1 | 33·52 |
| Cuffe | 34 | 1,004 | 132* | 4 | 33·46 |
| Mr S H Day | 16 | 519 | 114 | 0 | 32·43 |
| Mr E M Sprot | 35 | 1,065 | 108 | 4 | 32·41 |
| Arnold | 35 | 967 | 100* | 5 | 32·23 |
| Rhodes | 51 | 1,576 | 146 | 2 | 32·16 |
| Bowell | 42 | 1,241 | 160 | 3 | 31·82 |
| G Gunn | 47 | 1,352 | 129 | 4 | 31·44 |
| Mr A P Day | 23 | 623 | 118 | 3 | 31·25 |
| Killick | 47 | 1,402 | 101 | 2 | 31·15 |
| Woolley | 43 | 1,344 | 152 | 3 | 31·10 |
| Mr W B Burns | 34 | 1,057 | 146 | 9 | 31·08 |
| Humphreys | 38 | 985 | 149 | 6 | 30·78 |
| Mr C C Page | 28 | 792 | 164* | 2 | 30·52 |
| Ducat | 17 | 487 | 77* | 1 | 30·40 |
| Mr M Falcon | 19 | 544 | 122 | 1 | 30·23 |
| Kinneir | 38 | 1,042 | 97 | 3 | 29·77 |
| Needham | 46 | 1,178 | 107* | 6 | 29·45 |
| Mr J W H T Douglas | 40 | 1,981 | 115 | 3 | 29·23 |
| Llewellyn | 48 | 1,340 | 154 | 8 | 29·11 |
| Mr L O S Poidevin | 17 | 436 | 86* | 2 | 29·00 |
| Holland | 31 | 694 | 89* | 6 | 28·86 |
| J Iremonger | 41 | 1,090 | 96 | 5 | 28·57 |
| Mr K L Hutchings | 39 | 1,114 | 132 | 0 | 28·56 |
| Mr A C MacLaren | 17 | 428 | 77 | 2 | 28·53 |
| W H Wilkinson | 47 | 1,244 | 99 | 3 | 28·27 |
| J Gunn | 25 | 646 | 144* | 2 | 28·08 |
| A E Relf | 48 | 1,254 | 188 | 2 | 27·47 |

*Not out.

BOWLING.

| | Overs. | Mdns. | Runs. | Wkts. | Aver. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Haigh | 563·2 | 106 | 1,179 | 99 | 11·90 |
| Hirst | 1,009·5 | 269 | 2,153 | 164 | 13·12 |
| Rhodes | 729·4 | 216 | 1,643 | 109 | 15·07 |
| Newstead | 901·3 | 155 | 1,985 | 127 | 15·62 |
| W C Smith | 374 | 107 | 895 | 57 | 15·70 |
| Tarrant | 1,032·2 | 277 | 2,597 | 158 | 16·05 |
| Mr W Brearley | 855·2 | 165 | 2,636 | 163 | 16·17 |
| Woolley | 458·5 | 123 | 1,152 | 71 | 16·22 |
| Blythe | 1,264·4 | 367 | 3,045 | 181 | 16·82 |
| Haddleston | 431·1 | 126 | 1,014 | 59 | 17·18 |
| J Iremonger | 535·4 | 173 | 1,089 | 63 | 17·28 |
| Fairservice | 636·2 | 206 | 1,525 | 86 | 17·73 |
| A E Relf | 1,170 | 382 | 2,375 | 133 | 17·85 |
| Dean (Lancashire) | 1,625·5 | 322 | 2,341 | 129 | 18·14 |
| East | 387·4 | 95 | 1,053 | 58 | 18·15 |
| Mr E Olivier | 331·1 | 79 | 996 | 54 | 18·44 |
| Mr G Simpson Hayward | 425·4 | 58 | 1,265 | 68 | 18·60 |
| Wass | 866·5 | 171 | 2,555 | 137 | 18·64 |
| Fielder | 675·5 | 181 | 1,800 | 95 | 18·94 |
| Marshal | 393·2 | 117 | 1,047 | 55 | 19·03 |
| Cadman | 545·3 | 182 | 1,065 | 55 | 19·36 |
| Mignon | 317·5 | 55 | 1,093 | 55 | 19·87 |
| Hallam | 880·5 | 289 | 1,918 | 96 | 19·97 |
| Astill | 650·2 | 146 | 1,859 | 91 | 20·42 |
| Dennett | 1,291·1 | 409 | 3,049 | 149 | 20·46 |
| Lees | 915·3 | 266 | 2,211 | 108 | 20·47 |
| Field | 720·3 | 136 | 2,190 | 106 | 20·66 |
| Hitch | 353·5 | 76 | 1,202 | 58 | 20·72 |
| Mr J N Crawford | 656 | 135 | 1,977 | 94 | 21·03 |
| Mr H A Gilbert | 341·5 | 68 | 1,057 | 50 | 21·14 |
| Arnold | 637·1 | 146 | 1,695 | 80 | 21·18 |
| Warren | 767·1 | 162 | 2,263 | 105 | 21·55 |
| Bestwick | 876·4 | 124 | 2,345 | 103 | 21·79 |
| J T Hearne | 491·3 | 151 | 1,158 | 51 | 22·26 |
| Killick | 405·3 | 91 | 1,225 | 55 | 22·27 |
| Newman | 712·5 | 132 | 1,798 | 80 | 22·47 |
| Stanstall | 706·1 | 168 | 1,829 | 81 | 22·58 |
| Mead (Essex) | 608·5 | 137 | 1,322 | 57 | 22·19 |
| Vincett | 992·2 | 86 | 1,144 | 49 | 23·34 |
| Burrows | 331·4 | 40 | 1,173 | 50 | 23·46 |
| Cox (Sussex) | 824·1 | 259 | 2,004 | 85 | 23·57 |
| Parker | 585 | 176 | 1,555 | 66 | 23·92 |
| King (Leicestershire) | 666·1 | 143 | 1,751 | 73 | 23·98 |
| Hon C F Lyttelton | 389·2 | 94 | 1,040 | 43 | 24·13 |
| Llewellyn | 819·4 | 167 | 2,371 | 96 | 24·89 |
| Wells (Northampton shire) | 596·1 | 130 | 1,860 | 75 | 24·80 |
| Cuffe | 434 | 8181 | 2,213 | 89 | 24·86 |

## NAINI TAL WEEK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, SEPTEMBER 24.

TENNIS.

LADIES HANDICAP DOUBLES.

Won by the Hon'ble Mrs. Rutledge and Mrs. Murray, after a hard struggle with Mrs. Hailey and Mrs. Freemantle.

MEN'S DOUBLES.

Won by O'Donnell and Dillon.

POLO.

SEMI-FINALS.

The Rifle Brigade beat the United Provinces Civil Service "A" team by 13 to 3.

The Durham Light Infantry beat the Celts by 10 to 5.

The Jats beat the Civil Service "B" team by 12 to 3.

The Naini Tal Gymkhana won the cricket match by one innings and 59 runs.

The Ball at Government House, on the 22nd, was a brilliant success. The assembly was large and the hall beautifully decorated. There were no State Lancers.

LUCKNOW, SEPTEMBER 25.

The Pantomime rehearsal and the "Queen's Messengers" were played last night to crowded houses. Both plays were a great success and were enthusiastically received.

In Tennis, Mr. O'Donnell and Mrs. Hailey won the Mixed Doubles, and Mr. Dillon and Mr. Streatfield the Representative Pairs.

## THE TRIANGULAR CONTEST.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The triangular cricket contest is over and the question that arises is—Will two matches be again played next year in Bombay? There has been talk of the physical strain, and the inability of the players to gather for two weeks at a stretch. As to the physical strain, that has more been due to the matches being allowed to follow one another without any stretch of time between; this objection can be removed by a judicious arrangement in future. The second objection is indeed worth much, but to my opinion, it concerns more the Presidency players than the Parsees. For it is almost impossible for them, most of whom are Government officials both military and civil, to get away from duty for two consecutive weeks. With a view to remove these difficulties it is suggested that instead of the Poona Presidency v. Parsee match, the first match of the Triangular contest should take place at Poona, the winners there to play the bye-eleven in Bombay. The suggestion though tending to remove some of our difficulties leaves, if properly examined, many other objections to be answerd. Such an arrangement should mean that some year there should absolutely be no match between the Parsees and the Presidency. Surely no lover of the game, either European or Parsee, could ever wish for such a criterion.

The Presidency contest was first started with a view to bring together the two premier teams of the Presidency. The advent of a third party need not deprive the original true parties of the solitary opportunity of meeting at least once a

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NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC MEETING of the Inhabitants of Bombay, called by the Sheriff, to express their sense for the loss sustained by the death of the late Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., (4th), will be held in the TOWN HALL, on MONDAY, the 28th Instant, at 6 P. M. (S.T.)

*NOTICE.*

*LETTERS, PARCELS and TELEGRAMS for HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, L. ROBERTSON, Esq., I.C.S., Private Secretary, CAPTAIN E. G. DRUMMOND, Aide-de-Camp, which CANNOT BE DELIVERED at GOVERNMENT HOUSE, Ganesh Khind, by 6-30 a.m., on Monday, 28th September, should be ADDRESSED to the SECRETARIAT, BOMBAY, until 7-30 a.m., WEDNESDAY, 30th Septemeber, after which date they should be sent to GOVERNMENT HOUSE, Ganesh Khind, until further notice.*

*J. G. GREIG, Captain,*
*Military Secretary to*
*His Excellency the Governor.*
*Ganesh Khind,*
*Dated 20th September, 1908.*

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed BOX 202, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.


The Bombay Gazette.
SATURDAY, SEPT. 26, 1908.


## KUROPATKIN AND THE RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR.

"McClure's Magazine," an American publication, has as its chief feature this month "The Military and Political Memoirs of General Kuropatkin, ex-Minister of War and Commander-in-Chief of the Russian armies." These memoirs are translated by Mr. George Kennan, who tells us that these memoirs, which were officially suppressed, are in four bulky volumes; the first three devoted mainly to a detailed review of the three great battles of the war—Liao-yang, the Sha-ho and Mukden, from the standpoint of modern military science. The fourth volume, entitled "Summing up of the War," covers a very wide field, dealing partly with Russia's national problems, her military history and her policy in Asia, and partly with the causes of the late war, the rise of Japan as a military power and the reasons for the overwhelming defeat of Russia's armies in the Far East. Mr. Kennan, in his first article, treats of Kuropatkin's narrative of the events which preceded the rupture with Japan in February 1904, and which may be regarded, historically, as the causes of the war that ensued. It contains many new facts, many which, officially suppressed or not, are well known and exposes Russian governmental methods, Russia's Asiatic policy and the character of the monarch who now sits upon the throne. He reminds us that the question of obtaining an outlet on the Pacific Ocean was theoretically considered in Russia long ago and the conclusion reached was that, in view of the sparseness of Russia's population east of Lake Baikal and the insignificance of her commerce, foreign and domestic, in that part of the world, the task of getting access to the Pacific, which might involve a serious struggle, ought not to be imposed upon the existing generation. An outlet was not needed at that time and is not needed yet. The Russian War Department, moreover, has always regarded it with apprehension, and as far as possible combatted the opinion that "Russia is the most western of Asiatic States, not the most eastern of European," and that all her future lies beyond the Urals. The construction of the trans-Siberian Railway was the first proof that Russia, in the Far East, had begun a policy of energetic action. The occupation of Port Arthur, the foundation of Dalny, the construction of the southern branch of the railway, the formation of a commercial fleet on the Pacific and the timber enterprize of State Councillor Bezobrazoff on the Yalu River in northern Korea, were all links of one and the same chain, which was to unite permanently the destinies of Russia and the destinies of the Far East—and thus bring gain to Russia.

"There is a prevalent opinion," wrote Kuropatkin, "that if we had confined ourselves to the construction of the main trans-Siberian road even though we built a part of it through Northern Manchuria, there would have been no war; that the war was caused by our occupation of Port Arthur and Mukden, and more particularly by the Bezobrazoff timber enterprise in Korea. There is also an opinion, held by others, that the building of the main line through Northern Manchuria should be regarded not merely as the first of our active enterprizes in the Far East, but as the basis and foundation of them all, because if we had carried a road along the Amur, through our own territory, we should never have thought of occupying the southern part of Manchuria and the province of Kwang-tung." Kuropatkin and Alexeieff quarrelled over the expediency of evacuating Manchuria, the former being in favour of it, the latter objecting, as it insured the safety of railroad communication between Kwang-tung and Russia. But the diarist takes us through many other dark passages besides that connected with Southern Manchuria trade and tells us of the incredible schemes of Bezobrazoff, which were "promoted by every possible means." One incredible scheme followed another, and in the summer of 1903 there was submitted to Kuropatkin a project which provided for the immediate concentration of an army of seventy thousand men in Southern Manchuria. He tells us, what was stated at the time in these columns, that the aim of Bezobrazoff was to utilize the timber company as a means of creating a sort of screen or barrier against a possible attack by the Japanese, and in 1902-03 his activity and that of his adherents assumed a very alarming form. Local forces were raised at the very time when Russia was under obligations to evacuate the province of Mukden altogether. The danger was fully recognised and the Ministers of Finance, Foreign Affairs and War (Witte, Lamsdorff and Kuropatkin) protesting, procured the appointment of a special council to consider the situation. The Tsar himself counselled the adoption of conciliatory measures and that the timber venture must be a purely commercial undertaking. Kuropatkin himself urged that if they did not put a stop to the then existing unsatisfactory state of affairs, a rupture with Japan was inevitable.

The whole story of duplicity is gone into and Kuropatkin pathetically observes: "The future historian, who will have access to all the documents, may be able, from study of them, to determine why the will of the Russian monarch to avoid war with Japan was not carried into effect by his principal co-workers?" When writing he found it only possible to say, unconditionally, that although neither Emperor nor Russia desired war, they did not succeed in escaping it. The reason for the failure of the negociations was evidently to be found in Russia's ignorance of Japan's readiness for war and her determination to support her contentions with armed force. "We ourselves were not ready to fight and resolved that it should not come to fighting. We made demands, but we had no intention of using weapons to enforce them—and it may be added, they were not worth going to war about. We always thought, moreover, that the question whether there should be war or peace depended upon us and we wholly overlooked Japan's stubborn determination to enforce demands that had for her such vital importance, and also her reliance upon our military unreadiness. Thus the negociations were carried on by the respective parties under unequal conditions." Alexeieff no doubt precipitated the war by the extraordinary interpretation he put upon his instructions. But one thing is made clear by the publication of Kuropatkin's memoirs, that he, at all events, was loyal to his conviction. And he puts the lessons of that period very clearly before his readers when he tells them that the sacrifices and dangers experienced, or that are anticipated as results of the position taken up in the Far East, ought to be a warning to Russia when she dreams of getting an outlet on the unfreezing waters of the Indian Ocean at Chahbar. Says he: "It is evident that the English are preparing to meet us there. The building of the railroad across the whole of Persia and the establishment of a port at Chahbar, with fortifications, a fleet, etc., will simply be a repetition of our experience with the Eastern Chinese Railway and Port Arthur. In the place of Port Arthur, we shall have Chahbar and instead of war with Japan, we shall have a still more unnecessary and still more terrible war with Great Britain."

THE TRADE OF ADEN.

ADEN suffered considerably in its trade in the year ending with March last, the total decrease in value being Rs.1,06,85,706. The Indian trade decreased by nearly fifteen lakhs, but the inland trade decreased by some two and three-quarter lakhs. The trade of Aden is a valuable addition to the Indian trade, for, to use an old expression in an altered form, the Indian Customs here "make on the swings and on the roundabouts." Why it should be so we do not see, but it is a fact that goods which have paid Customs duty to the Indian Government on entry to Aden have to repay when re-exported and sent to India, and it may be that the very erratic manner in which the Customs duty is exacted on articles from Aden has something to do with the decline in trade. It may be that the scale is better adjusted in the case of large consignments, but in the case of V.P.P articles there is a delightful insouciance about the amount to be charged which is most puzzling to the Indian recipient. The total decrease shown does not properly represent the alteration which took place in trade, for an increase of thirty-five lakhs in treasure goes to counteract a portion of the decrease of over one and a quarter crores which took place in general merchandise. Other factors, too, must be taken into account. The increase in the price of coal, both English and Indian, raised the value of trade done in coal to the extent of two lakhs, whilst the actual amount decreased by nine hundred tons. A decrease of over twenty-one lakhs in the trade in skins, owing to America discouraging arrivals from independent Somali ports and the Benadir coast, had an important effect, and the general stagnation of trade was reflected in the huge decrease of dealing in the cotton trade. Grey piece-goods decreased by thirty-six million yards and sixty-five and three-quarter lakhs in imports and by eighteen million yards and thirty-six lakhs in exports. Austria was fortunate in a bad year in recording an increased trade of eleven and a half lakhs, the amount being spread over nearly all items of trade, while Germany secured a general increase of nearly a lakh and a half. The exact position of the United Kingdom in the trade is difficult to determine, although the net result was a decrease of Rs. 1,511. There was an increase of Rs. 3,39,607 in imports to Aden and a decrease of Rs. 341,118 in exports to England. The English materials in which the demand in Aden was greatest were textile materials and hardware, machinery, paints, provisions, silk, soap and telegraphic materials, while the decrease in the exports, except in the case of hides which was large, was small in individual cases because it was largely spread out, though manufactured articles generally increased to a slight extent. Bombay suffered in its Aden trade to the extent of over sixteen and a half lakhs, but Karachi is striking out a trade with the port which last year increased by ten and a third lakhs, or 276·01 per cent., chiefly in fruits and fresh vegetables, grain and pulse and general provisions, while the return trade increased slightly in amount by Rs. 2,766, which, however, is equivalent to 53·76 per cent. The trade with the mainland of Arabia shows little change.

THE LATE COLONEL WARD.

COLONEL HENRY WARD who has just died at the age of 72, was no doubt, as Reuter says, a Mutiny Veteran; but his part in that memorable struggle was very subordinate. He was attached as a young engineer officer to the fifth or reserve column in the gallant assault during the famous storm of Delhi of September 14, in the course of which the brave Nicholson received the wound of which he died seven days later. This assault, heroic as it was, failed, chiefly owing to the repulse of the fourth column, of its chief object; but owing mainly to the ground gained by it, in a few days that rebel city was virtually won back, and Nicholson had the satisfaction of hearing of this hopeful state affrs before he succumbed to his wound. also took that part in action at Narnuls a little later, and got the Mutiny medal with clasp. But he earned his chief distinction much later as a Political Officer in various capacities under the Government of India. He rendered very valuable service to the State of Bhopal during the minority of the late Begum, and put the administration there on a good basis. He is remembered there still. Colonel Ward was the son of a very distinguished Colonial official Sir Henry George Ward, who was successively Governor of the Ionian Islands and of Ceylon. He was in the latter island colony when the Mutiny broke, and he was the first to render very timely assistance to Lord Canning by despatching at once to Calcutta the greater part of the only European regiment he had under him. "I should take shame to myself, as an Englishman," were his words to Lord Canning, "if I were to allow any consideration of responsibility to stand in the way of an immediate compliance with your request to the utmost extent of my power." For this and other services he was rewarded by being appointed Governor of Madras to succeed Sir Charles Trevelyan, who was recalled from his high office owing to differences with the Supreme Government on the Income Tax. But Sir Henry died within a month of his coming to Madras at the beginning of August 1860. Sir Henry was the cousin of the famous Catholic Ultramontain theologian, William Ward who is better known as "Ideal" Ward, and who played such a prominent part in the Oxford Movement.

CARTER, the magician, gives his inaugural performance in the Jubilee Hall at Rangoon, on the evening of the 30th instant. He arrives from the Straits on the 29th.

IN connection with the new Alexandra Docks at Bombay and the extension of the railway right to the water's edge, it is intended, says the "Pioneer," to have a big postal sorting shed on the quay. This will be especially manned on the day of the arrival of the mail steamer by several hundred sorters, who will deal with postal articles sent unsorted from Europe. In this way the delay which will follow upon the abolition of the Sea Post Office between Aden and Bombay will be reduced to a minimum and the mail trains for up country will receive their bags so quickly that the public should not be inconvenienced.

# ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

## ANGLO-GERMAN RELATIONS.

### The Eucharistic Conference.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
LONDON, SEPTEMBER 11.

Herr Bebel, the German Socialist leader, has written an interesting letter on the subject of the relations between Germany and Britain, which I am afraid are not improving. The letter is addressed to Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, M. P., and is written in reply to the resolution recently passed by the Labour Party. Herr Bebel, to the delight of many people in this country, recently administered a snub to certain officious comrades of his in this country who with characteristic irresponsibility, and for reasons best known to themselves, have been trying to get up a war scare. Herr Bebel finds himself in agreement with the saner views of the more responsible politicians represented by Mr. Macdonald. Speaking for himself and those associated with him, Herr Bebel says:—"We have taken up the standpoint that there exist no grounds on which a war between the two highly-civilized peoples, Englishmen and Germans, could be justified. We shall continue to act from this standpoint, and should our rulers exhibit any tendency to provoke a war we shall leave nothing undone that may be in our power to prevent such a war." Notwithstanding "the war clamours of certain elements in Germany and England," he cannot admit that the opposition between the ruling classes of the two countries has reached so tense a point as to foreshadow an early outbreak of war. That such a war may break out in the course of time he holds to be quite possible. "Preparations for war are carried on with such vehemence, and they claim such an immense part of the resources of our nations that this state of things cannot last very long. It is provoking that catastrophe which it is meant to prevent." He might have added that the well-meant though not very judicious efforts of certain English public men to bring about a cessation in the production of armaments have, so far as can be seen, not only done no good but apparently harm. It was hardly to be expected that Mr. Lloyd-George or Mr. Winston Churchill would succeed where King Edward failed—if that be the right word to use. It is now stated as a matter of fact that the question of the limitation of the output of implements of war which is such a burden on the nations was raised during His Majesty's visit to Cronberg a month ago today. In the words of a well-informed Vienna correspondent the proposal was negatived by the Kaiser's observation that, as the German programme of naval construction has been fixed in advance by Parliament until 1912, it is not at present open to modification. In this connection the remarks of the President of the Pan-German League, at the annual meeting of that body held in Berlin on Sunday, are not to be regarded as a negligible quantity. After growling at "modern German diplomacy" as unworthy of a nation numbering 63 millions, he referred to the "understandings" at which "our enemies and neighbours" had arrived. He expressed the opinion that the determination arrived at by England and France and England and Russia to bury the hatchet will be to paralyse for an indefinite period German influence in the sphere of 'Weltpolitike.' He consoles himself, however, by reflecting that these respective agreements cannot endure, as they are "unnatural" and "merely designed to subserve the selfish interests of Great Britain." He rejoiced to be able to derive from the Strassburg speech following the Cronberg meeting "the assurance that no authoritative quarter in Germany thinks of concluding with England an agreement with regard to naval armaments." While the Pan-German League does not believe that England and France desire war. (Who does believe it?) "if it is to come the German will not shrink from it. The German people would engage in a conflict of this kind with all the more determination since they would be inspired by the consciousness that a war in a good cause could not but provide a valuable antidote to the enervating materialism of a long period of peace." The President of the Pan-German League is certainly frank.

THE EUCHARISTIC CONGRESS.

The International Eucharistic Congress which has paid Protestant England—and all things considered it is—a compliment of a very special character of assembling this year in London, and for the first time in three centuries and a half brought a Papal Legate to our shores, has been the means unfortunately of raising the *odium theologicum* in a manner unparalleled in recent times. When it was first announced that this important gathering of Roman Catholics would take place in the British metropolis nobody, so far as I am aware, objected and it is only within or week or so that the opposition, about which all are now talking, manifested itself. When the particulars of the procession were published and it was found that it was to be an adoration of the Host, the extreme Protestants were up in arms. But at first their protest did not relate to the much-criticised procession but to a report that the Legate was to be received by the King. This turned out to be untrue, and simultaneously with the publication of the remonstrance addressed to His Majesty, appeared a denial which took the form of a statement that the King will not be in London next week. That according to the law the procession is illegal is not denied by its organisers, but they argue that the prohibition is and ought to be a dead letter Papers like the "Times," the "Morning Post" and the "Westminster Gazette," which cannot be accused of intolerance in religious matters, think that the procession is a mistake and wish that it could be abandoned even at the eleventh hour. The Roman Church evidently wishes to stand well with the English people and it would gain kudos if the proposed demonstration—using the word in no offensive sense—were dispensed with. At the same time it must be pointed out that the streets through which it has been arranged for the procession to pass are in a way off the main track and with very little traffic of any sort, pedestrian or vehicular.

FIGHTING MAC.—A CURIOUS STORY.

The writer who above the letters "X. Y. Z." contributes a column of chatty paragraphs to the Bonveni Street journal every day asks the startling question "Is General Sir Hector Macdonald really dead?" He proceeds: "According to a letter which I have just received from a friend—a Minister in Manitoba—there is a belief in some quarters of the world that Fighting Mac still lives." His ministerial friend writes:—"A man employed in a farm here says his brother in Ceylon has seen and spoken to General Sir Hector Macdonald who was reported to have committed suicide in a Paris hotel. He says it is well-known that this suicide was a hoax and that Hector Macdonald is now an officer in Japan and fought for the Japanese against Russia. He says 'everybody knows' that Sir Hector's wife went out to join her husband in the East somewhere after the mock suicide." In a subsequent issue X. Y. Z. mentions on the authority of a Bradford correspondent that there is a widespread conviction in Yorkshire that Sir Hector is still alive. I am told that the celebrated war correspondent Mr. Bennet Burleigh, who was MacDonald's most intimate friend, is very incredulous regarding the report. Another well known Scotsman who also new the distinguished soldier extremely well and who has lately been visiting his native heath tells me, however, that not only at Dingwall, Macdonald's birth-place and the scene of the national monument erected in his memory, but throughout the Highlands the Ceylon legend is almost universally credited. He himself heard from people in Ross-shire before the matter was mentioned in the "Daily News" that Macdonald is supposed to have engineered the Japanese military successes—there is no false modesty north of the Lowlands!—and it was not only ignorant crofters who avowed their belief that the reported tragedy in the French capital was a "put-up job." It is said that when Macdonald's brother and another relative went over to Paris to fetch the remains the coffin was fastened up, and that they were not allowed to see the body. If this be true it may possibly have been the origin of the strange story about which all Scotsmen are now talking. There is no limit to human credulity. As we have been reminded there are in some parts of Ireland people who are firmly persuaded that Parnell did not actually die in 1901 and that the announcement of his death was a fiction invented for political reasons!

OLLA PODRIDA.

Many of your readers will regret to learn that Mrs. Ebden, wife of the former Commissioner of the Southern Division, passed away last Friday. The sad event occurring at Clifton, Bristol. Deep sympathy will be felt for Mr. Ebden throughout the Western Presidency.

The Zoroastrian colony will celebrate *Pateti* by dining together at the Criterion on Sunday night. As the anniversary falls this year on a Sunday the occasion, I am informed, will not be utilised as usual for welcoming many guests of the Parsi community, but some Englishmen are expected to be present as private guests.

In the "Times" account of the funeral of that great Civil Servant Sir Edward Hamilton, it is stated that the inscription on one of the wreaths was "From desponding Marie de Rothschild." It should have read "From Leopold and Marie de Rothschild." This time it was not the printer who was at fault. The "Times" explains that the mistake occurred in transmission by telegraph. How many and what amusing mistakes occur in transmission only a sub-editor knows. Some years ago in a discussion on "illegal vestments" a witty Dean expressed his willingness though not a Ritualist to wear a cope with decent sleeves if any one would make him a present of such a garment. The next day an important London paper reported him as offering to wear in the service of his Cathedral a 'coat' with a 'dozen sleeves.' This comical "derangement of epitaphs" was also described at the time as having occurred in transmission, but I believe it really was an error of transcription on the part of a sleepy reporter not well up in ecclesiastical controversies; at any rate, the sub-editor who passed it ought to have received, and doubtless did receive, an intimation to be more careful in future. But as I have often told the stupid people who make such a fuss about a turned comma or other trifling typhographical slip, newspapers do not make more mistakes, probably not so many, as their critics. But the mistakes of the former are published to all the world while those of the latter are not as a rule known publicly.

Apropos of mistakes the Court Newsman was guilty of a howler on Monday. In accordance with the sensible course recently instituted of enabling representatives of the Colonial forces to serve for a time with the Imperial Army a detachment of the 48th Highlanders (Canadian Militia) are now in this country and temporarily attached to the Gordons with whom their regiment has been "allied" since 1904. The Dominion Highlanders were received at Buckingham Palace on Monday with some amount of ceremony. Amongst the officers presented were the Commandant (Lieut.-Colonel D. M. Robertson) and Captain J. C. K. Osborne. In recording the event the Court Circular says "The King invested Lieut.-Colonel D. M. Robertson with the Insignia of a Commander of the Royal Victorian Order, and Captain J. E. K. Osborne with the Insignia of the Royal Victorian Order, 4th Class." Next day the Court Circular contained the following paragraph:—

The announcement in yesterday's Court Circular of the Decorations conferred by His Majesty upon Officers of the Canadian Militia is incorrect; it should have been "The King invested Brigadier-General L. Buchan with the Insignia of a Commander of the Royal Victorian Order, and Lieut.-Colonel D. M. Robertson with the Insignia of the Royal Victorian Order."

Poor Captain Osborne! I am afraid that the Court Newsman or whoever was responsible for this almost unaccountable blunder would have had an unpleasant quarter of an hour, if it had happened during the reign of Queen Victoria. She was very particular about the Court Circular, so particular that on one occasion the editor of a very great journal was snubbed because he ventured to correct before printing the circular some lapse of grammar or fact.

## THE QUESTION OF UNEMPLOYED.

### FULHAM WORKHOUSE RAIDED.

### Great Relief Loan at Manchester.

### HUGE INCREASE OF SUFFERERS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 25.

The unemployed question is daily becoming more acute.

A thousand unemployed raided Fulham Workhouse yesterday.

Two hundred of them forced an entrance and refused to leave till they were fed.

Crowds made demonstrations at Manchester, Glasgow and Leeds, demanding work of the Municipalities.

The Lord Mayor of Manchester announced at a meeting of citizens yesterday, that Mr. Burns had sanctioned a municipa loan of £50,000 on behalf of the unemployed.

Colonel Seely, speaking at Chesterfield last night, said that the unemployed numbered nine per cent. as compared with four per cent. in 1907.

## GENEROUS GIFT TO THE NATION.

### Fund for Peaceful Heroes.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 24.

Mr. Carnegie has made a gift of one and a quarter million dollars, yielding 12,500 sterling annually, for the formation of a Hero Fund, for the purpose of assisting those following peaceful vocations in the United Kingdom, who have been injured in heroic efforts to save human life, and the widows and children of those similarly killed.

The King has approved of the scheme.

## THE SHAH AND THE POWERS.

### New Elections to be Ordered.

### RESENTMENT OF FOREIGN DICTATION.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 24.

Reuter learns that the Shah's reply to the Anglo-Russian Note agrees to order new elections and convoke the Assembly; but, in view of the disturbed condition of the Azerbaijan region, he must choose his own time.

This is considered due to the desire of the Shah not to appear to yield to foreign dictation.

The incident of the attack by Cossacks on the British Legation Guards at Teheran is considered closed by the explanation furnished, and the action of the Cossack Commander in punishing the guilty.

## OPIUM IN SIAM.

### No Immediate Suppression.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 24.

Reuter wires from Bangkok that the King of Siam, replying to an address, regretted that the suppression of opium in Siam was at present impossible, but measures will be taken for lessening and eventually entirely suppressing the sale of it.

## TYPHOON IN THE PHILIPPINES.

### Immense Damage.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 24.

terrific typhoon has swept across the central Philippines and caused great loss of life. No details are yet to hand, owing to the telegraphs being interrupted.

## AUSTRALIAN NAVAL DEFENCE.

### Mr. Deakin's Scheme Accepted.

### COST OF A LOCAL FLOTILLA.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 25.

The Admiralty, in reply to Mr. Deakin's proposals, agrees to the Commonwealth providing and maintaining a local flotilla of six destroyers, nine submarines and two depot ships at a cost of £1,250,000 and an establishment of 1,204 officers and men, who will be embodied in the Imperial Navy, but controlled by the Commonwealth when in Australian waters.

Sydney dockyard will be reserved as formerly for Imperial purposes.

## OLD AGE PENSIONS.

### Fifty Thousand Applicants.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 25.

The first Old Age Pension forms were issued yesterday.

There was a steady procession of applicants at the Post Offices and 50,000 forms were issued in London.

## BULGARIA AND THE ORIENTAL RAILWAY.

### Reply to Turkey.

### UNEASINESS AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 25.

Bulgaria has informed the Porte that the assumption of the Rumelian section of the Oriental Railway is a question to be settled solely between itself and the Railway Company.

LATER.

During the railway strike Bulgaria placed the Rumelian section of the Oriental Railway in charge of soldiers.

A fresh Turkish Note has now been presented insisting on their withdrawal and on the restoration of the line to the Company.

The attitude of Bulgaria is causing disquiet in Constantinople.

## MOTOR TOURIST TROPHY.

### Won by a Hatton Car.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 25.

The race for the Motor Tourist Trophy took place in the Isle of Man yesterday. The distance was 339½ miles, over a course of 37½ miles.

A Hatton car came in first, having covered the distance in six hours forty-three minutes five seconds.

Darracq cars were second and third.

Owing to the sharpness of the turns the newspapers predicted that accidents would occur, and ambulances were stationed at thirty-eight points on the route.

Five cars overturned, but by a miracle, their occupants escaped injury.

## THE OPIUM TRADE.

### Canton Government's Monopoly.

### PROTEST BY BRITISH INDIANS.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 25.

Reuter wires from Hongkong that the British Indian opium merchants have lodged strong representations to the Chamber of Commerce, the China Association and H. M.'s Consul-General at Canton against the attempted indirect monopoly by the Canton Provincial Government and against the obstructive regulations seriously detrimental to British India trade.

## NEWCASTLE BYE-ELECTION.

### A Unionist Victory.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 25.

The by-election in Newcastle, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Mr. Thomas Cairns (Liberal) has resulted as follows :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. G. Renwick (Unionist)..... | 13,863 |
| Mr. E. Shortt (Liberal)..... | 11,720 |
| Mr. Hartley (Socialist) ..... | 2,971 |

(Unionist gain.)

The polling at the last election was :—

| | |
|---|---|
| William Hudson (Lab.) ..... | 18,869 |
| Thomas Cairns (L.) ..... | 18,423 |
| Sir Walter R. Plummer (C.)... ... | 11,942 |
| George Renwick (C)..... ....11,223 | |

## RACING.

### The Newbury Autumn Cup.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 25.

The following is the result of the race for the Newbury Autumn Cup :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Maya ..... | 1 |
| Yellow Peril ..... | 2 |
| Laomedia ..... | 3 |

Eleven horses started.

The race was won by a head, and four lengths separated the second and third.

The betting at the start was—5 to 1 Maya, 100 to 30 Yellow Peril and 11 to 2 Laomedia.

## THE TRANSVAAL AND INDIANS.

### Meeting of Protest.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, SEPTEMBER 25.

A large public meeting, in which there were few students, was held in Hyderabad (Sind) on Wednesday evening last, in Holmsted Hall, to protest against the persecution of Indians in the Transvaal.

Mr. Chubermal Kundanmal, B.A., retired Public Prosecutor, presided.

The first resolution condemned the conduct of the Transvaal Government, sympathised with the Indians and expressed admiration for their heroism.

The second resolution urged the Imperial Government to insist on a better treatment of Indians.

The third resolution suggested retaliation by the Indian Government.

Mahomedans were conspicuous by their absence from the meeting.

## MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

The posting of Lieutenant-Colonel D. G. Wemyss to the 2nd Battalion, Bombay, has been cancelled, he having been appointed to the command of the 1st Battalion, Shorncliffe, in succession to Colonel G. G. Cunningham, C.B., D.S.O., who retired within four months of completing his tenure in command.

Captain E. H. B. Baker Stallard-Penoyre, the senior Company Commander of the Royal Scots, at Shorncliffe, has taken his retired pay.

Lieutenants C. E. Palmer, I.M.S., and N. S. Sadhi, I.M.S., revert to military employ.

## ANARCHY IN INDIA.

### Disturbances during Poojahs.

NOT ANTICIPATED BY THE POLICE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPTEMBER 25.

The "Statesman" says that the Calcutta police authorities see no reason to anticipate any kind of disturbance during the ensuing poojahs, and the notices which are posted at the bathing ghats and the dissemination of these rumours are regarded as the work of irresponsible persons and mere mischief makers.

After further evidence had been given by Captain Weinman and Mr. Nelson, the former Joint Magistrate, the hearing was adjourned until Saturday next.

### Midnapore Bomb Case.

HEARING RESUMED.

CALCUTTA, SEPTEMBER 25.

The hearing of the Midnapore conspiracy case was resumed before Mr. Reid, Joint Magistrate, Midnapore, yesterday, when protests were made by counsel for the defence as to the failure of the prosecution as yet to produce tangible and substantial evidence, which was promised by the 23rd instant, when the application for bail was being made in the High Court.

### Bomb from a passing Train.

HEAD CONSTABLE'S CUNNING CONCOCTION.

CALCUTTA, SEPTEMBER 25.

The story of a bomb having been thrown at a train which contained some prisoners from Calcutta turns out to be pure fiction. It seems to have been the cunning concoction of Head Constable Ram Padarat Singh to cover his own delinquency.

According to a telegram, the Stationmaster, Mokameh, to the Agent, East Indian Railway says: "The presumption is that the door was opened by Ram Padarat Singh and came in contact with a passing train between Kalipahari and Raneegunge."

Anyhow, Ram Padarat has been billed for Rs. 6 as damages.

### Another Bomb Explosion.

AN ENGINE DISABLED.

CALCUTTA, SEPTEMBER 25.

Report has reached Calcutta of a bomb, or something like it, having exploded and disabled an engine at Pallour Station on the loop line of the East Indian Railway. No further particulars have been received, but vigorous police enquiries are in progress.

## SEDITION IN INDIA.

### The Case against the "India."

### CERTAIN EVIDENCE NOT ADMITTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 25.

Yesterday, in the Presidency Magistrate's Court, Egmore, before Mr. Bird, Chief Presidency Magistrate, the adjourned enquiry into the charges of sedition and creating race hatred against Mr. M. Sreenivasa Aiyengar, Editor of the "India" published in Madras, was resumed.

The question of the admissibility in evidence of articles not forming the direct subject matter of the charge against the accused having been raised at an earlier stage of the proceedings by counsel for the defence, the whole afternoon was spent in the discussion of the subject, and eventually his Worship passed a lengthy order, which concluded as follows :—"I cannot help thinking that the admission of the extra evidence, now sought to be put in, would impose on the accused a burden which the law does not intend him to bear and must therefore decline to admit it."

### Tachanallur Riots Case.

APPEAL DISMISSED.

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 25.

The following is a summary of the judgment delivered in the Tinnevelly Sessions Court, in the appeal preferred by the accused in the Tachanallur riots case, by Mr. A. C. Dutt, I.C.S., on the 14th March, the last day after the Tinnevelly riots:—

The village of Tachanallur, which lies close by, indulged in disturbance of its own. A crowd of persons passed through the streets, closed the bazaars, went to the Union Office and demanded the records. The crowd made a bonfire of the Union carts, causing damage which is estimated at Rs. 170. A constable tried to arrest one of the offenders and was told that he himself would be thrown into the fire if he tried to interfere.

The evidence against each of the accused has been well summarised by the Deputy Magistrate. The Judge pointed out a material error in the Magistrate's summary, but that did not affect his opinion as to the guilt of the accused.

His Honour confirmed the conviction and sentences of all the accused and dismissed the appeal. He regarded the sentences passed on eight of the accused as inadequate, considering the daring nature of the offence and the value of the property destroyed by fire, and has addressed the High Court to enhance the sentences passed on them.

From the 12th to the 18th instant, 6 Europeans, 8 East Indians, 30 Native Christians, 563 Hindus, and 72 Mahomedans died within the limits of Madras, making a total of 679. The death-rate was 69·3 per mille, the mean for the ten previous years being 52·7. The deaths are thus classified :—Cholera 110, fevers 181, bowel complaints 102, and other causes 286.

## ARMS IN A TANK.

### Bag of Bullets Found.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPTEMBER 25.

The following telegram appears in the "Bengalee."

Naraingung, September 24.—Yesterday four bags of bullets were found in a long tank adjacent to the Criminal Court at 4 p.m. Each bag weighed 10 seers.

The police guarded the tank the whole night. Some 30 men were employed to search the tank yesterday and this morning, but nothing more was found. The telegram ends by saying that great panic prevails.

### House-Search at Ghauhati.

A FRUITLESS ENDEAVOUR.

A Gauhati telegram to the same paper, dated yesterday, says that the police surrounded the premises of the Assam Valley Trading Company and the houses of Mr. Srigovinda Lahiri and Dr. Durga Mohan Lahiri, and searched the places thoroughly, but found nothing incriminating.

It was reported to the police that Mr. Srigovinda Lahiri had supplied certain Anarchists with a revolver, cartridges and dynamite, and on this report the search was made.

## DR. SVEN HEDIN.

### Lecture at Viceregal Lodge.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 25.

Last evening, Dr. Sven Hedin, who is staying here as the guest of the Viceroy, delivered a private lecture at Viceregal Lodge, in which he summarized the results of his recent two years' exploration of Tibet.

H. E. the Viceroy, Lady Minto, Sir Louis and Lady Dane, Lord Kitchener, the Members of Council, the Maharaja of Alwar and various high officials and members of the Army Staff were present. The audience, which included many ladies, listened with the deepest interest to the lecture.

Dr. Sven Hedin has a happy method of telling his story, and the various anecdotes which he related were touched with gleams of humour.

A large map, drawn by himself in four days, was hung above the dais, and this was flanked by ordinary maps of Asia and India for purposes of comparison. There were shown in screens, crayon and coloured drawings of Tibetan types, the interiors of temples and some beautiful panoramas. This collection is unique and is of the highest value. It was inspected by the audience very closely.

The lecture was not one intended for publication, but it may be noted that it showed how great were the hardships which the explorer had to endure and how severe was the loss of the caravan animals.

At the conclusion of the lecture, which lasted some three hours, Dr. Sven Hedin was warmly applauded.

The Viceroy, in thanking him on behalf of all present, said that they owed him a deep debt of gratitude for his most interesting lecture. The story he told was full of adventure and incident, revealing facts of the highest geographical value. The lecturer had, moreover, taken his listeners into his confidence, which he (the Viceroy) was sure would be respected. They would watch his future career with the deepest interest and would join very heartily in an ovation, which he would receive from his fellow-countrymen in Sweden. (Loud applause.)

## THE BURMA COUNCIL.

### Two Bills to be Passed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON SEPTEMBER 25.

The next meeting of the Burma Legislative Council takes place to-morrow at Government House at 11 a.m.

Two Bills will be presented. The first is the Bill to amend the British Burma Pilots Act of 1883. This Bill and the report of the Select Committee is to be passed on the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. Radford Young, Government Advocate.

The second Bill will be moved and passed into law by the Hon'ble Mr. Rice, Secretary to the Government of Burma. It is a Bill to provide for the prohibition of inoculation and the licensing of vaccinators in Burma.

A proposal by the Government of Burma to provide all the residences of gazetted officers with furniture has been negatived by the Government of India.

## AMERICAN CONSULATE.

### Change of Consuls.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, SEPTEMBER 25.

Under instructions from the Department of State, at Washington, Mr. Tiedemann, Acting American Consular Agent in Rangoon, has given over charge of the Agency to Mr. A. E. Wakefield, who arrived by the s.s. "Pegu," from Home this week. It is understood that this Consular Agency, by an Act of the Congress of the United States, has been raised to a higher grade.

## PLAGUE IN INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 24.

The number of plague deaths in India rose last week to 1,979, Bombay Presidency reporting 1,100, Central Provinces and Berar 348, Mysore State 185, Madras Presidency 71, and Hyderabad State 85.

## PEOPLE ONE MEETS ABROAD.

By Francis Gribble.

"Good Society," somebody said, "is good society everywhere;" but the people with whom one rubs shoulders in the Continental hotels do not, as a rule, belong to it. They are "even as you and I"—sometimes a little more so, sometimes a little less—with very visible, and audible, racial characteristics. Experience soon teaches you to spot the Frenchman, the German, the Russian, the Switzer, the Englishman, the American, long before their speech betrays them in conversation.

Take the German first. You may know him at once, either by the noise he makes or by the hours he keeps. He rises earlier than you do—about five o'clock in the morning as a rule—and, by way of beginning the day well, proceeds to tramp about over your head in heavy boots. Long before the Englishman and the Frenchman are dressed, the German is out and about, devouring the ground in his seven league boots, in quest of beer. The difference between the German abroad and the German at home, in short, is chiefly this: At home he drinks all his beer in the same beer-house—twenty glasses or so without rising from his seat; abroad he goes to twenty beer-houses, one after the other, and drinks a glass in each. His passage from beer-house to beer-house is like a race from point to point. Time him with a stop watch, and you will find that he travels about five miles an hour. But the stages are short, and the tour is circular. The mid-day dinner is the goal, and the last beer-house is within easy distance of the salle-à-manger. For the mid-day meal is, with the German, a solemn and ceremonial performance; and then again you may know him by the ritual which he observes.

He begins by gravely making a tour of the room and closing all the windows. He wishes, apparently, to enjoy the smell of the food as well as the taste of it, and he draws no delicate discriminating line between fresh air and draughts. His next act is to bow to right and left, and murmur the formula "mahlzeit." It means, roughly speaking, "May you enjoy your meal-time." Then the food is set before him, and, for a season, he is silent. Most naturally. The German believes in thoroughness; and the way to be thorough is to do only one thing at a time. Moreover, one cannot speak with one's mouth full, and, when the German is eating, his mouth is always full. Consequently there is no sound in a German salle-à-manger, save the clatter of knives and forks, until a course is finished. In all the intervals between all the courees, however, all the tongues are loosed at once. The noise of voices is like the roar of mighty waters. It is hardly conversation as other people understand it. It is rather a confusion of tongues, nobody listening, everybody speaking at once. You would imagine if you did not know the language, that some disputed point in theology or world politics was at issue, and that tempers were being lost about it. But you would be quite wrong. The topic under discussion is quite trivial—the hour at which a train starts, or something of that sort: and the disputants are not really excited. They are only filling in the time until the next course is brought in. As soon as it appears, they drop the argument like a hot potato, and eat in silence as before. And so on through many courses until they have all eaten their fill. Then they struggle to their feet, say "mahlzeit" again, and go to bed. The German—the typical German out for a holiday—disappears from the social scheme of things as soon as he has finished his mid-day meal, and lies torpid all the afternoon. You hear little more of him until he is once more tramping over your head in heavy boots at some unconscionably early hour.

The French are different—very different, and much more companionable. The popular belief is that the "entente" has made them so; but that is not the case. We and the French have often fought, and have still oftener been on the point of fighting. Traditionally they are our enemies. Practically, we have always got on with them better than with any other people. Our rivalries have no more been a barrier to agreeable social intercourse than have the rivalries of Oxford and Cambridge. The rivalries have, in fact, like the rivalries of the Universities, uniformly been attended by mutual respect, and many personal friendships have been formed in consequence. For the object of a Frenchman in society is always, in theological language, to "redeem the time,"—to get pleasure out of it, that is to say, by affability and bright talk. "Here are you and I," he seems to say, "thrown together by circumstances out of our control. It is our common interest to make the most of the moments which we have to spend together. We must not sulk, we must not rub each other the wrong way. Far better to learn from each other, and entertain each other." I believe he would take that gracious line if one or other of you were a prisoner of war. I know from experience that he takes it when the jingo newspapers are hounding their respective readers on to hatred. Often and often, in such a case, have a Frenchman and I found common ground of sympathy in our loudly expressed contempt for the press. And that even in a company of commercial travellers.

Was there insincerity in it? If so, I think that sort of insincerity is worth cultivating. But, as a matter of fact, I have had proofs, from time to time, that it is not insincere. In particular I remember an occasion when two compatriots of mine—sailors who had deserted their ship at Havre—tramped penniless into the little watering-place of Saint-Valery-en-Caux, and, knowing no language but their own, had great difficulty in making their necessities understood. England and France were quarrelling violently about something or other at the time; but that made no difference. Somebody walked a mile to fetch the only man in the neighbourhood who could talk English; he willingly left his work and came to the rescue. An innkeeper, when he understood what was the trouble, offered a gratuitous meal; the commissary of police offered a shake-down in the police station; the tramps, in fact, had a much better time than they deserved. The village barber told me all about it afterwards. "We all did what we could for them," he said. "I am a poor man, and I could not do much; but I invited them to wash their faces in my basin." When such things happen no one can justly say that the French are insincere in their friendliness to strangers. But I find that I have strayed a little from my subject, and left myself little space in which to speak of the other people of other races whom one meets upon one's travels. Those whom one sees most of nowdays are probably the Russians and the Swiss.

The note of the Swiss is emphatically a musical note. They are all musical, though, so far as I know, the country has never yet produced a great musician; and there is no other country in the world in which the people devote so great a portion of their time to the singing of part-songs. The Swiss sing as they walk, sing as they travel on the steamboats, sing as they sit over their drinks. The only wonder is that they do not sing while they are eating. In order that they may be prepared to sing at any moment they all carry books of words in their pockets, as I once discovered when the train was late at Pontarlier station. No-body minded the delay; everybody recognised it as an opportunity for a concert. It was not necessary for anyone to call for a song. The song simply occurred. Books of the words were produced spontaneously, and the chorus burst upon us like a thunder-clap, and everybody joined in it as a matter of course—the newspaper boys, the young ladies at the refreshment bar, the porters, the omnibus conductors and even the station-master in all his glory. All the simple Swiss characteristics seemed to be summed up in the incident.

Finally of the Russians, who really ought to have an article to themselves. All the cheaper holiday resorts—especially in Switzerland—are nowadays full of them. Most of them, though not all of them, are on the revolutionary side; and your natural impulse, as a sympathetic citizen of a free country, is to get them to talk about the revolution. Try to do so, and you will soon perceive how suspicious they are of everybody and everything. Every unknown person is for them a spy. Their great fear is lest the spy may send home a report which will result in the confiscation of their property, or, if they are retired, functionaries in the stopping of their pensions. They often see spies in retired British colonels or in Cook's tourists, innocent of a word of any language but their own. Consequently it is very difficult to get them to talk freely; but, when they do talk freely, they talk very freely indeed. More than once, chiefly at Bex, I have been admitted to their confabulations, and have drunk from their samovars. Then I have heard slips of girls defend the throwing of bombs, and decrepit old men, tottering on the verge of the grave, declare that the noblest act in English history was the execution of Charles I. These Russian refugees are by no means the least interesting of the people whom one meets abroad.

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## RAILWAY CONFERENCE.

### A Busy Week.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 25.

The Railway Conference Association has got through a considerable quantity of business during the week, the method followed having been for more important items of the agenda to be considered in the morning and for the afternoon to be spent in disposal of subjects by committees. Some of the subjects which have been under discussion have been the provision of warehouse accommodation for outward goods sheds to accommodate traffic at ordinary seasons. It was decided that the time had not arrived when special sheds should be constructed to meet the rushes of traffic.

A satisfactory method of communicating particulars of accident to the press was arrived at.

Concessions have been given for servants accompanying players in hockey, cricket and football matches.

Considerable attention has been given to the question of municipal taxation of railways.

It is considered necessary that Government should be asked to take steps to prevent the growing tendency to exploit railways unduly for municipal purposes.

Another subject occupying much time is the rate of charge to be levied for the use of rolling stock when it leaves the owning line.

At the present time consideration is being given to the question of preventing thefts from passengers by railway and ensuring their safe journeys.

There are numerous questions of interest to railways themselves rather than the public.

## A SAD FATALITY.

### Six Men Killed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SURAT, SEPTEMBER 25.

A sad fatality occured this morning at the country liquor distillery, where the sudden bursting of a pipe of one of the tanks for the storage of liquor resulted in the deaths of six Hindu masons. The tank being overturned, it fell on some masons who were working near by, and these were crushed beneath the tank in hot steamy liqvor. Three men were taken out dead, and of the five others sent to hospital, three more succumbed from injuries received, and two are lying in precarious state.

## DEATH OF R. S. KSHIRSAGAO.

### Close of a Useful life.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 25.

The death occurred here yesterday of Rao Saheb Murad Rao Kshirsagao, a Mahratta worthy, who served Government for 38 years in the Military and the Police Departments.

He joined H. M's Southern Mahratta Horse as a sowar in 1858, and in 1864 the Governor of Bombay's Body-Guard as a non-commissioned officer and served until February 1875, when he was taken on as a Jamadar in charge of the Bombay Mounted Police Force by Sir Frank Souter, then Commissioner of Police. Deceased earned great credit and rewards from Government for the able assistance he rendered in detecting crime, being rewarded with the title of Rao Saheb in the New Year honors of 1892.

The deceased was a descendant of a high Mahratta family of the Satara District, who settled in Southern India during the Mahratha wars.

## "GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 25.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Captains R. L. Benwell and B. G. Bignell are posted to Plague Duty in the United Provinces, and Lieutenants A. G. Frere and C. C. Hickie to the Civil Police, Burma.

Revd. O. J. Loynes to be Chaplain, on probation, Lahore Establishment.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Good Service pension is conferred upon Surgeon-General J. P. Greany, vice Surgeon-General Browne, retired.

Lieut. C. T. Sale and Hospital Assistant Inayatullah are permitted to resign the service.

Major H. St. J. Fraser, I. M. S., is transferred to temporary half pay.

Mr. F. J. Richard to officiate as Collector of Bangalore.

Captain C. R. Kelly to be Inspecting Officer, Kashmir Imperial Service Artillery.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

### Annual Prize Distribution.

The annual prize distribution in connection with the Bombay Volunteer Artillery was held in the Town Hall last night, Mrs Greenfield giving away the prizes. General Greenfield presented the good conduct and long service medals, to Sergt.-Major Solley and Br. Cole respectively.

Lieut-Col. Louis P. Brassell, Commanding the B.V.A., in opening the proceedings, remarked that the past year was one of success for the B. V. A. They had one or two rubs, but by the cordial co-operation of the non-commissioned officers and men they were able to get all the mechanical appliances in a most satisfactory manner. His Excellency the Governor had been extremely kind to them, and owing to His Excellency's extreme kindness they would be enabled to get 94 rounds of ammunition, which would be of great use to them in their practice in these days of practical economy. His Excellency having taken a practical interest in the matter the difficulty was got over. He (the speaker) was able to inform them they would shortly get a drill-hall. It was absolutely necessary that they should have a range looking out to the sea and he need hardly say that their kind friend General Greenfield and the General Commanding the Poona District had done their best in the matter. It would be a great benefit to them to have an adjutant to give them a scientific training, but they could not hope to get it unless their number was considerably increased. He exhorted every one of them to bring more recruits for the B. V. A. from among their friends and associates. He paid them a warm tribute for the excellent work done by them during the recent disturbances, and concluded by referring to the deep regret which they all shared with him at the approaching departure of Mrs. Greenfield. He asked them to pass most cordial thanks to General and Mrs. Greenfield. He expressed his satisfaction at the good conduct and long service medals being granted respectively to Sergt.-Major Solley and Br. W. H. Cole.

Mrs. Greenfield then gave away the prizes.

The following is the list of prizes :

Gatacre Challenge Cup.—For a Cup presented by the late Genl. W Gatacre for the best shooting Company at Gun Target Practice. Won by No 1 Company. Capt Coates and Sergt. T W Venn.

Wheal Challenge Cup.—For a Cup presented by Mr Wheal for the best Sub-Division at drill on the Guns. Won by No 2 Sub-Division, No 2 Coy. Sergt G H Bailey.

Layers Competition.—A Prize presented by the Officers for the two best layers in the Corps. 1st Gr J W Hayward (Rs. 32.); 2nd, Br J S Roberts (Rs. 20).

Depression Range Finding Competition.—A Prize presented by the Officers for the two best Range Finders in the Corps. 1st, Br W. A. Niven (Rs. 30); 2nd, Gr W. Davidson (Rs. 20).

Class Firing Prizes.—Trained Volunteers: For the five highest scores in the annual course. 1st Gr O. M. P. Clyne Rs. 30; 2nd, B A. W. Barker Rs. 20; 3rd, Gr A. G. Fenner Rs. 15; 4th, Sergt T. W. Venn Rs. 10; 5th, Br W. Geldart Rs. 5 Recruits; For the highest score in the annual course. Gr G. Leach Rs. 20,

RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Inter-Company Competition.—A Challenge Cup presented by Major J. J. Marsland and Capt. R. W. R. Pennington for the best shooting Company, and medals presented by the above Officers to the winning team. Won by No 1 Coy. C. S. M. Pinder.

Carter Cup.—A Challenge Cup presented by Mr. Carter of Messrs. Lund and Blockley for the best shooting Sub-Division. Medals presented by the Officers to the winning team and to the highest score in each losing team. Won by—Left Half Company, Electrical Engineering Company. Sergt. W. Twiss.

Best scores in each losing team :—Br. A. W. Barker; Sergt T. W. Venn; Sergt M. H. Coates; Gr. O. M. P. Clyne; Br. W. Geldart; Br. J. S. Roberts.

ANNUAL RIFLE MEETING.

Match 1.—1st Prize Silver Cup presented by H. E. the Governor. 1. Br. Geldart, 2. Gr. Rogers Rs. 20; 3. Br. Barker Rs. 15; 4. Sergt Venn Rs. 10-5. S.; 5. Maber Rs. 5; 6, Copl. Hainsworth Rs. 5.

Match 2.—1st Prize presented by the Commandant cash Rs. 100:—1. Corpl. Hainsworth, 2. S-M-Solley Rs. 20; 3. Gr. Thompson Rs. 15; 4. Gr. Clyne Rs. 10; 5. Tptr. Trousdell Rs. 5; 6. Br Barker Rs. 5.

Match 3.—1st Prize presented by Messrs Rose and Co., value Rs. 50:—1. Sergt Coates 2. Br. Rogers Rs. 20; 3. Br. Barker Rs. 15; 4. S. I. Maber Rs. 10; 5. Gr. Clyne Rs. 5; 6. Sergt. Venn Rs. 5.

Match 4.—1st Prize presented by Messrs Thacker and Co., value Rs. 50.—1 Br. Niven, 2 Gr. Clyne Rs. 20; 3 Sapr. Roblon Rs. 15; 4 Sergt. Twiss Rs. 10; 5 Sapr. Partridge Rs. 5; 6 Br. Barker Rs. 5.

Match 5.—1st Prize presented by Messrs. Asquith and Lord and Marks and Co., value Rs. 50—1 Sergt Venn 2 Gr Rogers Rs. 20; 3 Br. Barker Rs. 15; 4 Gr. Clyne Rs. 10; 5 Corpl Niven Rs. 5; 6. S-I. Maber Rs. 5.

Match 6.—1st Prize presented by Messrs. Cutler Palmer and Thomson Taylor, value Rs. 50.—(1) S-I. Williams; (2) Corpl Welsh Rs. 15; (3) Br Flack Rs. 10; (4) Corpl. England Rs. 5.

Aggregate Prizes.—1st Gr Clyne Rs. 44; 2nd S M Solley Rs. 33; 3rd Br Barker Rs. 26-1.

Wins in Club Cup.—Gr. Clyne 2 wins, Br. Barker 1 win.

Long Service and Good Conduct Medal to Sergt-Major H Solley, Volunteer Horse Service, Medal to Br W H Cole.

Three cheers were then called for General and Mrs. Greenfield and were heartily responded to.

The General in returning thanks on behalf of Mrs. Greenfield and himself said that it was a great pleasure and privilege to him to be once more present at their prize-giving. He heartily thanked them for their cordial reception of his wife and himself. He was glad to be able to agree with the remarks of their Commanding Officer as to the successful results in the camp and as to the general efficiency of the Corps. They had had a very responsible and important piece of work in the defence of Bombay. The Volunteers had done their best to qualify themselves for arduous and honorable duty with good results. They should, as their Commanding Officer had told them, do their best to get a large number of recruits. He hoped they would be able to get a suitable drill-hall where they could make pleasant head-quarters and where they could get proper instructions. The General next alluded to the excellent services rendered by the Corps during the recent disturbances. He heartily testified to the good work done by Volunteers, who he hoped would always be ready to do service to their country. Although he would not be able to be present at their next prize distribution, yet the B.V.A. would always have his best wishes for their future prosperity.

A hearty vote of thanks was passed to the General and Mrs. Greenfield at the instance of Colonel Russell.

The hall was then cleared of the furniture and the members of the B.V.A. and their families and friends participated in the dancing which was kept up until the small hours of the morning.

## FAMINE IN INDIA.

### Rain needed in Oudh.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 25.

This week's season and crop telegrams show a further fall of 137,000 in numbers under famine relief, which are now down to a total of a little over a quarter of a million for the whole of India.

The United Provinces report states that although rain is urgently needed for rice crop in the eastern districts of Oudh the only part of the province which so far gives the Lieutenant. Governor any anxiety is about two-fifths of Bahraich district in which the crop has again failed. He is in hopes that the need for famine relief there may be obviated by remissions of revenue, and special advances for spring sowings, and some special expenditure on public works.

The Bengal report states that more rain is urgently wanted throughout Bihar for standing crops and specially for newly transplanted paddy.

With these exceptions the outlook appears to be excellent, though foodgrain prices have not yet fallen very appreciably.

## THE SEASON IN BOMBAY.

The following telegram from the Government of Bombay was sent to the Government of India, dated 23rd September.

Good rain during week in parts Thana, Kolaba, Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur and Dharwar, moderate in parts Surat, Ratnagiri and Belgaum and slight in parts Ahmedabad, Panch Mahals, Broach, Khandesh, West Khandesh and Gujarat Native States. Rainfall generally sufficient, but more needed in parts Ahmedabad, Panch Mahals, Kaira, Kanara, Khandesh, Nasik, Karnatak and Gujarat Native States. Standing crops slightly damaged by insects in parts Sukkur, Hyderabad and Upper Sind Frontier and suffering from want of moisture in parts Kaira, Kanara, Nasik and Karnatak. Crops in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting commenced in parts Karachi, Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Kaira, Ratnagiri, Kanara, West Khandesh and Rewa Kantha. Sowing continues in parts Ahmedabad, Poona, Sholapur, Karnatak, Palanpur and Cutch. Supply of fodder adequate except in parts Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona and Bijapur. Agricultural stock generally in good condition and sufficient except in parts Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and Cutch. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation generally sufficient. Prices of food-grains slightly fallen. Quantity purchasable per rupee in Sind 28 to 41 per cent, in Gujarat 20 to 76 per cent., in Konkan 23 to 31 per cent., in Deccan 36 to 52 per cent, and in Karnatak 30 to 50 per cent, less than normal. Stocks of grain generally adequate. Labourers get sufficient field employment and wages are normal. Cultivating and labouring classes in fair condition. Daily average numbers for week ending 12th instant: gratuitous—Panch Mahals 597, West Khandesh 1,865, Nasik 2,020, Ahmednagar 2,419, Poona 335, Sholapur 1,489, Bijapur 693, Jath 108.

## THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY AND SEDITION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR—Your admirable leading article of the other day commenting upon the Government order which commutes Tilak's sentence to one of simple imprisonment is headed by the query "What next?" I do not think the question is difficult to answer if we keep in mind what has already occurred.

Just take the events in their order :—

1. The conviction of Tilak for sedition.

2. Riots as a protest and as an expression of sympathy with him which kept Bombay in a state of turmoil and alarm for six days in which many lives were lost and property was destroyed.

3. Official visits of "sympathy" to the poor rioters in hospitals who had been wounded by the cruel soldiers!!

4. A forcible-feeble proclamation by a "sympathetic" Government which read very like an apology for calling out the military to put down the riots.

5. The release by a "sympathetic" Government of some of the poor rioters who had been convicted by the cruel Magistrates.

6. A "sympathetic" High Court quickly follows suit and reduces the sentences of others of the poor convicted rioters.

7. Tilak's fine of Rs. 1,000 is remitted by a "sympathetic" Government.

8. Tilak's sentence of transportation is commuted to one of simple imprisonment by a "sympathetic" Government.

Now your question is: "What next?" Well, in appropriate sequence. I think the next thing should be the dismissal of the High Court Judge who tried Tilak with such admirable patience and impartiality and who, after the verdict was given, awarded with obvious pain and reluctance what he considered to be a well-deserved punishment. It is difficult to see how in future and under the present authorities any Judge can consent to the humiliation of trying and sentencing a person for sedition. But that, of course, is of no consequence.

Next, I imagine, will follow the dismissal of the Magistrates who in their discretion awarded punishments that were wholly unnecessary. They have shown themselves to be entirely without "sympathy" and are therefore quite unfit for any public office. Henceforth judicial officers are not to administer justice but to show "sympathy."

The next and last scene of the farce will be the release of Tilak and his triumphant return to Bombay under a shower of letters of "sympathy" from all the prominent Government officials. He will then probably be made a C.I.E. and will once more take his seat as a Member of Council.

It is to be fervently hoped that we shall have no more trials for sedition. They are rather a dangerous as well as expensive method of creating opportunities for the exhibition of "sympathy."

We have recently heard much of Section 124A of the Penal Code. It forbids us, I understand, to do anything to bring the Government into contempt. Is there no Section which forbids the Government to bring itself into contempt?—Yours &c.

P.

## THE LATEST FROM HOME.

(SPECIALLY PREPARED BUDGET.)

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 11, PARIS, SEPTEMBER 12.

### SUMMARY OF THE WEEK.

Court.—The King, who returned from the Continent on Saturday, left London on Monday to visit Lord Savile at Rufford Abbey.—The Queen and the Empress Marie of Russia left Christiania on Monday for Copenhagen, where King George of Greece had already arrived. The Queen has sent a telegram expressing deep regret at the death of Cannon Fleming.

Agriculture.—Lord Derby's famous herd of Sussex cattle was sold last week realizing 2,283 guineas for 144 lots.

Ecclesiastical.—It is denied that the Eucharistic Congress, which opened in London on Wednesday, will be asked to consider the subject of the Pope's temporal power, or that the Cardinal Legate will be received by the King. The Protestant Alliance has called attention to the illegality of the Congress procession through the streets next Sunday.—The Bishop of New Guinea has resigned.—The Rev. E. W. Watson, M.A., Rector of Sutton, Bedfordshire, and Professor of Ecclesiastical History in King's College, London, has been appointed Canon of Christ Church and Regius Professor of Ecclesiastical History at Oxford.

Election.—Liberal, Unionist, and Labour candidates have been chosen at Newcastle.

Ireland.—Several Nationalist M.P.'s were attacked on Saturday when attempting to hold a meeting in Newcastle West, in connexion with the sale of Lord Devon's estate.—An evicting party on Lord Ashtown's property only succeeded after having hot water thrown on them.—Warships will visit Galway and Foynes next week.—Mr. R. J. Kelly, Nationalist barrister, has been appointed a Legal Assistant Land Commissioner.

Labour.—The Trade Union Congress opened at Nottingham on Monday, after a civic welcome. The president, Mr. Shackleton, M.P., urged the unions to work for the reduction of the age-limit for old-age pensions.—The Congress demands a Government inquiry into alleged "sweating" by the Salvation Army.—The Lancashire cotton operatives have voted by enormous majorities against accepting a 5 per cent. reduction of wages, but have asked the employers to attend a joint conference.—The unemployed in Glasgow made demonstrations on Saturday against the civic entertainment given to Prince Arthur of Connaught, who had come to review 10,000 members of the Boy's Brigade.—A provisional settlement of the North-Eastern engineering dispute has been reached.

London Traffic.—Season tickets are abolished on the "Bakerloo," Piccadilly, and Hampstead tube railways; but strips or rolls of tickets will be issued, six 1½d. tickets costing 8d., six 3d. tickets 1s. 4d. and so on. The London General Omnibus Company's passengers have decreased by 12,658,028 in a year.

Motor Cars.—Prince Francis of Teck, presiding on Saturday at a dinner of the Royal Automobile Club, exorted the members to assist in suppressing inconsiderable driving.—One of the cars practising for the club's race in the Isle of Man, on Monday, dashed into a herd of cattle and killed two calves; and several other accidents are reported.

Naval.—The battleship "St. Vincent" and the Brazilian battleship "Minas Geraes" were to be launched yesterday.—The "Gladiator" has been raised almost to an even keel.

Sparrows and Rats.—We published a further appeal for injury by Mr. Rider Haggard.

The British Association has closed its Dublin meeting. It received communications on the decay of our chemical industry, railway nationalization, Irish depopulation, small holdings, antarctic exploration, fatigue in schools, colour blindess, the Cave of Castlepook, Egyptian mummification, uranium and the earth's internal heat, the maintenance of a vigorous British race, and many other subjects. Dean Bernard preached the Congress sermon in St. Patrick's Cathedral on Sunday, on the text "Keep yourselves from idols."

Theatres.—"What every Woman Knows," by J. M. Barrie, has made its appearance at the Duke of York's; a poetical play based on Goethe's Faust, by Mr. Stephen Phillips and Mr. Comyns Carr, at his Majesty's; "The King of Cadonia," a musical play, at the Prince of Wale's; and "The Early Worm," a farce at Wyndham's. Mr. R. Golden, an American player has introduced "The Old Firm" at the Queen's Theatre. Mr. Lewis Waller is appearing in a new version of "The Duke's Motto" at the Lyric.

Trade returns.—The August imports and exports show reductions of 13·2 and 18·7 per cent. respectively.

Wills.—The estates announced during the week include those of Mr. W. C. Meyer, £130,725; Lieutenant Colonel Hippisley, £89,215; Colonel W. H. Foster, £176,830; and Mr. J. Garratt £102,536.

SPORTING.

Cricket.—At Scarborough, on Saturday, the Gentlemen drew with the Players. On Wednesday the match between the M.C.C. Australian team and Lord Londesborough's England XI. was left drawn. The Hastings match between the M.C.C. Australian XI. and an England XI. was also drawn; but North beat South by five wickets and Glamorgan beat Wiltshire.

Golf.—Mr. J. F. Mitchell, Musselburgh, has won the Irish open amateur championship.—Vardon has been playing brilliantly in Wales.

Racing.—At Kempton Park, Mr. L. Neumann's Electra has taken the Breeders' Foal Plate.—At Doncaster Mr. Reid Walker's Duke Michael beat the King's Princesse de Galles in the Champagne Stakes, and Mr. Joel's Your Majesty won the St. Leger.

THE EMPIRE.

Australia.—Lord Northcote, speaking at a farewell banquet in Sydney, emphasized the need of increasing the population of the interior.—Lord Dudley arrived at Sydney on Wednesday and was sworn in as Governor-General. He has received a message of welcome from the Irishmen of Queensland.

Canada.—Although Parliament has not been formally dissolved, Sir Wilfrid Laurier practically opened the election campaign at a meeting on Saturday at Sorel. The construction of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, he said meant more for the development of Canada than any other enterprise undertaken during his twelve years of office.—The Minister of Militia gives particulars of the arrangement between the Federal and Nova Scotia Governments for the organization of military training in schools.—The places of the Canadian-Pacific strikers are rapidly being filled.

New Zealand.—The present system of Volunteer defence is condemned as inadequate by the leading newspapers.—The Second Ballot Bill, which will nullify the votes of the Socialist wing of the Labour Party, has been read a second time.

South Africa.—Colonel W. Stanford, an authority on native affairs, will take the place in the Closer Union Conference vacated by Mr. Schreiner, who will be engaged in Dinuzulu's defence.—The Transvaal Government is being urged to take strong measures for the repression of native crime.

THE UNITED STATES.

The Presidency.—Mr. Taft has agreed to "stump" the country. His friends are delighted, for he will to some extent counteract Mr. Bryan's wonderful activity. Mr. Taft and Senator Foraker have been publicly reconciled.—Omens of Republican success are drawn from the brilliant reception given to Governor Hughes and Senator Beveridge in Ohio, when they formally opened Mr. Taft's campaign.

A forest fire in Minnesota and Wisconsin has left 12,000 people homeless.

President Rosevelt sent a symuathetic letter to a meeting of sympathizers with the Turkish revolution held on Sunday in New York.

FOREIGN.

Austria-Hungary.—The Emperor is visiting the Hungarian capital.

Denmark.—M. Alberti, ex-Minister of Justice, is charged with huge forgeries.

France.—Our correspondent describes the change produced in Paris by the weekly rest-day law.—The Typographers' Federation has rejected by an overwhelming majority the proposal of a general strike.

Germany.—The Pan-German Congress has been held in Berlin. Herr Class, the president condemned the modern German diplomacy, and said that an agreement with regard to naval armaments would be suicidal.—Herr von Puttkamer, formerly Governor of the Cameroons, has been put on the retired list.—New taxes on articles of consumption, and an extension of the death duties, are foreshadowed.

Italy.—The Pope on Monday received 600 pilgrims, who came with Jubilee greetings. The Pope spoke of the contrast between Protestant England, where the Holy wafer was honoured in the streets, and France, where liberty was trampled on by brutal force.

Morocco.—A Moorish force was routed with heavy loss on Monday by a French column on the Algerian frontier.—Germany has expressed satisfaction with the procedure outlined by France in regard to the recognition of Mulai Hafid as Sultan.—Abdul Aziz seems inclined to abandon the struggle against his brother.

Persia.—At Tabriz, on Sunday night, an unsuccessful onset was made by Royalist horsemen, and the town became a pandemonium for two hours. Negotiations have been resumed. The British and Russian Governments have urged the Shah to order elections as soon as possible, and otherwise to reassure the people that the Constitution will be maintained.

Turkey.—Sandansky's faction maintains a reign of terror in part of Macedonia, and the Young Turkey Committee is being pressed to take strong action to suppress murder.—At the coming elections, the committee will use its influence, though not to return those candidates only who are its own members.—At the opening of the Hedjaz Railway at Medina, Kiazim Pasha said there was good reason to hope that the line would transform ruined towns into rich oases and civilize the wild nomads.

Aerial Navigation.—In France, where great enthusiasm is being roused by the new Aerial League, M. Delagrange made a flight of 29 minutes on Sunday; but in America Mr. Orville Wright has broken the record by a flight of 62 minutes.—In Germany, Count Zeppelin is forming a company by means of the national fund raised for him.—The brothers Wright both continue their sucessful flights.

Obituary. Sir Edward Hamilton; Lord Sackville; Lord Hawarden; Lieut.-Gen. Little; Maj.-Gen. Carey; Prebendary Montagu Villiers; Dr. F. H. M. Blades; Mr. F. T. S. Rippingall; Lieutenant-Colonel M. Spratt; and Rev. Dr. John Roberts of Assam.—"Times."

## PERILOUS BALLOON DESCENT.

### Voyage Ends in the North Sea.

Amsterdam, Sept. 11.

Two English balloonists—Lieutenant Barrington-Kennet, of the Grenadier Guards, and Mr. Eustace Short—were landed by steamer at the Hook of Holland to-day, after a descent in the North Sea.

They stated in an interview that they started from Battersea Gasworks last night at ten o'clock, intending to go to Belgium.

The first part of the voyage was made in beautiful moonlight and with a favourable wind. Later the wind veered to the north-west, and then west-south-west, and drove them towards the coast of Holland. They could not make the coast, for the wind changed again, driving them towards the North Sea.

At seven o'clock they were caught in a snowstorm, and latter, seeing boats in the distance, and their ballast being exhausted, they employed white scarves to attract the attention of a pilot tug. The vessel steamed under the balloon, and put out a small boat, which caught the trail-rope attached to the balloon's water-anchor.

The sailors took the balloonists on board, and saved all the instruments in the car. The balloon was then ripped with a knife, as the ripping apparatus was in the water.

Although the seronauts carried life-belts, it would have gone hard with them if the boat had on the spot. Both gentlemen highly praise the conduct of the tug's crew.

They return to London from the Hook to-night.

Hook of Holland, September 11.

The aeronauts say that at one point the car of the balloon sank in the water. All their ballast was gone, and both were very seasick. They thought it was their last hour when the pilot tug picked them up.

## RECKLESS MOTORING.

### Royal Club's Scheme of Punishment.

London, Sept. 12.

As a result of a meeting of the Committee of the Royal Automobile Club at Norwich last week, a memorandum was issued yesterday of a scheme which, with the co-operation of the police, the public and motoring clubs is intended to suppress the nuisance of "inconsiderate driving" of motor-cars.

Every local club is asked to form an Inconsiderate Driving Committee, while the Automobile Club itself will do so for the London district. These committees will co-operate with the police and the public who report cases of reckless driving. Action against such motorists will be taken in concert with the clubs, and repressive measures instituted by the clubs in whose area the car is registered.

The punishments suggested are: Trivial offence: Personal or written warning. More serious cases: (1) Suggested prosecution. (2) Expulsion from club membership. (3) If professional driver, removal of name from register for a period. (4) If driver with R. A. C. certificate, withdrawal of certificate.

A complaint book will be kept, and forms for reporting cases of inconsiderate driving. Any prosecutions necessary will be carried out from head quarters.

The committee define "inconsiderate driving" as a case in which another user of the road is put to unnecessary inconvanience, whether there may have been an actual infraction of the law or not.

## "KOEPENICK."

An extraordinary story is told in a letter to the "Times" by Lieut. Henry Chamberlain, R.N. (retired list). The story recalls the doings of the renowned "Capt. Koepenick" a year or two ago. Lieut. Chamberlain, who relates the story as an object lesson on the docility of German soldiers, says:—

One August morning I left Niederbronn, by train to Gundershofen, and from there started on a walk round the battlefield of Worth, passing through Eberbach, Morsbronn, Bruchmuhl, Worth, Elsasshausen, and Froeschweiler. It is important, for the sake of what is to follow, that I should describe the clothes I wore on this occasion—namely, a suit of fairly old grey "dittos," a felt hat which had seen a couple of years' wear, a flannel shirt, shooting boots, in my hand I carried an umbrella, and I trust that my general appearance was "British." On the way back from Froeschweiler to Niederbronn, feeling hot, dusty and tired, after continuous walking for seven hours, it struck me as being a good plan to seek refreshing shade by taking a short cut through the Reichshoffen wood. Emerging from it, I came upon a plot of grass in a glade, on which were resting about a dozen German soldiers, whose tunics were unbuttoned and sword-belts unbuckled. Now, my acquaintance with the German language is extremely slight, and perhaps I should be exaggerating were I to reckon that the vocabulary at my command contained forty words, all told.

However, the spirit move me to stop and speak to these men—emphasising my meaning by signs where words failed me. The first question I put evidently did not give satisfaction. It was, "Are you Prussians?" The indignant answer, in chorus was, "No! Saxons!" "Oh," said I, wishing to conciliate, "I am Anglo-Saxon." Much to my astonishment, one of their number got up and shook me warmly by the hand. Having travelled over many portions of the globe, I knew that the offer of some English tobacco would work wonders, so there we were now, all lounging about on the grass, smoking the calumet of peace. Pointing to my dusty boots and flannel shirt, unbuttoned at the neck, I then, in vile German, explained to my friends of five minutes' standing that I had made the grand tour of the battlefield on foot and had been walking since nine o'clock in the morning; it then being five in the afternoon.

Quite casually, and without attaching the slightest importance to the statement, I remarked that though "not a military, but a naval officer," the study of battlefields interested me, &c. At the mention of the word "officer," all the men sat up, buttoned their tunics and buckled on their swords, or bayonets—I forget which. "Are you going to Niederbronn?" was my next question. "Yes;" they replied, "we are going to walk to Niederbronn and there take the train to Bitsch." What evil genius prompted me to make the next remark I cannot tell, but, though uttered in joke, its consequences were perfectly astounding. "I, too, am going to Niederbronn. You are my regiment. I your colonel!" Up they sprang to their feet, fell in two deep, and kept quite silent, as if on parade. "Right turn?"—and off we marched, I carrying my umbrella as if it were a sword. Breasting a grassy slope we marched up to the top at a swinging pace still observing perfect silence, and in step. A short distance off was a solitary soldier, of the same regiment, lying at full length on a bench near the entrance to a wood—tunic unbuttoned, sword unbuckled, &c. On catching sight of the approaching squad, up he jumped, buttoned his tunic, buckled on his weapon, stood rigidly to attention, and, when the "regiment" came by, "tailed on," as if it was the most natural thing in the world to do. Please note that not a word passed between the main body and the reinforcement. On entering the wood, the leading file began to sing a marching song, the others joining in chorus. By this time we were nearing Niederbronn, and passed a man and his wife, who evidently were much astonished to see a disciplined body of men, marching in strict military fashion, under the command of a foreigner armed with an umbrella—not even a silk one!

A disconcerting thought arose. "What will happen if we chance across a German officer—and how, in my broken German, can I ever hope to explain this extraordinary assumption of command of the forces of the Kaiser?"—so, without a moment's further delay. I said to the men, "I must go to my hotel, which is over there"—and bade them good-bye.

These docile and amiable Saxons, with one accord, taking time by the leading file, saluted, and I, having returned their salute, got out of sight as rapidly as possible. On peeping round the corner of a house, there was my late "regiment" still marching with the regularity of clockwork.

It is not for me to point a moral to this tale, every word of which is absolutely true; but I venture to think that your readers will agree as to the immense power possessed by the German officer over his men, when the mere mention of the word "officer" sets the machinery in motion. Had I spoken the language perfectly, there might have been some show of reason for the unquestioned obedience of these soldiers, but for them to follow silently the directions of a foreigner is more than extraordinary.

You can now quite understand that when the Koepenick affair occurred, later on, I was not in the least surprised at the power which a cobbler in uniform exercised on that occasion.

In reference to the above "Nemo" writes to the "Times":—"The letter which you publish to-day under the heading 'Koepenick,' showing as it does the regard in Germany for discipline and authority, and the consequent respect for uniform, is very instructive. May I relate the recent experience of some troops in England? About a week ago several trains full of soldiers of the Regular Army might have been seen after nightfall, in the vicinity of London, carrying their occupants, who had been flooded out of their camps, back to their permanent station. Although the ordinary trains were brilliantly lighted, these troop trains proceeded to their distination in absolute darkness; the last only discharged its freight at 11 P.M. Each train carried a complete battalion, headed by its colonel, and the remonstrances made by these at the inconsiderate treatment accorded to the troops were disregarded. Here whole battalions are the sport of the underlings of a railway company; in Germany even the individuals composing them command respect. How much better we do these things than in Germany!"

## ASCOT CUP MELTED DOWN.

The "Sheffield Daily Telegraph" states that a remarkable story reaches them from a firm of gold and silver refiners in Sheffield. Some time after the Ascot Gold Cup had been stolen a man called upon them, wishing to dispose of an ingot of gold. It was of unusually pure gold and they became suspicious. They found the gold was twenty carat, corresponding with the unusual carat of the Ascot Cup, and that the ingot was within two and a half ounces of the weight of the trophy.

Inquiries were made, and the man's story that he got the gold in Abyssinia was ultimately accepted, but the heads of the firm still believe it was the Ascot Cup melted down.

## MR. CHURCHILL'S WEDDING.

### Prime Minister's Gift.

London September 12.

Considerably over eight hundred invitations have been accepted for the wedding of Mr. Winston Churchill and Miss Clementine Hozier, which takes place this afternoon at two o'clock at St. Margaret's Church, Westminister.

Large crowds are expected in the neighbourhood of the church, and special police arrangements have been made accordingly. The church has been lavishly decorated with tall palms, ferns, and white flowers, and its beautful windows and regimental colours form a perfect setting for the notable event.

Mr. Winston Churchill and his best man, Lord Hugh Cecil, will enter the church by the east door, and the bride by the north-west door, where her bridesmaids—Miss Nellie Hozier, Miss Madeline Whyte, Miss Venetia Stanley, Miss Horatia Seymour, and Miss Claire Frewen—will await her. Mr. W. Hozier, the bride's only brother, will lead her to the altar, followed by the bridesmaids.

THE DRESSES.

The bride's dress is of soft white Venetian satin trimmed with lovely point de Venise lace, lent by Mrs. George Cornwallis West. Her veil is of very delicate fabric lace, and the bridal wreath is of artificial orange blossom, in a Greek design. Miss Hozier will carry only a white prayer-book.

The bridesmaids will wear satin gowns of a very pale biscuit colour. All the bridesmaids will wear black satin hats trimmed with pale pink camellias, and pink moire bows.

At the altar steps there will be, in addition to to the bride and bridegroom and bridesmaids, Lord Hugh Cecil, Lady Blanche Hozier, Mr. W. Hozier, Mr. and Mrs. George Cornwallis West, Mr. J. Churchill, Mr. Moreton Frewen, and Mrs. J. Leslie. The Bishop of St. Asaph will perform the ceremony and Bishop Welldon will give the address. The bride will be given away by her mother, Lady Blanche Hozier.

Not the least attractive portion of the ceremony will be music, for which special preparations have been made. The bride and bridegroom will leave the church to the strains of Mendelessohn's Wedding March.

The reception at Lady St. Helier's residence in Portland-place, it is anticipated, will be very largely attended. There the wedding cake will be cut, made by Miss Jaycock, still-room maid to Lady Redesdale at Batsford Park. It is in three tiers, covered with almond icing, and artistically decorated.

The bride and bridegroom will leave Paddington for Blenheim at 4-55 p.m.

Yesterday was again a very busy day for Mr. Churchill and Miss Hozier, and their friends' presents continued to arrive throughout the day at Portland-place.

MR. ASQUITH'S GIFT.

A large number of friends visited 52, Portland-place yesterday for the private view of the presents which were finely displayed in the two drawing-rooms, and provided a perfect blaze of jewellery and silver. Among the more striking, perhaps, were the gifts of Sir Christopher and Lady Furness—a blue glass bowl with fine silver ornamentation; Mlle. Janotha's simple sprigs of white heather with the inscription "May good luck surround your life, this is my heart's wish, with devoted thoughts"; a spray of white heather from an old servant, a safety pin for flowers, "To Clementine, with affectionate best wishes for happiness from Countess Somers, her mother's old friend"; a fine diamond and ruby horse-shoe brooch from Mr. A. de Rothschild, with "Congratulations and very best wishes"; the Duke of Marlborough's brilliant diamond star, the very artistic gold and fine red glass box given by Lord Curzon of Kedleston, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain's two simple decanter stands, and the magnificent silver bowl from the Board of Trade officials.

Mr. Asquith's gift to Mr. Churchill is ten volumes of Jane Austen's novels.

Much attention was attracted by the silver yacht on an ebony base the gift of the Malta Chamber of Commerce, and Lord Rosebery's beautiful inkstand inscribed "With every good wish from Rosebery." Some curiosity was displayed as to the giver of a silver calendar, to which was attached. "For Winston, son of Randolph, from a friend of both."

The Duchess of Marlborough's antique clock and ornaments were set out on the mantelpiece. Two old china bowls for roses had a card attached, with the words "I do hope you will like them."

In the afternoon Miss Hozier entertained a small party of her old friends at tea at 52, Portland-place. In the evening she dined with her mother and Lady St. Helier, and other relatives and friends.

Among those who arrived in London last night to be present at the ceremony was Mr. Joynson Hicks, M. P., who defeated Mr. Churchill in the by-election in North-West Manchester.

## STAGE ROMANCE.

### Miss Studholme Weds General's Son.

London, September 11.

It became known to-day that Miss Marie Studholme, the well-known musical comedy actress, was quietly married in London on Friday in last week to Mr. H. G. Borrett, an actor, whom she first met at the Prince of Wales's Theatre three and-a-half years ago, when she went there to take up the name part in "Lady Madeap." Since than Miss Studholme and Mr. Borrett have been members together of several companies in musical plays, chiefly on tour, and it was generally understood that they were engaged.

None of their friends, however, had any intimation that the wedding was about to take place. As Mr. Borrett is not acting at present and Miss Studholme had three days' holiday last week, the opportunity was taken to get married in London. Not even Miss Studholme's mother knew of what was about to take place when her daughter left the house in the morning, and the first intimation of the wedding only reached her on Thursday.

AT THE REGISTRY OFFICE.

The ceremony took place at the Marylebone Registry Office the, parties being described as:—

Harold Giles Borrett, aged twenty-seven, bachelor of independent means; of 10, Devonshire-place; son of Herbert Charles Borrett, General, British Army.

Caroline Mary Porteous, formerly Lupton, aged thirty-one; the divorced wife of Gilbert James Porteous, of 36, Finchley-road: daughter of Joseph Lupton, of independent means.

The witnesses were Mr. John H. Leslie and Mr. H. Burnaby. Immediately after the marriage Miss Studholme and her husband left for the country, and last Monday she rejoined Mr. Frank Curzon's Company touring in "My Mimosa Maid," which is at present at the Pleasure Gardens, Folkestone.

It is sixteen years since Miss Studholme—who was born at Eccleshall, near Bradford—went on the stage in "La Cigale," at the Lyric Theatre. Since then she has appeared in a large number of musical pieces.

## PENSIONS AT 60.

### Demands of Labour Parliament.

Nottingham, September 11.

A resolution was on the paper at the Trades Union Congress to-day in reference to old age pensions, which, while condemning the present scheme as inadequate, thanked the Prime Minister and the Government "for the statesmanlike Budget by which many old veterans of Industry will be benefited."

Mr. Tillett seconded the resolution, although by no means anxious to thank the Government. "Most of our Cabinet Ministers like cigars at 5s.," he remarked. Speaking of the opposition of Lord Cromer to the Bill, Mr. Tillett called him "an ungrateful old humbug."

Mr. Stuart, who was Mr. Winston Churchill's Labour opponent at Dundee, opposed the resolution "Let us thank the Labour movement, not the Liberal Government."

MOTION CARRIED.

From various parts of the Congress came endorsement of Mr. Stuart's views, and a motion was carried referring back the resolution to a committee for re-drafting. When the resolution was brought up again it demanded pensions at sixty, without conditions, and omitted any thanks to the Government.

The Congress accepted it without debate.

After a lengthy resolution urging the State maintenance of children, individual medical inspection, and the establishment of secondary and technical education as essential for all children there came a resolution in favour of secular education.

Mr. G. H. Roberts, M.P., who moved it, was brought up in a Nonconformist home, but admitted that Catholics and others think simple Bible teaching a form of secularism, and therefore believed secularism the only real solution.

Mr. Sexton, an ardent Socialist and Roman Catholic protested warmly.

"The men I represent are 75 per cent. Catholics. They joined the Trade Unionist movement for Labour purposes. Had they been asked to join for the purpose of the abolition of religious teaching from their schools they would have refused."

The resolution was eventually carried by 1,433,000 votes against 131,000.

WOMEN BRASSWORKERS.

Miss McArthur the secretary of the Women's Trades Union League, a vivacious speaker, was up in arms against a proposal that women should not be permitted to work at metal polishing, turning, or screening. It was an antediluvian proposal.

"Why don't you abolish women's work altogether? Why don't you abolish women altogether?"

Mr. W. J. Davis, of the Brass Workers of Birmingham, was indignant.

"I am disgusted at any woman defending women working at a trade which unfits them to be mothers, which unfits them to be sweethearts."

Nevertheless, Miss McArthur had her way, for 791,000 voted in favour of the amendment and 685,000 against.

A resolution was passed stating that the minimum wage of clerks at twenty-one years of age in London should be 35s. a week.

## EDUCATIONAL ENTENTE.

### American Teachers in England.

Queenstown, Sept. 11.

The White Star liner "Baltic" from New York had amongst her passengers Mr. August Ahrens, director of the manual training Warrenburg state normal school, and Miss Butler, of the University of Chicago, who disembarked at Queenstown, whilst eight of their colleagues proceeded to Liverpool in the "Baltic."

They are all prominent American educationists and teachers and the pioneers to this country of about four hundred teachers in the United States, who wish to study the school system of the United Kingdom of great Britain and Ireland, and also the Continent during the next six months.

During a conversation with Mr. Ahrens, who is president of the Missouri Association of Applied Arts and Sciences, I was told that the visit was projected by the National Civic Federation of America as a result of the efforts of Mr. Alfred Mosely and the commission which bears his name. Every centre visited is to be informed some days before, and, as Mr. Ahrens put it, by the exchange of ideas between the American and European teachers all will benefit. The Americans are desirous of seeing to what extent the system of education on this side could be applied to that of America, and they will be quick to take advantage of every improvement which comes under their notice.

Prominent citizens of various centres in the United Kingdom and on the Continent will extend hospitality to the visitors, and Oxford and Cambridge have made special arrangements whereby they will derive profit and pleasure from their stay at those seats of learning.

The delegates who are to study the London educational establishments will stay at the Imperial Hotel, Russell-square. The London County Council will give the teachers special facilities.

## FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

| Great Britain. | Continent of Europe. | America. | Australia. | China. | Africa. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Via Teheran Perfect. | Via Teheran Perfect. | Via Brest Perfect. | Via Penang Perfect. | Via Penang Perfect. | Via Aden Perfect. |
| Via Turkey Interrupted. | Via Turkey Interrupted. | Via Valentia Perfect. | Via Amoor Perfect. | Via Amoor Perfect. | Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect. |
| Via Suez Perfect. | Via Suez Perfect. | Via Direct Cable Perfect. | ..... | Via Bhamo Perfect. | Via Lisbon Vincent Perfect. |

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay, from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p. m. of the 25th September 1908.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

| Via | Latest Dates. D. | H. | M. | Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs. | Mts. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Turkey ... | 23 | 7 | 22 a. m. | 24 | 14 |
| Teheran ... | 25 | 2 | 15 p.m. | ... | 40 |
| Suez ..... | 25 | 2 | 15 p.m. | ... | 41 |

NOTICES.

Cable Djedda Soakim interrupted (23-7-08).

Turkish route interrupted beyond Bassra (25-9-08)

## ARRIVALS.

### Per s.s. "Arabia," Sept. 25.

THE P. and O. S. N. Co.'s steamer "Arabia," Commander Thos Leigh, which arrived in harbour yesterday morning, with the English Mails of the 11th September, brought the following passengers:—

FROM LONDON.

Burtin Rev J C Mrs and infant
Bidwell, Mr R T H and Mrs
Burton, Maj R G and Mrs
Brown, Mrs Radstone and infant
Beatson, Mr J Mrs and child
Porcah, Mr R
Bishop, Mrs Howard and 2 infants
Burnett, Miss M
Bardell, Mr E and Mrs and child
Bandman, Mr M E
Coggan, Mrs and infant
Counsell, Miss K
Counsell, Miss C
Campbell, Miss
Crawford, Mr L
Cooke, Mr C F
Durham, Capt A and Mrs
Du Val, Mrs G T
Davies, Mr H
Dillon, Mr J
David, Miss L B
Deane, Miss L
Esch, Mr O
Edwards, Rev J F and Mrs
Evans, Mr
Forsyth, Miss B
Forster, Mr J B and Mrs
Forster, Capt G Mrs and 2 infants
Fuller, Mr W R
Forsyth, Miss L
Gawthorne, Mrs H E
Gray, Mr A P
Gillespie, Mr J
Glass, Mr W
Geoch, Mr S
Hall, Mr J Mrs and infant
Hall, Miss C A
Hood, Mr A and Mrs
Higginbottom, Miss
Hewlett, Mrs M D
Hipsey, Brig Mrs child and infant
Homer, Miss M
Harcourt, Miss J
Jarvis, Mr J and Mrs
James Wyatt, Mr A
Leach, Mr W
Langborne, Mr H Y and Mrs
Lowndes, Mr L
Mayes, Mr H B
Macartney, Miss R
Marshall, Mr C R Mrs and infant
Morton, Dr J
MacCartney, Miss A M
Mortana, Mr J T
MacWatter, Mr N C
McOwat, Mrs
Macartney, Rev H B
McLeod, Mr M
Neilson, Miss
Northey, Mr W B
O'Byrne, Mrs H M
Oliver, Mr L L and Mrs
Phillips, Mr
Rogers, Mr A
Rawson, Mr W
Roberts, Mr J
Sievwright, Mr F
Simmons, Miss A
Sowtar, Col C and Mrs
Sowtar, Miss A and 2 children
Stuart, Capt J M
Smith, Mrs and infant
Schoeffer, Mr R A
Stewart, Capt H and Mrs and infant
Sewell, Mrs A J and infant
Stewart, Mrs A F
Shilton, Mr C C
Sidney, Mr T
Sbrouth, Mr S
Thomson, Mr D A
Turner, Mr F S
Tregaskis, Mr H L
Tyler, Mr R
Tattersill, Mr G
Taylor, Mr H
Vincent, Maj F L
Venthan, Mr A J
Vigours, Mr D and Mrs
Vane, Mr C
Vandon, Miss B
Vaughan, Miss H
Weston, Miss C
Wittee, Mrs
Williams, Mrs M E

FROM MARSEILLES.

Aldridge, Lt-Col A
Anderson, Mrs F
Appleton, Capt H M
Asadeb, Sultanah
Bury, Capt R E
Bruce, Mr A F
Bradshaw, Maj-Gen and Mrs
Butters, Mr R
Brodie, Miss
Bell, Lt Col Lyrden
Baldwin, Maj L H
Berkeley, Mr A J
Crocker, Maj H L and Mrs
Cartwright, Col C M
Cooper, Mr A and Mrs
Colville, Capt J R and Mrs
Crocker, Miss A M
Cooper, Lt Col E
Chapman, Lt P C
Carey, Lt
Clark, Mr G V
Douglas, Maj A P and Mrs
Dixon, Mr F A and Mrs
Donaldson, Mr D and Miss E
Dobson, Mr B H and Miss D de B
Darley, Capt W H
Downing, Lt Col H J
Ewing, Rev J C R Mrs and Miss N
Ewing, Master R (b)
Eccles, Mr P
Engledue, Mrs D F
Forbes, Mr L
Greatwood, Capt F W and Mrs
Glen, Mr A
Galloway, Mr F W
Gunn, Mr W
Hawkins, Maj G A
Hood, Maj E F
Husbands, Mr J E
Hilton, Mr W P
Hobday, Col E A P
Hudson, Maj C T
Halford, Lt R S
Hughes, Mr J B
Hughes, Miss
Hewlitt, Lt A
Haquet, Mr G B
Henderson, Mr J J
Hadi, Khan Mr
Jameson, Dr R
Knollys, Lt D S

## THE KAISER AND FRANCE.

### Visit Suddenly Abandoned.

### GERMAN SEMI-OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

London, September 12.

The French Embassy in Berlin was informed on Thursday that the Kaiser would on the following day cross the French frontier, in order to enjoy the splendid view from the top of the pass in the Vosges Mountains known as the Schlucht. Arrangements were accordingly made for his Majesty's reception yesterday.

At the last moment, the reason officially advanced being the "lateness of the hour," the Kaiser abandoned his intention, and remained on the German side of the frontier. The arrangements made for the reception of a German Emperor on French soil for the first time since 1871, were therefore made in vain.

Our special correspondent at the frontier states that the Emperor was prevented from arriving at the expected time by the breakdown of his motor-car en route.

ON THE FRONTIER.

EMPEROR UNDER THE FRENCH FLAG.

Gerardmer (Vosges), Sept. 11.

Owing to a breakdown of the Kaiser's automobile near Munster, causing a delay of over an hour, the German Emperor's plans for an excursion to the French side of the frontier and an ascension of the Hoheneck this afternoon underwent some modification.

Every preparation had been made to give his Majesty a respectful welcome. In accordance with orders from the French Government, a score of gendarmes were on duty on the frontier, while a special commissary from Epinal, with two or three subordinate officials, arrived before mid-day to salute the Emperor as he crossed over to French territory. An electric tramway-car stood waiting to convey the august tourist to the summit of the Hoheneck, and the Customs officers had been instructed to spare the Kaiser's motor-car the usual frontier formalities.

But the automobile is no respecter of persons. Although the Emperor had announced his arrival or two o'clock it was 3.15 when he reached the German section of the Schlucht. Long before he was due a crowd of at least a thousand persons collected in the vicinity of the Chalet Hartmann, where at the last minute hasty preparations where made to receive his Majesty. The chalet is a plain, unpretentious building fifty yards from the border line between the two countries. A most remarkable thing about the villa to-day was a visible infringement of law which forbids the display of the French flag in Alsace-Lorraine, yet there they were, the French and German colours hanging side by side above the entrance to the chalet. M. Hartmann is a Frenchman, which, of course, explains why he hung out the Tricolour. It is the first time since the Franco-Prussian war that such a sight has been seen in the conquered provinces. Had anyone dared yesterday to hoist the French flag on the German side of the frontier it would have been removed without ceremony by German gendarmes, and the one who flew it fined or sent to prison.

Probably three-fourths of the crowd on the roadside was composed of French people from the adjoining villages, drawn by curiosity to catch a glimpse of the German Emperor. Those to whom I spoke frankly admitted their satisfaction at the Kaiser's coming and expressed the hope that his visit would be the begining of improved relations between the two countries

FLOWERS AND FRUIT.

At 3,15, when the Emperor arrived in a big white 60-h.p. motor-car, shouts of welcome went up, which the Kaiser smilingly acknowledged by raising his hand to his military cap. He was wearing the familiar long grey Army cloak over the uniform of the Grenadier Guards, and looked brown and well. He appeared to be in excellent spirits. On the way up to the chalet deputations of school children and others had presented his Majesty with beautiful bouquets and grapes. So full of flowers and fruit was the car that it took several minutes to remove them to permit the Kaiser to descend. I noticed that one of the handsomest floral compliments bore the inscription: "A token of reverence and affection from your Majesty's English admirers, Rappoltsweiler." After the Emperor's car came four more automobiles with the Princes August, Wilhelm and Oscar, and members of the Imperial suite.

The Kaiser remained over half an hour at the chalet conversing with M. Hartmann and admiring the magnificent view from the terrace. Before leaving the Emperor expressed a desire to receive the local representative of the French Government, Police Commissary Cochet immediately repaired to the chalet and presented on behalf of the Minister of the Interior the respectful deference of the French Republic. His Majesty shook hands warmly with the Commissary and requested him to assure the French Government of his sincere appreciation of the arrangements made to receive him and his profound regret that the short time at his disposal prevented him accepting French hospitality. The Kaiser then got into his motor-car, accompanied by Baron Zorn von Bulach, Under-Secretary of State for Agriculture, and drove off in the direction of Colmar, where a special train was waiting to convey him to Berlin.

A fresh volume of "Hochs" saluted his Majesty as he emerged from the chalet. The only one regret heard among the crowd was that the Emperor did not cross the frontier. The Kaiser's visit, however, has already borne fruit, for never before have so many French visitors been seen on the German side of the Schlucht,

This morning when Gendarme Kraushaar went on duty he inaugurated a new era in international relations by greeting his comrades on the other side of the border with a cordial salute. The French gendarmes sprang to attention and smilingly returned the compliment. Hence-forth enmity is at an end between the guardians of the frontier.

OFFICIAL EXPLANATION.

BERLIN, Sept. 11.

Owing to the lateness of the hour, according to the official Court Circular issued to-night, the Kaiser "found it impossible to accept the invitation of the French authorities to cross the Alsatian frontier" to-day, for a brief excursion on the Rupublic's soil.

It was understood that his Majesty intended to do so for the purpose of enjoying the incomparable panorama to be seen from the celebrated mountain pass in the Vosges known as the Schlucht, or gorge, which stretches from German into French territory for a distance of a hundred yards.

The Kaiser's plans for this little excursion were so definitely formulated that the French Government, through its Embassy in Berlin, had been officially apprised of them, and had completed the arrangements for facilitating his Majesty's journey. The Customs authorities had been specially instructed to pass the Imperial motor-car without delay, while soldiers and gendarmes were detailed to keep the curious public at a respectful distance. Prominent officials were said to be on the spot in case the Kaiser should express a desire to receive them.

The Emperor seems to have made up his mind, however, to drink in the beauties of the view from German soil and consequently drove to the villa of a wealthy manufacturer, M. Hartmann, where he spent two hours. The Kaiser will arrive in Potsdam to-morrow morning.

EMPEROR'S SPEECH.

"Peace will be maintainsd."

(COLMAR (Alsace), Sept. 11.

The German Emperor arrived here this afternoon. Replying to the address of the Burgomaster, his Majesty said that Alsace, like the whole of the beautiful country of which it was part, had undergone its vicissitudes, but now it was its lot to be able to extend and develop itself in peace.

"For peace," added his Majesty, "will be maintained, and the country will be able to flourish and thrive. Colmar and all Alsace may rest assured that they have a specially firm, secure, and warm corner in my hearth, that I will always think of them, and will watch their development with joy. This development, thanks be to God, will be brought to fruition under the protection of the German Eagle and under my standard and will, please God, never be disturbed."

The troops on the whole appear to take little interest in the manoeuvres in which they have participated. Last night in the bivouacs and to-day on march one heard few allusions to the work of the past four days. The men appear to look upon these as a nightmare happily past.

Nor are the officers an exception to this rule. They seem even more pleased than the men that everything is finished. Neither in bivouac nor on the march do they take the same personal interest in the wellbeing of their men as British officers, and infinitely less than Territorial officers. They alway address the men in the parade voice, never even momentarily relaxing their attitude.

A point worthy of notice is that there are only two officers in the whole German Army of Alsatian birth. The whole of the 15th and 16th Army Corps are officered exclusively by Prussians.

GERMANY AND MOROCCO.

The Franco-Spanish Note regarding Morocco has now been handed to the Powers, and it is stated on good authority that France, supported by the whole of Europe, will refuse to make any concessions to Germany.

## THE ROMAN CATHOLIC PROCESSION.

### Police Reserves Warned.

### THREATENING LETTER TO PROTESTANTS.

London, September 12.

The police intend to provide an ample force in case of any disturbance at to-morrow's procession of the Blessed Sacrament, which concludes the Eucharistic Congress in London. This is shown by the stoppage of Sunday leave to constables in the divisions in the neighbourhood of Westminster Cathedral, while reserve men are warned that they may be called on.

The Protestant Alliance, who object to the ritual part of the procession, and to the wearing of vestments, both of which are illegal under the Act of 1829, and punishable by penalties of £50 for each offence, have been advised that it is too late to secure an injunction. Yesterday, however, the secretary sent a further message to the Home Secretary, saying:—

"'The Times,' 'Morning Post,' 'Westminster Gazette,' 'Standard, and 'Globe' have all condemned the carrying of the Host in the procession. The Protestant feeling has increased enormously, and the country is now looking to you to prevent the law of the land being broken. The London council of fifty-one united protestant societies respectfully urge you to forbid the carrying of the Host or the wearing of ecclesiastical vestments in the streets. Any other course will involve a grave danger to public safety and if there should result riot and disorder the responsibility will rest with the Home Office.

"LIABLE TO DEATH."

Mr. Henry Fowler the Secretary of the Protestant Alliance received yesterday the following letter.—

"The Catholic Anti-Bigotry Society.

"Sir,—You are hereby warned that if any bigotry is displayed by your society in connection with the procession you are liable, as well as the leading members of your society, to be punished by death. The above society, has not the sanction of the Catholic Church, but was organised by influential laymen, some of whom are non-Catholics, for the purpose of putting down all religious bigotry.

"Let it be known also that certain Ministers of the French Government, past and present, are also doomed.

J. B. (secretary)."

The letter was at once taken to Scotland Yard. Chief Inspector Drew laid it before Sir Melville Macnaughton, head of the Detective Department. It is in an educated hand, but written upon common paper. The envelope bears the Stockwell postmark. Two detectives, are making inquires, but up to late last night had not traced the writer.

One high police official said such a letter was a direct and dangerous threat to murder. The writer might well get a ten years' sentence.

At the house of Dr. Bourne, Archbishop of Westminster, a highly-placed official said: "Such a letter requires the severest condemnation on our part."

WARNING TO PRIESTS.

Between seven and eight hundred policemen will be on duty along the route and massed in the side streets, with other squads in reserve at Rochester Row and Cannon Row stations within easy call. A force of police will march ahead of the procession to clear any obstruction.

"Twenty thousand Roman Catholic working men will line the way," said the Rev. Father Cooksey, who has made all the arrangements. "They are drawn not only from England, but from all parts of the Continent. As the procession passes they will fall in eight deep behind. The clergy who are taking part—nearly three thousand—assemble at two o'clock in the Horticultural Hall marching thence to the Cathedral, where the Cardinal Legate and his entourage will be.

"Instructions have been given to the priests that the keeping of order rests solely with the police, and that whatever happens they must take no notice, but simply pass on. The men along the route have been similarly instructed. In our arrangements the police have been consulted throughout.

"Mass vestments will not be worn, only processional vestments, very like those worn by the Anglican clergy. Unless the weather is pouring wet the procession will be held and the Host carried The Host will be borne in the middle of the procession by the Papal Legate under a canopy supported by peers, M. P's, and laymen."

On Sunday night a Protestant anti-mass meeting will be held in Caxton Hall, the speakers including Mr. J. A. Kensit.

FLORILINE:—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Florilina, sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" being compound in parts of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Dept., 93 Farringdon Road, London, England.

## BRITISH INDIANS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

### Letter from Lord Ampthill.

THE following letter was published in the "Times" of September. 9:—

SIR,—I trust that you will once more be good enough to accord me a place in your columns for the purpose of making a few observations in regard to the present position of British Indians in the Transvaal.

In view of your attitude on previous occasions, I cannot doubt that you regard with grave concern the failure of the "compromise" between the Transvaal Government and the Indians in the colony, which was the occasion of so much relief and gratification at a period of awkward tension in February of this year. Nor can I doubt that, in your future pronouncements on this question of vital importance to the empire, you will carefully examine the causes of the failure before you attribute blame to either party. Your correspondent at Johannesburg, in a message published in your issue of August 24, took a view which seemed to me not only unfair, but also very much at variance with the facts; and I am anxious, if possible, to correct the erroneous impression which that message must have created among those of your readers who have not had the opportunity of paying special attention to the question.

Your correspondent wrote:—

"The issue now raised between the Asiatics and the Government has been the real issue throughout the whole controversy—namely, the claim of Asiatics to enter and reside subject to no discrimination in comparison with Europeans. Their objection to finger-prints was only the ostensible ground of the controversy last year."

I can only say that a more barefaced attempt to pass off a prejudiced and mistaken opinion as a statement of fact has seldom been made.

The Indians have never disputed, and have over and over again admitted, not only the right, but also the duty of the Colonial Government to restrict Indian immigation. I could prove this by a hundred quotations if you could give me the space; but it has been explained over and over again. Their objection to identification by finger-prints was merely incidental compared to their dislike of the whole principle underlying the Act, which they felt to be degrading and insulting to their community; and, even so, it was an objection rather to the particular method which had been selected by the Transvaal Government than to the system as such. The method adopted was, strangely enough, that which is confined to criminals in India, and not one of the other methods of finger-print identification which are used for pensioners and other respectable classes and which have been proved to be equally effective. The peculiar objects and necessities of the criminal system are obvious to all those who know anything at all about the system.

Now, as regards the "compromise," which has failed, I desire to explain the position without any lengthy detail, in order that it may be comprehensible to all.

The "compromise" was an agreement to the effect that the Asiatic Registration Law would be repealed if the Indians submitted voluntarily to re-registration. The Indians at once fulfilled their part of this compact, but the Registration Law has not yet been repealed; and it appears that General Smuts, the Colonial Secretary, is seeking to impose a new condition, which formed no part of the compromise, upon the fulfilment of his own part of the agreement. Whether or not it is fair for one party to impose additional terms on a bargain in which the other party have already performed their undertaking is a matter of which any reasonable man can judge. It is true that General Smuts denies that be promised repeal, but it is equally certain that the Indians would not have made the agreement except on that understanding, and the least that can be said is that they had ample reasons to feel sure that repeal had been promised. The additional price which is now asked for repeal is that the Indians in the Transvaal are to agree to the total exclusion of natives of India in the future. In other words, they are asked to be parties to an indignity offered to their countrymen and to consent to their own gradual extinction. I must explain that the total exclusion of Indians, irrespective of their education, means, and occupation, would mean that the Indian community in the Transvaal would be deprived of the priests they require for their spiritual needs, of medical men of their own race, of the lawyers whose services are indispensable to them, and of the servants, without whom they could not carry on their business.

Such, briefly, is the present situation concerning which I have been at pains to obtain accurate information. I leave it to those who may happen to read this letter (if you should do me the honour of publishing it) to judge whether the Indian community in the Transvaal can fairly be blamed for the present deplorable revival of a situation which cannot fail to injure the prestige of British rule in India.

Canada has shown us what can be done where there is statesmanship and sufficient political development to appreciate the vital importance of imperial unity. Nothing is more likely to conduce to a belief in this country that the Transvaal is not fit for self-government than a persistence of the neglect to recognise imperial duty and necessity for which politicians in that colony seem to be culpable.

The colonists can no longer complain that we do not see their point of view; discussions in the Imperial Parliament have amply proved that reasonable and responsible men of all parties agree that Asiatic immigration to the Colonies must be restricted, and that the rights of property of the white man must be protected. But rights of property, whether they be those of individuals or communities, do not absolve the owners from the obligations of good faith, respect of prescriptive rights, fair treatment of tenants or neighbours, and regard for the general peace and security of the larger entity which contains and protects their domains.

What we ask of the Transvaal, then, is that she should not forget that, as a member of the empire, she enjoys advantages which involve corresponding duties.—I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

AMPTHILL.

Milton Ernest Hall, Bedford, Sept, 7.

WHEN IT HAPPENS AGAIN.

A thing may occur once, and we do not notice it; or twice or thrice; but when it happens again, and physicians and neighbours tell us of it, then we cannot overlook it any longer. It is good fortune for us to hear such encouraging news as the following from one of our doctors:—

Dr. S. B. Kulkarni, I. R. C. P., Dispensary, Sitaram Building, New Nagpada St., says:—I have prescribed Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and find them to act admirably as a diuretic, relieve backache, burning sensation of urine. In short, they are very useful in all such complaints.

If you would be well you must keep the kidneys well. These Pills are for this purpose. Symptoms of kidney trouble are backache, swelling of the lower limbs, neuralgia, rheumatism, dizziness, sleeplessness and irregular action of the heart, caused by urinary impurities in the blood, which the kidneys fail to remove.

Sold by medicine dealers who will not offer something else for the sake of a larger profit, at Rs. 2 per bottle, or 6 for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P. O. Box 20, Bombay.

If you mention this paper your order will be sent postage and packing free.

## UNEMPLOYED AND SOCIALIST DEMONSTRATION.

Unprecedented scenes were witnessed on Sunday in the vicinity of Glasgow Cathedral. The occasion was a demonstration of the unemployed, of whom several thousands mustered. Inflammatory speeches were delivered by a number of Socialist leaders, one of whom denied that the Socialists were at the bottom of the present agitation. Several of them, however, had been appointed an executive committee to place the orisis before the public and that was their object in meeting. When the Cathedral bells began to toll the hour of afternoon worship, the leaders of the meeting formed up in double file and marched towards the gates of the venerable edifice, which were guarded by a small posse of police. The progress of the invaders was accelerated by a large crowd pressing from behind, and, eagerly anticipating lively scenes, they rushed the constables, who reeled under the charge. The line was broken, and the crowd reached the gates. Then the superintendent of police ordered his men to use their batons. The injunction was at once obeyed, and the crowd fell back in disorder, several people being knocked down and trampled upon. The policemen again took up a position of defence at the gates.

Meanwhile the crowd reassembled and sang "The people's flag is deepest red." Cheers were given for the police, who it was recognised had only done their duty. Realising that the situation was rather critical the superintendent of police communicated with headquarters, and ere long the guardians of the law were strongly reinforced under the direction of the Deputy Chief Constable. The crowd were soon swept out of the square, but they remained in the neighbourhood and heard further speeches from their leaders. One of the orators complained that 250 of Glasgow's elect had sat down to an elaborate twelve-course luncheon on Saturday afternoon, with rare wines and expensive cigars, while outside in the cold and rain hundreds of their fellow-citizens stood shivering and on the verge of starvation.

The onslaught in the square caused much excitement in the Cathedral during the service. The police declare that had they not drawn their batons the mob would have gained an entrance to the Cathedral and done damage beyond repair. The 'melee' lasted fifteen minutes, during which the police were forced to give some nasty knocks. The unemployed, at a further meeting agreed that 50,000 should meet on September 10 in George Square and raid the municipal buildings.

### "BOOING" PRINCE ARTHUR

MILITARY PARADE WITH FIXED BAYONETS.

A visit of Prince Arthur of Connaught to Glasgow on September 5th in connection with the semi-jubilee of the Boys' Brigade was marred by disgraceful scenes. It was rumoured that after the raid upon the City, Chambers by the unemployed the appearance of his Royal Highness would be made the occasion of a hostile demonstration on the part of the Socialits, and the authorities were quite prepared for trouble. The Prince arrived at Glasgow shortly afternoon, having sailed from Gourock in Lord Inverclyde's yacht "Beryl." His reception at the harbour lacked nothing in cordiality, many of the dockers and seafaring class cheering him lustily. The scene was changed however, when Prince Arthur, accompanied by Lord Provost Bilsland, drove to the City Chambers, where a civic luncheon was to be served. A demonstration of the unemployed was held in George Square, and speeches of a revolutionary character were being made when suddenly the cry arose, "Ah; they're coming." As the royal carriage approached the crowd surged forward.

A cordon of police drawn up a few paces apart near the main entrance at once closed their ranks. Behind them were a detachment of the King's Own Scottish Borderers from Maryhill Barracks, while a travelling escort of the Royal Field Artillery was also present. The demonstrators were therefore confronted with considerable opposition, and they quickly realised that any attempt to mob the royal visitor would have been worse than futile. When the carriage drew under the canopy of the buildings, however, all manner of imprecations were hurled upon the royal family, and the hissing and booing of the infuriated mob almost drowned the cheers of the royal citizens. Someone called for "Three cheers for the royal family." The response was mingled with the raucous singing of the "Red Flag."

Prince Arthur remained quite impassive, but the Lord Provost's countenance indicated plainly that the unseemly outburst caused him great pain. When the party entered the buildings the crowd retreated to their former place of meeting near the Scott monument and more speeches were delivered. After lunch Prince Arthur drove to the scene of the Boys Brigade review. His departure was signalled by another hostile outburst through the city streets.

The hostility of the crowd was not in reality dired against the Prince, but was a protest against the local council indulging in lavish expenditure while 20,000 in the city are unemployed. It is stated that when the military paraded for the second time they had their bayonets fixed.

THE King's gift to Mr. Winston Churchill is a magnificent Malacca cane with a gold top richly engraved and monogrammed. The present was accompanied by a card, on which was inscribed in the King's own writing: "To Mr. Winston Churchill on the occasion of his marriage, with best wishes.—Edward, R. and I."

KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLES DEVELOP THIS COLD WET WEATHER.

Prof. James'

ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS

CURE THEM.

When that pain in your back becomes so bad that the weather begins to annoy you and make you feel cross and irritable; when you have no real appetite, and no matter how much you eat and try to eat, you are still thin and bloodless it's high time you took something for your kidneys.

An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, as the old adage runs, so before your ailment grows real serious and chronic, we would recommend you to take Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls.

They remove from the system the poisons that have been making you feel so depressed and "blue."

Their marvellous curative effects are manifested from the first day of their administration by a remarkable increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power with feeling of courage, strength and comfort. Digestion is invigorated, appetite increases wonderfully, bowels become regular, countenance clear and ruddy, the eyes bright, sight improved, the temper cheerful, the brain again active, memory tenacious, bodily nourishment increased and energy restored.

Price, Rs. 2 per bot. of 40 Pills; V. P. P. extra.

Can be had of all Medicine Dealers. See that you get the genuine and don't accept substitute. If you find any difficulty in getting from your dealer, please send your order to THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL Co., 240 Hornby Road, Bombay, No. 6

## THE "LONDON GAZETTE."

Admiralty, Sept. 5.

In accordance with the provisions of his Majesty's Order in Council of Dec. 8, 1903, Comdr. A. G. M. Meredyth has been placed on the Retired List at his own request, with permission to assume the rank of Captain July 21. In accordance with the provisions of her late Majesty's Order in Council of Feb. 22, 1870, Lieut. T J Hardinge has been placed on the Retired List (Aug. 29).

Sept. 7.

In accordance with the provisions of his Majesty's Order in Council of Dec. 8, 1903, Comdr. M G Cartwright has been placed on the Retired List, at his own request, with permission to assume the rank of captain. The undermentioned acting sub-lieutenants, have been confirmed in the rank of sub-lieutenant in his Majesty's fleet:—R H B Everard (Sept. 15); G L Warren, D P C Campbell, R R Gore-Browne (Dec. 30); P E Maxwell-Lefroy, M J C de Meric, A G Hine, R P Ross, K B Millar, A R Farquhar (Jan. 15); G A Scott, E R B Kemble, the Hon. C A Colville, H T Baillie-Grohman (Jan. 30); R W B Cotesworth (March 15),

War Office, September 8.

Cavalry.

6th Dragoon Guards (Carabiniers)—Lieut. C. D. Knight to be captain, vice A. du P. T. Cole, seconded (July 6).

7th (Princess Royal's) Dragoon Guards—Second Lieut. F. J. Scott to be lieutenant vice J. E. D. Holland, promoted (July 4).

5th (Royal Irish) Lancers—Lieut. C. J.A. Maberly resigns his commission (September 9.)

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Royal Garrison Art.—Capt. A. D. Freeland retires on retired pay; Supernumerary Lieut. G. S. Burton to be lieutenant, vice A. H. Cameron, seconded (September 9).

Infantry.

The Royal Scots (Lothian Regt.)—Capt. E. H. B. Baker-Stallard-Penoyre retires on retired pay (Sept. 9).

The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regt.)—Lieut. J. D. Thiele is placed on temporary half-pay on account of ill-health (Sept. 6)

The Prince Albert's (Somersetshire Light Inf.)—Lieut. N. A. H. Campbell is seconded for service under the Colonial office (Aug. 13.).

The Lancashire Fusiliers—Capt. J. V. Timmis retires on retired pay (Sept. 9).

The Cheshire Regt.—Second Lieut. J. W. A. Craig, from 3rd batt. the Oxfordshire Light Inf., to be second lieutenant, in succession to Lieut. V. R. Tahourdin, promoted (Sept. 9).

The East Surrey Regt.—Supernumerary Capt. H. D. Smalley to be captain on augmentation (Sept. 6); Lieut. H. T, K. Messanger is seconded for service in the Indian Supply and Transport Corps; Supernumerary Lieut. F. B. Storey to be lieutenant, vice H. T. K. Messenger (Sept. 9).

The Royal Sussex Regt.—Lieut J S Woodruffe to be captain on augmentation; Supernumerary Lieut A B Wigley to be lieutenant, vice J S Woodruffe (June 14.)

The South Staffordshire Regt.—Lieut E M Skinner reverts to the rank of second lieutanant, at his own request, in view of transfer to the Indian Army (Aug 1.)

The Prince of Wales's Volunteers South Lancashire Regt.—Capt S H Skinner retires on retired pay; Supernumerary Capt B Evans to be captain, vice S H Skinner (Sept 9.)

The Sherwood Foresters Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regt.—The undermentioned lieutenants to be captains:—G W Moran, on augmentation; R S Hart, vice G W Moran, seconded for service under the Colonial Office July 26; Supernumerary Lieut W Swinhoe-Phelan to be lieutenant vice H B T Hume, promoted (Aug 2.)

The Duke of Edinburgh's Wiltshire Regt.—Lieut C G M Carter to be adjutant, vice R F Guy (Sept 7.)

The York and Lancaster Regt.—Major A M Haines retires on retired pay. Capt T T Gresson, D S O, to be major, vice A M Haines (Sept. 9.)

The Army Service Corps.

Lieut G L Peterson is seconded for service under the Colonial Office (July 18).

Army Medical Service.

Col J J La V de la De Morris, M.D., retires on on retired pay (Sept 9).

Army Veterinary Service.

Army Veterinary Corps—The undermentioned to be lieutenants, on probation:—G E Tillyard, in succession to Lieut-Col E R C Butler, promoted; J J Hilliard. in succession to Major G T Peacocke, transferred to Indian Army; B A Jarvis, vice W T Brookes, resigned; A B Bowhay, vice D O Turnbull resigned; R A Gooderidge, in succession to Capt, F H Shore, retired; W F L Bright, on augmentation (Sept 9).

Unattached List for Indian Army.

The undermentioned gentlemen cadets from the Royal Military College to be second lieutenants, with a view to their appointment to the Indian Army.—H V Lewis, J D Fulton, C L Andrewes, T H Battye, A G Armstrong, G C G Gray, W G Bagot-Chester, A H N Gatherer, W L Harvey, R O Chamier, R C Ruck, R A Percival Grant, D Hobart, R P Hensteck, A K Macpherson, R A Mackean, T M O Catterson-Smith, N G R Coats, A D D Carter, A F Spreckley, V W C Moore-Lane, F E Myddelton-Gavey, W L Farwell, P H Myles, W Le C Brodrick, E C Staples, T de Burgh, A M Dawes, E P Watts, H G F Forbes, G V Hughes, O O Curtis, H A Garstin, D Bainbridge, G H A Pearson, C O Harvey, A S Brooke, K C S Erskine, L Smith, I H S Clarke, N L Mitchell-Carruthers, E C Mockler, Sir N R A D Leslie, Bart, R M Trail, W B Shakespear, H E Haddon, A G O M Mayne, E P Yeates, R D Wright, R G MacGregor, J C Atkinson, A W Pulvermann, J C Walker, R S Bullock, H W Andrews, W M Tate. H G C Laird, A L Skinner, O Mather, A H Oliver, M E M Meade M C G Mathew, R C C Liston, E Masters, J C Brewer, G J J Jhonston, L L Buckland, J O Nicolls, E D T Metcalfe, R A Reilly (September 9.)

Reserve of Officers.

Capt T C Granger, 3rd batt, the Loyal North Lahcashire Regt., is transferred, retaining the rank and seniority which he held while in the Militia (September 9.)

Special Reserve.

Royal Field Artillery.

The Duke of Edinburgh Own Edinburgh Royal Field Art. Lieut. Col. and Honorary Col. A Mercer retires, with permission to retain his rank and to wear the prescribed uniform (September 8.)

Infantry Battalions.

3rd Duke of Cornwall's Light Inf. Capt. W. Vincent, from the 4th batt. the Prince Albert's (Somersetshire Light Inf.), to be captain, with precedence from Jan. 17, 1904 (Sept. 1.)

3rd Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regt). H.E. Iremonger to be second lieutenant (on probation) (June 15).

3rd Prince of Wales's (North Staffordshire Regt). Capt. C. H. Hume-Kelly, the Prince of Wales's (North Steffordshire Regt.), to be adjutant, vice J. A. Crosthwaite, the Durham Light Inf. (Aug. 20).

3rd Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders—Second Lieut. R. J. Cavaye to be lieutenant (Aug. 15).

Admiralty, 8th September.

In accordance with the provisions of his Majesty's Order in Council of 19th March.

Engineer Rear-Admiral Richard James Tench has been placed on the Retired List at his own request, dated 4th September.

Consequent thereon, the following promotion takes place from the same date:—

Engineer Captain John Evans Chase to be Engineer Rear-Admiral in his Majesty's Fleet.

In according with the provisions of his Majesty's Order in Council of 8th December 1903.

Commander Adrian George Allgood has been placed on the Retired List at his own request, with permission to assume the rank of Captain, dated 1st September.

In accordance with the provisions of his Majesty's Order in Council of 19th March.

Engineer Lieutenant Walter James Leighton has been placed on the Retired List at his own request, dated 1st April.

Royal Naval Reserve.

In accordance with the Regulations for the Royal Naval Reserve—

Lieutenant Frederick George Hill has been placed on the Retired List, dated 19th August.

Admiralty, 9th September.

In accordance with the provisions of her late Majesty's Order in Council of 22nd February 1870—

Paymaster Arthur Henry Packhard Bird has been placed on the Retired List, dated 4th September.

Royal Marine Artillery.

The undermentioned officers, on return from the Seconded List, to be Supernumerary to the Establishment:—

Captain and Brevent Major Hugo Worthington, dated 10th August.

Captain Edwin Wright, dated 12th August.

Captain James Donald Hay Shaw. dated 15th August.

Captain George Mathew, dated 16th August, instead of as announced in "London Gazette" of 4th August.

Captain Edward McCarthy, dated 1st September,

Captain Oswald Copley Harrington Harrington dated 1st September.

War Office, Whitehall, September 11.

Cavalry.

2nd Dragoon Guards (Queen's Bays), Captain Frederick F. Deakin retires on retired pay to serve in the Special Reserve under the provisions of Article 510, Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1907, dated 12th September.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Charles F. Blane, on completion of 5 years' service as a regimental Lieutenant-Colonel retires on retired pay, dated 12th September.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Charles B. Watkins, on completion of five years' service as a regimental Lieut-Colonel, is placed on half-pay, dated 12th September.

Major Arthur H. Hussey to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice C. F. Blane, dated 12th September.

Captain Cecil J. C. Maunsell is seconded for service as an Adjutant of Territorial Artillery, dated 17th August.

The undermentioned Lieutenants are seconded for service as Adjutants of Territorial Artillery:—

Reginald A. T. Alton, dated 25th July.

George M. A. Gregory. dated 10th August.

Second-Lieutenant William H. A. Herring resigns his Commission, dated 12th September.

Captain Norman R. Davidson to be Adjutant, vice H. T. Wynter, seconded, dated 24th June.

Gentleman Cadet Granville Alaric Richard Spain, from the Royal Military College, Kingston, Canada, to be Second-Lieutenant, dated 26th June.

Royal Garrison Artillery, Captain Bertram G. Buchanan retires on retired pay, dated 12th September.

Supernumerary Captain Robert F. Daubuz to be Captain, vice B.G.Buchanan, dated 12th September

Foot Guards.

Coldstream Guards, Lieutenant Gilbert B. S. Follet, M.V.O., to be Captain, vice the Honourable C. Heathcote-Drummond-Willoughby, promoted, dated 3rd September.

Second-Lieutenant John C. Brand to be Lieutenant, vice G. B. S. Follet, M.V.O., dated 3rd September.

Infantry.

The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment), Lieutenant William H. Tyndall is seconded for service under the Colonial Office, dated 15th August.

The King's (Liverpool Regiment), Lieutenant Thomas L. Wood is seconded for service with the Indian Supply and Transport Corps, dated 10th September.

The Prince Albert's (Somersetshire Light Infantry), Supernumerary Lieutenant Ernest W. Worrall to be Lieutenant, vice N. A. H. Campbell, seconded, dated 13th August.

The East Yorkshire Regiment, Lieutenant William F. Haynes reverts to the rank of Second-Lieutenant at his own request, in view of transfer to the Indian Army, dated 16th November, 1907.

Supernumerary Lieutenant Frank Hind to be Lieutenant vice W. F. Haynes, admitted to the Indian Army, dated 23rd August.

The Leicestershire Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel George H. P. Burne, on completion of his period of service in command of a Battalion, retires on retired pay, dated 10th September.

Major Lionel C. Sherer to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet-Colonel G. H. P. Burne, dated 10th September.

Captain Reginald N. Knatchbull, D.S.O., to be Major, vice L. C. Sherer, dated 10th September.

The King's Own Scottish Borderers, Lieutenant Charles A. L. Irvine, from half-pay, to be Lieutenant Supernumerary to Establishment, with precedence next below R. H. Crake, dated 27th August.

Princess Charlotte of Wales's (Royal Berkshire Regiment), Captain David B. Maurice, D.S.O., to be Major, vice A. J. W. Dowell, promoted, dated 29th August.

Supernumerary Captain Felix F Ready, D.S.O., to be Captain, vice D. B. Maurice, D.S.O., dated 29th August.

The Gordon Highlanders, Quartermaster and Honorary Major Robert J Body retires on retired pay, dated 12th September.

The Royal Irish Rifles, Second Lieutenant Arthur W. Galwey to be Lieutenant, vice W J N Cooke-Collis, promoted, dated 28th June.

Army Medical Service.

Royal Army Medical Corps, Lieutenant George B. F. Churchill to be Captain, dated 31st Jaly.

Army Pay Department.

Major Alexander K. Gillespie, Staff Paymaster, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, dated 31st August.

Memoranda.

Colonel Charles H. Kelly, half-pay, is placed on retired pay, dated 12th September.

Colonel Henry V. Cowan, C. V. O., C. B., Aide-de-Camp to the King, on vacating the appointment of Commandant of the Royal Military Academy, is placed on half-pay, dated 11th September.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles P. Fendall, D.S.O., Royal Garrison Artillery, to be Brevet-Colonel, dated 11th September.

Reserve of Offices.

Robert Ronald Henderson, late Captain, 3rd (King's Own) Hussars, to be Captain, Pated 12th September.

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"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," writes Lady Constance Howard. Countess of Westmeath says:—"It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet, Bath and Nursery and leaves the Skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition. Delicately Perfumed, Cheniste, Grosvenor Mfg. Co., Ltd.

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No. 191-221. Minanese Bracelet,

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Set with pearls and rubies from Rs. 290 to 350
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For immediate supply.

Icilma.

Clean cool comfort, freedom from sunburn or peeling in summer, and chaps or windburn in winter is secured by spraying on the skin Icilma Natural Water. Invaluable for prickly heat and insect bites, Nature's Specific for sore eyes.

The secret of a perfect skin is

Skin-Tone

Only Nature's Icilma can give the skin the tone that resists heat, cold, wind, age or hard water, that never allows it to grow sallow, yellow or clammy, and that keeps it cool in summer, alive in

# COMMERCIAL NEWS.

## LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, SEPT. 24.] [BOMBAY, SEPT. 25.

### FINANCIAL.

| | Rates. | Plus. | Minus. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2½ per cent. Consols... ... | 85 11/16 | 1/16 | |
| do. Rentes ... ... | 96 | 1/8 | |
| 3½ do. Sterling Loan ... | 100 | 1/4 | |
| 3½ do. Govt. Securities... | 63 1/2 | un | chgd |
| Bar Silver in London ... | 23 15/16 | un | chgd |
| do. do. 2 months' hence | 23 15/16 | | 1/16 |
| do. in New York ... | 51 7/8 | | 1/8 |
| Exchange on London at Paris... | 25·11 1/2 | un | chgd |
| do. do. do. Berlin... | 20·29 3/4 | un | chgd |
| do. do. do. New York. | 4·86 3/8 | un | chgd |
| Discount Bank of England Rate. | 2 1/2 | since | 28th |
| do Short London Bills | | | May |
| 3 months' sight. | 1 7/16 | un | chgd |
| do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight... | 2 1/4 | un | chgd |
| do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills... | 2 1/4 | un | chgd |
| do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ... | 3 | un | chgd |
| Interest Day-to-day Loans ... | 5/8 | un | chgd |
| do. 7 day Market Loans... | 7/8 | un | chgd |

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England £1,00,000 for South America.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1s. 3 13/16d. unchanged.

Bar Gold.—(per oz.) 77/10½. unchanged.

Closing Tone of Silver.—Dull.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Total Bullion | ...£38,600,000 | Inc. £ 200,000 |
| Public Deposits | ...£ 7,800,000 | Inc. £1,200,000 |
| Other Deposits | ...£44,300,000 | Dec. £2,900,000 |
| Government Securities | £15,500,000 | unchanged. |
| Other Securities | ...£28,600,000 | Inc. £ 200,000 |
| Notes and Gold | ...£28,200,000 | Inc. £ 200,000 |

The Bank's Reserve is 54 per cent. of the Liabilities.

### COTTON.

**Liverpool :—**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Spots ... ... | ... | Quiet but steady. |
| Futures ... | ... ... | ...Steady. |
| East Indian | ... ... | ... Quiet. |
| Manchester | ... ... | ... Quiet. |
| Total Sales | ... ... | ... 5,000 |
| Sold on Speculation and for Export | | ... 200 |
| Imports ... | ... ... | ... 5,000 |
| Mid-Americans | ... ... | 5·44+09 |
| Egyptian F. G. F. Brown | | 7 13/16 unchanged. |

**Future Delivery Prices :—**

| S.-O. | O.-N. | N.-D. | D.-J. | J.-F. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4·82 | 4·75 | 4·71 | 4·69 | 4·69 |
| —05 | —04 | —05 | —05 | —04 |
| F.-M. | Mar-Apl. | Apl-May. | | May-June. |
| 4·70 | 4·71 | 4·72 | | 4·73 |
| —04 | —04 | —03 | | —03 |

**New York :—**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts at U. S. Ports ... | ... | 43,000 |
| Do. do. last year... | ... | 33,000 |
| Exports to Great Britain. | ... | 9,000 |
| Do to Continent ... | ... | 26,000 |

Spot Cotton—9·40 unchanged.

Futures—Month of Oct. 8·98+04 } Advanced early on unfavorable weather reports and declined later owing to Commission house liquidation.

Do. do. Dec. 8·73—02 }

**New Orleans :—**

Spot Cotton—9 1/16—unchanged.
Futures—Month of Oct. 8·70 – 07
Do. do. Dec. 8·64—07
Closing Tone of Spot—Steady.

### WHEAT.

White Delhi per 492lbs. ex-ship—36 3/4 April-May—London—Buyers—Canal.

### SEEDS.

**Rapeseed :—**
Brown Cawnpore, 45 3/4 Sept.-Oct.—Antwerp—Done—Canal.

**Linseed :—**
Bombay, per 416lbs. ex-ship—48—Sept.-Oct.—H. A. & D.—Sellers—Canal.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**Coffee :—**
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality), 6 1/8 unchgd.

**Rubber :—**
Para Rubber, 4s. 2 1/4d. Value.

## BOMBAY MARKETS.

FRIDAY EVENING.] [25TH SEPTEMBER, 1908.

### IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

| Packages. | Value. | From | Importer. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 9 Boxes Gold Bullions | Rs. 6,22,080 | London | National Bank |
| 4 Packages Sovs | 12,465 | JedJah | Sundry Importers |
| Gold Coins ... | 2,020 | | |
| Rupees ..... | 4,225 | | |

### FINANCIAL.

**Exchange :—**

The market opened and closed at yesterday's quotations as given below, with no business of any importance passing. Far Eastern rates are firm.

We quote :—

| | |
|---|---|
| T. T. on London ... | 1s. 3 29-32d. |
| Demand Draft ... | 1s. 3 15-16d. |
| Credits—3 months' sight.. ... | 1s. 4 3-32d. |
| Do 2 months' sight—France | 166 1-4 |
| Hongkong—30 days' sight... | 131 |
| Yokohama—30 days' sight ... | 151 1-2 |
| Shanghai—30 days' sight ... | 173 |

**Government Paper :—**

The Market opened and closed steady for cash and settlement at 95-10, the rate for the second settlement being three-eighths lower. No business is reported. Calcutta is advised ready at 95-7 and 95-6 for forward (one month).

We quote :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cash ... ... ... | Rs. | 95-10 |
| 1st Settlement ... ... ... | | |
| 2nd Settlement ... ... ... | ,, | 95-7 |

**Bullion :—**

Bar Silver in London is quoted at 23 15-16 for both Spot and Forward (two months). New York has declined to 51 7/8. The local market opened weak at 62-5 ex-duty for October settlement, and though some operations are reported in the bazaar, the weakness of the London quotations caused a decline at the close to 60-12, with sellers. The November quotation has also declined proportionately. Bar gold remains unchanged.

We quote :—

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| English Bar Gold ... ... ... | 24 | 4 | 0 |
| Australian Bar Gold ... ... ... | 24 | 2 | 0 |
| Bombay Bar Gold ... ... ... | 24 | 1 | 0 |
| English Shield Sovereigns ... ... | 15 | 4 | 0 |
| English Dragon Sovereigns ... ... | 15 | 3 | 0 |
| Silver ex Duty—Ready ... | 60 | 14 | 0 |
| Ditto 1st Settlement ... | 60 | 12 | 0 |
| Ditto 2nd Settlement ... | 60 | 11 | 0 |

### RECEIPTS OF COTTON INTO BOMBAY.

| | Total for 6 days | Total since 1st Oct. 1907 | Total same time last year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Khandeish ... | 149 | 173,818 | 351,742 |
| Central India ... | 5 | 61,564 | 126,777 |
| Barsee and Nuggur ... | nil | 117,267 | 261,809 |
| Berars... ... ... | nil | 315,437 | 469,469 |
| Central Provinces ... | 69 | 242,885 | 309,618 |
| Total Comras... | 223 | 910,911 | 1,539,435 |
| Dhollera ... ... | 1,061 | 186,975 | 346,399 |
| Broach ... ... | 431 | 205,600 | 279,418 |
| Coompta and Dharwar | 2,638 | 122,894 | 210,944 |
| Westerns ... ... | 691 | 25,526 | 16,365 |
| Bengals, N.-W. P. ... | 1,249 | 337,271 | 519,579 |
| Bengals, Rajputana... | 24 | 40,964 | 123,908 |
| Sind ... ... ... | 47 | 50,551 | 15,236 |
| Persian ... ... | 13 | 2,128 | 2,230 |
| American ... ... | nil | 47,200 | 19,414 |
| Egyptian ... ... | 96 | 7,727 | 1,608 |
| Other Sorts ... ... | nil | 856 | 1,486 |
| Totals... | 6,472 | 2,041,805 | 3,076,722 |

### COTTON STATISTICS.

| | Bales 1907-08. | Bales 1906-07. | Bales Difference |
|---|---|---|---|
| Receipts for the week | 6,472 | 9,541 | —3,069 |
| Receipts from 1st Oct. to 24th September ... | 2,041,805 | 3,076,722 | —1,034,917 |
| Shipments for the week— | | | |
| Europe ... ... | 5,672 | 1,370 | +4,372 |
| China ... ... | nil, | 6,853 | —6,853 |
| Japan ... ... | | | |
| Coast Ports ... | | | |
| Tota's ... | 5,672 | 8,153 | —2,491 |
| Total Shipments from 1st Oct to 24th Sept.... | | | |
| Europe ... ... | 643,114 | 1,209,986 | —561,792 |
| China ... ... | 42,577 | 41,430 | +1,147 |
| Japan ... ... | 373,893 | 629,861 | —253,968 |
| Coast Ports ... | 36,820 | 68,428 | —31,608 |
| Tota's ... | 1,101,484 | 1,947,705 | —846,221 |
| Afloat in Harbour— | | | |
| Europe ... ... | 4,822 | 8,277 | —3,443 |
| China ... ... | | | |
| Japan ... ... | 5,044 | 334 | +4,710 |
| Coast Ports ... ... | | | |

Total Exports from Bombay by G. I. P. Ry. from 1st October to 12th September, 1908,—14,100 bales.

Total Exports from Bombay by B. B. & C. I. Ry. from 1st October to 30th June 1908,—34,995 bales.

## EXPORTS.

### COTTON.

**Market Report :—**

The sharp advance advised from New York at the close of the last week was shortlived, prices again receded and several fluctuations have been recorded, but since the Lancashire mills closed their doors against the operatives, the market has not been as weak as was expected. Various causes have contributed to steadiness. The mills still running assisted by speculators, have raised the price of yarn sharply, while other mills whose stocks were low were forced to pay fancy prices for fancy grades.

The weather in America has also been less favorable, which fast the new York "Bull party" in new York are making the best use of.

In the meantime receipts and the movement are enormous and will doubtless tell in the long run, unless financiers let go their pent up millions and give a fillip to trade. The rapid harvesting of the enormous American and Canadian wheat crop are probably already assisting in the distribution of the almighty dollars.

The following is our usual weekly comparative table of prices ruling in the Home markets as shown by the telegrams received here last Friday and to-day :—

The following is our usual weekly comparative table of prices ruling in the Home markets as shown by the telegrams received here last Friday and to-day :—

| LIVERPOOL— | Last week. | This week. | Difference. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Spot ... | 5·45 | 5·41 | —·02 |
| Futures, Sept.-Oct. | 4·89 | 4·89 | —·07 |
| Do. Dec-Jan. | 4·76 | 4·69 | —·07 |
| NEW YORK— | | | |
| Spot ... | 9·60 | 9·40 | —·20 |
| Futures, Oct. ... | 9·14 | 8·98 | —·16 |
| Do. Dec. ... | 8·88 | 8·73 | —·15 |
| NEW ORLEANS— | | | |
| Spot ... | 9 3/16 | 9 1/16 | —1/8 |
| Futures, Oct. ... | 9·02 | 8·70 | —·32 |
| Do. Dec. ... | 8·97 | 8·64 | —·33 |

The local market has been steady and as selection is now becoming more difficult nice lots command better prices. Exporters have been more active and shipments are proceeding on a more liberal scale than for some time past.

There has been only a small business done in new crop, as sellers are waiting for a better opportunity for operating.

**QUOTATIONS :—**

| | Rs. | Delivery. |
|---|---|---|
| Fine M. G. Broach ... | 224 | March-09 |
| Good M. G. Broach ... ... | 223 | ,, |
| Fine M. G. Nagpur-Kampti ... | 211 | Jan-09 |
| Fine M. G. Damangamm-Pulgaon ... | 204 | ,, |
| Fine M. G. Khangamm-Akola ... | 197 | ,, |
| Fine M. G. Amraoti... ... ... | 197 | ,, |
| Fine M. G. Muttia ... ... ... | 188 | ,, |
| F. G. M. G. Khandeish ... ... | 182 | ,, |
| Fine M. G. Khandeish ... ... | 189 | ,, |
| Fine M. G. Bengals ... ... | 180 | ,, |
| F. G. H. G. Bengals ... ... | 169 | ,, |

**Liverpool Opener :—**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Opening Tone ... ... | ... | Easier. |
| Estimated Sales ... | ... | 4,000 bales. |
| Total Imports ... | ... | 3,000 ,, |

**Future Delivery Prices :—**

| Sept.-Oct. | Oct.-Nov. | Nov.-Dec. | Dec.-Jan. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4·83 +01 | 4·75 | 4·71 | 4·69 |
| | unchanged. | | |

| Jan.-Feb. | Feb.-March | Mar-Apl. | Apl.-May. | May.-June. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4·69 | 4·70 | 4·71 | 4·72 | 4·73 |
| | unchanged. | | | |

### FREIGHTS.

Business remains dull.

8s. 6d. to 9s. is quoted for October, but very little is doing.

Liverpool and Marseilles at 7s. and for Hull a fair parcel has been booked at 7s. 9d.

November-December, there is no enquiry; for January 12s., February 13s., March, April, May 13s. 8d. is quoted with occasional booking.

Sept.—Oct. rates :—Antwerp at 8s. 6d. to 9 s.; Dunkirk at 9s.to 10s., Genoa at 9s to 10s, Hamburg at 9s. to 10s., London at 7s. 6d. to 8s., Hull at 8. 6d. to 9s., Liverpool, Marseilles at 7s. 6d., Venice at 11s. to 12s.

Liners' rates :—P. and O., Oct., 7s. seeds, 8s. cotton ; Nov., 8s. seeds, 9s. cotton ; Dec., 11s. seeds, 11s. 6d. cotton.

Anchor Line, Oct., 7s. seeds, 7s. 6d. cotton ; Nov., 8s. seeds, 8s. 6d. cotton ; Dec., 9s. 6d. seeds, 10s. cotton.

Rubattino, Oct., 10s. seeds, 11s. cotton; Nov., 10s. seeds, 11s. cotton ; Dec., 12s. seeds, 13s. cotton.

Finlay Moore and Co., Oct., 8s. seeds, 8s. 6d. cotton ; Nov., 9s. seeds, 9s. 6d. cotton ; Dec. 10s. 6d. seeds, 11s. cotton.

A. Lloyd, Oct., 11s. seeds, 12 s. cotton ; Nov. 12s. seeds, 13s. cotton ; Dec., 13s. seeds, 14s. cotton.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**Linseed :—**
The market has been quiet but steady during the week with some enquiry. Prices are as under :—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready ... ... ... | Rs. | 8 3 0 | B.T. |
| Apl.-May ... ... ... | Rs. | 7 13 0 | R.T. |

**Rapeseed :—**
There has been no change in this market during the week.

We quote :—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready Brown Cawnpore ... | Rs. | 8 3 0 | B. T. |
| ,, Yellow Gujerat... ... | ,, | 9 5 0 | ,, |

**Poppyseed :—**
There has been a steadier tone in the market during the week. Prices are—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready ... ... ... | Rs. | 9 14 0 | B. T. |
| Apl.-May ... ... ... | ,, | 9 5 0 | ,, |

**Castorseed :—**
In the beginning of the week was quiet but gradually it has become easier quoting for April-May, Rs. 37-14-0.

**Cottonseed :—**
This market has been quiet but steady.
We quote:—
Rs. 30 6 0

**Wheat :—**
The market has been steadier during the week with good enquiry. White Delhi is quoted to-day Rs. 5-4 0 for April-May R. T. and White Pessi 85 p. c. Rs. 5-9-0 April-May.

### RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the week ended at 6p.m.yesterday:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Wheat ... ... | 32,367 | cwts. |
| Linseed ... ... | 2,767 | ,, |
| Rapeseed ... ... | 2,361 | ,, |
| Gingellyseed ... ... | 3,943 | ,, |
| Poppyseed ... ... | 1,733 | ,, |
| Groundnuts ... ... | 1,124 | ,, |
| Castorseed ... ... | 25,314 | ,, |
| Rice ... ... | 9,797 | ,, |
| Myrabollams ... ... | 10,855 | ,, |
| Cottonseed... ... | 7,614 | ,, |
| Mowrasced... ... | 9,393 | ,, |
| Gram ... ... | 5,575 | ,, |
| Jobwar ... ... | 3,699 | ,, |
| Maize ... ... | 283 | ,, |

## IMPORTS.

### PIECE-GOODS.

GREY GOODS AND WHITE GOODS.

MARKET.—The market remains quiet with a better feeling. There is some small business passing. Prices are steady.

PRINTS, DYED.—Last week has seen some improvement in demand, but not as much as can be expected at this time of the year. There is a general feeling of seeing an improvement later on.

T. RED PRINTS.—The Market is unchanged. No appreciable business is passing, and Home prices remain steady.

DHOOTIES, T. RED PLAINS.—Market continues dull and demand has been stopped altogether. Dealers are holding large stocks which they are very anxious to dispose off but cannot do so on account of the want of demand in the bazar. Home prices are hardening on account of the strike and business is thus totally impracticable.

### METALS.

COPPER BAZAR.—The Home market has been weak during the week and in sympathy Rupee rates have eased off here. Demand in the Bazar is fair; but owing to low Rupee rates, there is no inducement to contract forward and buyers are holding aloof.

YELLOW METAL.—Is also weak both at Home and here.

### COALS.

The Market has been lifeless in the past week owing to sellers asking prices which buyers will not pay, but a month hence there is likely to be some business put through.

We quote :—

| | Rs. | a. | p. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cardiff ... ... ... | 21 | 0 | 0 | per ton |
| Davison's... ... | 16 | 8 | 0 | ,, |
| Yorkshire ... ... | 17 | 0 | 0 | ,, |
| Scotch ... ... ... | 16 | 0 | 0 | ,, |
| Desherghur ... ... | 15 | 4 | 0 | ,, |
| Lawrie's Desherghur ... | 15 | 0 | 0 | ,, |
| Seebpore ... ... | 15 | 0 | 6 | ,, |
| Hielger's Anthracite ... | 15 | 0 | 0 | ,, |
| Heilger's Standard ... | 14 | 0 | 0 | ,, |
| Shaw's Anthracite ... | 15 | 0 | 0 | ,, |
| Shaw's Standard ... | 14 | 0 | 0 | ,, |

### PETROLEUM.

The following are the rates ruling to-day in the market for the undermentioned brands :—

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Swan Brand, Bulk, loose, per unit ... | 2 | 15 | 0 |
| Swan Brand, New Tins, per pair ... | 3 | 9 | 0 |
| Ship Brand, Bulk, Loose, per unit ... | 3 | 5 | 0 |
| Ship Brand, New Tins, per pair... ... | 3 | 15 | 0 |
| Rising Sun Brand, Bulk, per unit ... | 3 | 7 | 0 |
| Rising Sun Brand, New Tins, per pair... | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Anchor Cases, per case ... ... ... | 4 | 6 | 0 |

### SHARES.

The market is strong and active and prices have jumped in many cases. Bank of Bombay shares are reported to have changed hands at Rs 1,460. Bank of Indias at and about Rs. 62 1/2 and a number of Indian Specie Bank shares were placed at Rs. 51 3/4. In Mill Companies, Central Indias have improved to Rs. 1,745. Currimbhais have jumped to Rs. 1,020. Crescent's are steady at Rs. 100. Colaba Land and Mill are steady at Rs. 1,090. X. D. Davids have graudually advanced to Rs. 348 3/4. Framji Petit's have improved to Rs. 1,450. X. D. Hindustans are steady at Rs. 545, Jamsheds are quiet at Rs. 160. Kohinoors have jumped to Rs. 775. Luxmi Cotton are steady at Rs. 1,450. Manekji Petits have fluctuated much during this week and they have advanced to Rs. 3,300 at which price they were steady at the close. Morarjis are steady at Rs. 3,100. New Great Easterns have kept steady at Rs. 205. New City of Bombay at Rs. 680. Southern Marathas have improved to Rs. 215. Standards have jumped to Rs. 1,400 X.D. Swadeshis after touching to Rs. 1,350 were quiet at Rs. 1,345. Textiles are steady at Rs. 1,200. Press shares are steady. Mofussils at Rs. 660. Harvey and Sabapathy at Rs. 540; others are unchanged. In Miscellaneous Companies, Alcock Ashdown have changed hands at Rs. 309, Badham Piles are quiet at Rs. 131. Bombay Burmahs have dropped to Rs. 10,500. Bombay Flours have improved to Rs. 930. Marcks have changed hands at Rs. 131. Treachers at Rs. 610. The Bombay Steam Navigation Co. Preference shares are unchanged at Rs. 275, while Ordinary shares were reported to have changed hands at Rs. 340 in the earlier part of the week, but on account of the information of a dividend of Rs. 12 per cent. they jumped to Rs. 380 and again they have declined to Rs. 365 at the close. The Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. Preference shares are unchanged at Rs. 156 X. D. ; and Ordinary shares are quiet at Rs. 139. The Tata Iron and Steel Company shares are weak. Ordinary shares are at Rs. 15 discount per share. Preference shares at Rs. 5 1-2 discount per share and deferred shares at Rs. 50. All India Insurance Company, Limited, have changed hands at Rs. 13 3/4 C. D. Central India Mining Company shares have been placed at Rs. 297 1/2. Port Canning and Land Improvement Company shares are unchanged and quiet at Rs. 457 1/2. In Railway Companies Ahmedabad-Prantej have changed hands at Rs. 562 1/2 to Rs. 565. Ahmedabad Dholkas are in demand at Rs. 104. Amritsar-Pattis at Rs. 115. Tapti-Valleys are unchanged at Rs. 437½ to Rs. 440. The rest are unchanged.

### BONDS.

The following are quotations :— Rs. as.

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 per cent. Bombay Port Trust (due 1967) ... | 98-0-0 |
| 4 per cent. ,, Improvement Trust (due 1967) | 97-8-0 |
| 4 per cent. ,, Municipal (due 1946) ..... | 97-8-0 |
| 5 per cent. ,, ,, (due 1935) ..... | 113-0-0 |
| 5 per cent. ,, ,, (due 1923) ..... | 114 |

Latest quotations received on 25th September from the London and Paris Exchange, Limited, through their Indian Agency, Rampart Row, Bombay :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Atchinsons ... | 83½ |
| Eries ... | 31 |
| Unions ... | 160½ |
| Southern Pref. (American) ... | 52 |
| Canadian Pacific Railway ... | 176 |
| Grand Trunk 3rd Pref ... | 54 |
| Buenos Great Southern Ordy ... | 132½ |
| Burma Railway ... | 105 |
| Nizam's State Railway ... | 112 |
| South Indian Railway (1910) ... | 103 |
| Southern Punjab Railway ... | 124 |
| Brighton A (Berthas) ... | 77½ |
| Great Northern Defd. (York A) ... | 44½ |
| Great Western (Ord.) ... | 119½ |
| Peninsular and Oriental (Def. Ordy.) ... | 204½ |
| Anglo Malay Rubber Co. (fully paid) ... | 3½ |
| Empire of India and Ceylon Tea Co. (Ordy.) ... | 9 |
| Barnagore Jute Factory ... | 31 |
| Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company (Preference) ... | 10½ |
| British Electric Traction Preference... | 4 |
| Burma Oil, Limited (Ordinary) ... | 4½ |
| Calcutta Electric Supply ... | 6½ |
| Calcutta Trams ... | 5½ |
| Shell Transport (Ordy.) ... | £ 3-5 |
| Japanese 4 1-2 per cent. Second Series ... | 93 |
| Chartered of S. Africa ... | 17s. |
| Consolidated Goldfields ... | 4½ |
| East Rands ... | 4½ |
| Rand Mines ... | 7½ |
| Tanganyikas ... | 4 |
| Mysore Gold ... | 4½ |
| Champion Reefs ... | 7s. 6d. |
| Dharwar Reefs (Reconstructing) ... | 3s. 2d. |
| Goldfields of Dharwar ... | 6s. 3d. |
| Hutti (Nizam's) ... | 1½ |
| Hyderabad (Deccan) ... | 2½ |
| Nundydroog ... | 25s. |
| Anaconda Copper ... | 8½ |
| Rio Tinto (Ordy.) ... | 68½ |
| Johannesburg Consolidated ... | 26s. 3d. |
| Ivanhoe Gold Corporation ... | 8½ |
| Oroya Brownhill ... | 12s. 6d. |
| Withwatersrand Deep ... | 4½ |
| New Kleinfontein ... | 2½ |
| Great Boulder Proprietary ... | 27s. 9d |

### BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

#### BANKS.

| Names. | Amount | Paid-up | Last Half-yearly Divid. | Cash Rate. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| INDIAN BANKS. | Rs. | Rs. | | Rs. |
| Bank of Bombay ... | 500 | 500 | 14 p. c. | 1,460 |
| Bank of India ... | 100 | 50 | 5 ,, | 62½ |
| Bank of Bengal ... | 500 | 500 | 12 ,, | 1,500 |
| Bank of Madras ... | 500 | 500 | 10 ,, | 1,120 |
| Commercial Bank of India ... | P. 100 | 100 | 6 ,, | 63½ |
| Specie Bank ... | O. 50 | 50 | 14 ,, | 18 |
| Alliance Bank of Simla, Ld. ... | 100 | 50 | 6 ,, | 52 |
| Punjab National Bk. ... | 100 | 100 | 14 ,, | 252 |
| EXCHANGE BANKS. | 100 | 10 pc. | 9 ,, | 120 |
| Chartered Bank ... | £20 | £20 | 14 ,, | £53½ |
| Mercantile ... | £25 | £12½ | 6 ,, | £17½ |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bking Cor... | £25 | £12-10 | 6 ,, | £16½ |
| National Bk of India | £25 | £25 | £1-15s. | xd £75½ old issue new issue |
| | £25 | £12½ | 43 p. c. | 540 |

#### MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

| | | | Last Half-yearly. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alcock Ashdown and Co ... | 100 | 100 | | xd | 309 |
| All India United Insurance, Co., Ld... | 100 | 20 | | ¾ c-o | 13¾ |
| Back Bay Bath ... | 50 | 50 | 6 | | 40 |
| Badham Pile ... ... | 100 | 100 | yr. 10 | | 131 |
| Bombay Burma Trading Corporation ... | 2,500 | 2,500 | 380 | | 10,500 |
| Bombay Burma New Issue ... | 625 | 625 | 82½ | xd | 2,625 |
| Bombay Electric ... | P. 210 | 10 | p. c. 6 | xd | 156 |
| Supply and Tramways Co., Ld ... | O. 210 | 210 | Nill. | | 139 |
| Bombay Ice Mfg. ... | 100 | 100 | Nil. | | 98 |
| Bombay Flour Mill... | 500 | 500 | 60 | | 930 |
| Bombay Land and Building ... ... | 500 | 500 | p. c. 5 | | 500 |
| Bombay Steam Navigation Compa y... | O. 250 | 250 | p. c. 6 | | 365 |
| | P. 250 | 250 | p. c. 6 | | 275 |
| Central India Mining Co., Limited ... | 100 | 100 | yr. 50 | xd | 297½ |
| Delhi Flour ... | 200 | 200 | 16 | | 152 |
| Empire of India Life Assurance ... | 500 | 50 | yr p.c. 17 | | 125 |
| Indian Guarantee Suretyship ... | 100 | 10 | 14 | | 20 |
| John Roberts and Co | 100 | 100 | divd 10 | | 195 |
| Kemp and Co ... | 250 | 175 | yr. 14 | xd. | 305 |
| Kurrachee Landing... | 200 | 75 | 12 | | 150 |
| Marcks and Co... | 100 | 100 | 10 | | 131 |
| Napier Hotel Co... | 100 | 100 | il. | | 25 |
| Oriental, Govt. Security Life A ... | 200 | 50 | p.c. 18½ | | 190 |
| The Oriental Mining Co., Limited ... | 100 | 30 | ... | | 27 |
| Phillips and Co ... | 40 | 40 | p.c. 10 | | 54 |
| Port Canning Co... | 1,000 | 1,000 | yr. 27 | | 457½ |
| Shivrajpur ... ... | A. 10 | 10 | p.c. 25 | | 15 |
| Syndicate ... ... | B. 10 | 10 | Nil. | | 15 |
| Sirdar Carbonic Gas Company ... | 100 | 100 | 8 | | 80 |
| Soundy and Co ... | 100 | 100 | Nil. | nom | 20 |
| Tata Iron Steel Co., Limited ... | O. 75 | £ 15 | ... | div. | 12 |
| | D. 30 | 30 | ... | | |
| | P. 150 | 30 | ... | | 50 |
| Thacker and Co ... | 100 | 100 | p.c. 20 | xd | 275 |
| Telephone Company, | 25 | 25 | yr. 14 | xd | 34 |
| Treacher and Co... | 500 | 500 | yr. 40 | | 610 |

#### PRESS COMPANIES.

| | | | | Quotation |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Akbar ... | 750 | 750 | 3,200 | 125 |
| Albert (Kurrachee) | 1,100 | 1,100 | 650 | 45 |
| Bombay Cotton ... | 125 | 125 | 105 | 105 |
| Breul's Cawnpore ... | 200 | 200 | 200 | 20 |
| Broach City ... | 200 | 200 | 225 | 14 |
| Fort ... | 475 | 475 | 270 | 22½ |
| Godavery Valley ... | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,200 | 100 |
| Harvey and Sabha patty ... | 250 | 250 | 540 | 540 |
| Hindustan P & M ... | 250 | 250 | 115 | 15 |
| Hingolee ... | 100 | 100 | 110 | 6 |
| Indian Cotton ... | 125 | 125 | 133½ | 135 |
| Khangamm ... | 400 | 400 | 300 | 25 |
| Mahmudpura Gin ... | 125 | 125 | 100 | 7½ |
| Mahuva ... ... | 200 | 200 | 150 | Nil. |
| Mercantile ... | 12 | 125 | 57 | Nil. |
| Manmar Manufg ... | 250 | 250 | 275 | 275 |
| N w East Indian ... | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,020 | 75 |
| New Moufussil Co ... | 400 | 400 | 685 | 680 |
| New Berar ... | 500 | 500 | 540 | 40 |
| New Prince of Wales | 500 | 500 | 500 | 30 |
| Oomri ... | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,025 | 50 |
| Purbhany ... | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,150 | 100 |
| Sassoon ... | 1,000 | 1,000 | 250 | 30 |
| Sind and Punjab Co | 400 | 400 | 4,400 | 140 |
| Sind ... | 200 | 200 | 490 | 35 |
| Surat City ... | 1,000 | 200 | 245 | 24 |
| Volkart U. B. Co. Ld. ... | 500 | 500 | 40 | 555 |
| Wardhwan G. & P.... | 150 | 50 | 125 | 12 |

## DIVINE SERVICE.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

15TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY,—27TH SEPTEMBER, 1908.

7-45 a. m.—Matins.
8-30 a. m.—Holy Communion—Choral—Eyre in E. Flat.
Hymns—35, 261, 315.
5-30 p. m.—Children's Service.
6-30 p. m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Canticles—Tours in F.
Anthem—"God so loved the World"—Stainer.
Hymns—617, 19.
Collections for—Choir Fund.
Daily—Matins at 8-15 a. m. and Evensong at 5-45 p. m.
Daily—Holy Communion at 7-45 a. m.

UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
Waudby Road.
8-30 a. m.—Sunday School.
11 a. m.—United Service (St. Andrew's Church.)
6-30 p.m.—Evening Service Rev. Alex. S. Crichton.
Hymns—379, 219, 149.
Psalm—121.

BOMBAY BAPTIST CHURCH, BELLASIS ROAD.
Opposite Byculla Club.
9 a. m. and 6-30 p. m.—Sunday Services.
Preacher—Mr. S. H. Kearsey.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.
8 a. m.—Holy Communion.
11 a. m.—Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon.
6-30 p. m.—Evening Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon.
Offertories for the "Assistant Clergy Society."

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, COLABA.
The Afghan Memorial Church.
8 a. m.—Holy Eucharist. Hymns 322, 193, 559.
11 a. m.—Parade Service. Hymns 440, 175, 166.
5-30 p. m.—Sunday School.
6-30 p. m.—Evensong and Sermon. Hymns 164, 285, 423.

WEEK DAYS.
8 a. m.—Holy Eucharist—Tuesday—St Michael and All Angels,
6 p. m.—Communicant Guild Service.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
11 a. m.—Morning Service.
5-15 p. m.—Sunday School.
6-30 p. m.—Evening Service.
Psalm.—23.
Hymns—133, 300, 365.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL.
8 a. m.—Holy Communion.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—193, 200, 290, 216 and 16.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.
8 a. m.—Matins and Litany—Plain.
8-45 a. m.—Holy Communion—Choral.
5-15 p. m.—Sunday School.
6-30 p. m.—Evensong and Sermon.

TAYLOR MEMORIAL METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Clare Road, Byculla.
Rev. C. B. Hill, B. A., Pastor.
9 a.m.—"Children's Day" Service.
6-30 p. m.—Evening Service.

WESLEYAN CHURCH, COLABA CAUSEWAY.
8-30 a. m.—Parade Service—Preacher, Rev. A. J. Reynell.
6-30 p. m.—Evening Service—Preacher, Rev. J. F. Edwards.
5 p. m.—Sunday School.
9 to 10 p. m.—Social Hour.

WESLEYAN CHURCH, VICTORIA GARDENS.
10 a. m.—Preacher, Rev. J. F. Edwards.
6-30 p. m.—Preacher, Rev. A. J. Reynell.
5 p. m.—Sunday School.

## THE SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE SEPT, 11.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Major E Barnes, I A B
Mr W Chevis, B Cov
Mr A Bateman, B
Mr F J R Field, B
Mr A H King, B
Mr C Russell, B
Mr J N Atkinson, M Cov
Mr J H Garrott, Bo Cov
Mr E G L Laird Macgregor, Bo Cov
Mr W H K Howard, Bo
Col W B Thomson, I A
Major T Fraser, R E
Capt F F Innes-Lillingston, S and T Corps
Lieut E J Mollison, 125 Napier's R
Nursing Sistor Miss S M Browning, Q A M N S I

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Major B O Roe, I A, B, 2 mo furl
Capt A M Fleming, I M S, B, 2 mo on private affairs
Mr W Mande, B Cov 2 mo 20 days' furl
Mr A C Crighton, B, 3 mo M C
Mr G S Hart, B, 7 weeks' on private affairs
Mr W J Glanville, B 3 mo M C
Mr W H Baker, B 7 days' extra ordinary leave, without pay
Mr F T Coode, B 11 mo furl
Mr J W K McGrea, B, 3 mo M C
Mr C O Slacke, B, 4 mo M C
Mr H J Newson, B, 3 mo M C
Mr F Jackson, B 3 mo M C
Miss W J Meiklejohn, Bo 6 mo M C
Rev H E Atkins M 6 mo M C
Major-Gen R B Adams V C, C B, to 30 11 08
Lieut Col P Hehir, I M S, 4 mo study leave
Capt A Hewlett, C I H 4 mo
Capt G S Torkington, 69 Punj, 2 mo M C
Capt T L McLeod, 7 Raj, 5 days
Lieut W R Warden, 33 L I I mo M C
Lieut F L Tayler, 42 Deoli R 3 mo
Lieut H S Stewart 17 Cav 4 weeks' M C
Engineer C B Wilson, R I M 5 days

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Lieut Col J L T ones, I M S, B
Capt F B H Eustace, R E, B
Mr W C K Berrie, B
Mr A D Imms, B
Mr A T Halliday B
Mr H F Ashton, B
Mr A Langley, B
Mr A E B Sullen, B
Mr V A Short, B
Mr H B Ommanney, B
Mr N Corfield, M
Mr P B Aitchison, Be
Mr J R Wadia Bo
Lieut Col J M Wade, R E
Capt C L Perrin, 87 Punj
Lieut W G A Breet, 73 Punj
Lieut A L A Flint 7 Raj

AMONG Mr. Heinemann's Autumn announcements are three books of special interest on the East. He will publish almost immediately "Persia, the Awakening East" by W. P. Cresson, F. R. G. S. This is an interesting book full of information about the social and commercial conditions of that country, and dealing in a trenchant style with the prevailing conditions of the Shah's Empire at the present day. On or about October 20th will be published Dan to Beersheba" by Archibald R. Colquhoun, F. R. G. S. M

## GOSSIP OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 11.

### WONDERS OF THE GARDEN.

Science is every day throwing new and wonderful light on the life of plants. A short time ago we learnt that the centre of a potato rejoiced in positive electricity, while the peel had to put up with the negative variety, with the result that a current was set up in the bold man who ate the potato peel and all. Then it was discovered that Sundew and Venus' Flytrap secrete a digestive juice which makes short work of the insect entangled in their too affectionate arms. Most wonderful of all, Mr. Francis Darwin proclaims that plants "must" have some sort of consciousness, that Venus' Flytrap must experience some shadowy sort of greedy delight at feeling an insect within its grasp, that the sensitive plant actually resents being stroked by a finger. And not only are plants endowed with feeling and electricity, but their leaves, Professor Wager assures us, act as magnifying glasses, bringing to a focus in their interior the rays of the sun, and applying those rays just where they can do most good. We shall not be astonished to learn that plants have their likes and dislikes. It is known already that the Lombardy poplar cannot abide another tree within touch, and this haughtiness or its converse may extend throughout the garden.

### THE EVIL FLY.

Many shrewd thrusts have been delivered at the common house-fly of late, but never have the thunders of scientific excommunication rumbled so loud as at the Sanitary Congress. The picture drawn of the monster is terrifying. In order to grasp all his iniquities we must conceive of a vast bulk carrying one hundred thousand bacteria, one hundred thousand dots and dashes, marks of interrogation and surprise, all crammed with venom. This vast horde of lethal bombs the monster of iniquity carries about with him on his legs, body, and mouth. He is a walking Woolwich Arsenal, a Russian bomb repository a thousand times magnified, a mighty chemist's shop full of bottles of poison. And this fearful thing, more powerful even than Sardanapalus or the London County Council, we calmly allow to walk on our bald heads in church. But no longer shall we tolerate the monster. Fire and sword and a good slap shall end his evil days. He shall be hurled into the Acheronic combustion of the sempiternal Tartarus, otherwise the dining-room fire, and our land shall have peace, and we shall sleep without being tortured in our dreams.

### A MOSQUE ON WHEELS.

The capital for the Hedjaz Railway, of which the section between Damascus and Medina was inaugurated on September 1, was mainly subscribed by pious Moslems, and among the rolling-stock is included a mosque-car, in which pilgrims will be able to conduct their devotions with full pomp and ceremonial during the journey to the holy cities. Externally the car is distinguished by a minaret, 8ft high, projecting from the roof, and an air of religious luxury pervades the interior. The floor is covered with rich Persian carpets; verses of the Koran appropriate to the pilgrimage are inscribed in golden letters on the walls; and at one end, a large compass is disylayed, indicating the direction of Mecca, while at the other end four vessels are placed for the performance of ritual ablutions. Most of the rolling-stock for the railway was purchased abroad, but the mosque-car was specially built in Constantinople.

### THE LINCOLN CENTENARY.

The centenary of Abraham Lincoln's birth is to be observed with fitting ceremonial at Springfield, Illinois, on February 12, 1909. President Roosevelt, the American correspondent of the "Methodist Times" states, is expected to take part, and as both Mr. Taft and Mr. Bryan have also accepted invitations, the presence of the President-elect may be counted upon. Mr. Bryce will also be there. The promoters of the celebration are attempting to secure the co-operation of the educational authorities in every State for a simultaneous commemoration in every schools house. It is intended that, at a certain hour of the appointed day, every school-child in the country shall stand, and, facing in the direction of Springfield, shall repeat the brief speech that Lincoln uttered as he bade farewell to his neighbours and friends in that city when he left for Washington in 1861.

### HOW TOLSTOY LIVES.

Around no other living man have more legends grown than Tolstoy, and some of these are disposed of in the "Christian Commonwealth" by Mr. Aylmer Maude, who tells us that Tolstoy lives with his wife and family in a large and well-built house on an estate which was his, and is now his wife's situated about 130 miles south of Moscow. They have manservants and maidservants, and though the house is plainly furnished, everything in it is sustantial, and it contains many signs of culture. Tolstoy comes down to breakfast between eight and nine, and then goes to his study to write undisturbed till after the rest of the family have had their lunch, when he comes out and has his vegetarian meal either by himself or in the company of those who wish to talk to him. In the afternoon he goes for a walk or a ride.

### NO PROPERTY.

It is many years, Mr. Maude goes on to say, since Tolstoy made boots as an indoor occupation, and it is also at least fifteen years since he did much ploughing or outdoor agricultural work. There was a time, lasting for more than ten years, when he devoted the greater part of each summer (the Russian summer is short) to doing field work, such as the peasants do. One year he saved a poor peasant woman from distress by doing for her the work she would otherwise have had to hire a man to do. He also endeavours to give his servants as little trouble as possible, and does as much as he can for himself. He owns no property, having transferred it all to his wife and children. His wife, of course, gives him, what he wants; but he tries to want as little as possible. In dress in food, and in all other respects, he aims at simplicity.

### SCIENTIFIC PEERS.

By the death of the Earl of Rosse the small band of peers in the House of Lords whose scientific attainments have won them recognition in the world of science—from which in the last few months Lord Kelvin and Lord Blythswood have disappeared—is further depleted. Perhaps the most versatile scientist of those still remaining in the Upper House is Lord Avebury, no less celebrated as a geologist and archæologist than as a botanist. Physics is worthily represented by the Earl of Berkeley and Lord Rayleigh (the only Senior Wrangler among the peers), and astronomy by the Earl of Crawford, who is also an ardent naturalist. The Duke of Northumberland, President of the Royal Institution, has a strong scientific bent, and entomology owes much to Lord Walsingham, who presented his collection of micro-lepidoptera—the largest in the world—to the British Museum in 1901. Lord Lister, the famous discoverer of antiseptic surgery, who is in his eighty-second year, is the honoured doyen of the scientific peers.


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MARVELLOUS PREPARATION

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
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Of course you know this old, safe, and sure beacon. For over sixty years its light has been guiding the sick and suffering back to the harbor of health and strength. Isn't that a record to be proud of? For more than sixty years

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

has been the source of good health to many thousands of people in all parts of the world. Their testimonials come in by every post. They all assert the great fact—"Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me." Weak, weary women, men who had been tired out and discouraged,—all write gratefully of the good it has done them.

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There are many imitation Sarsaparillas.
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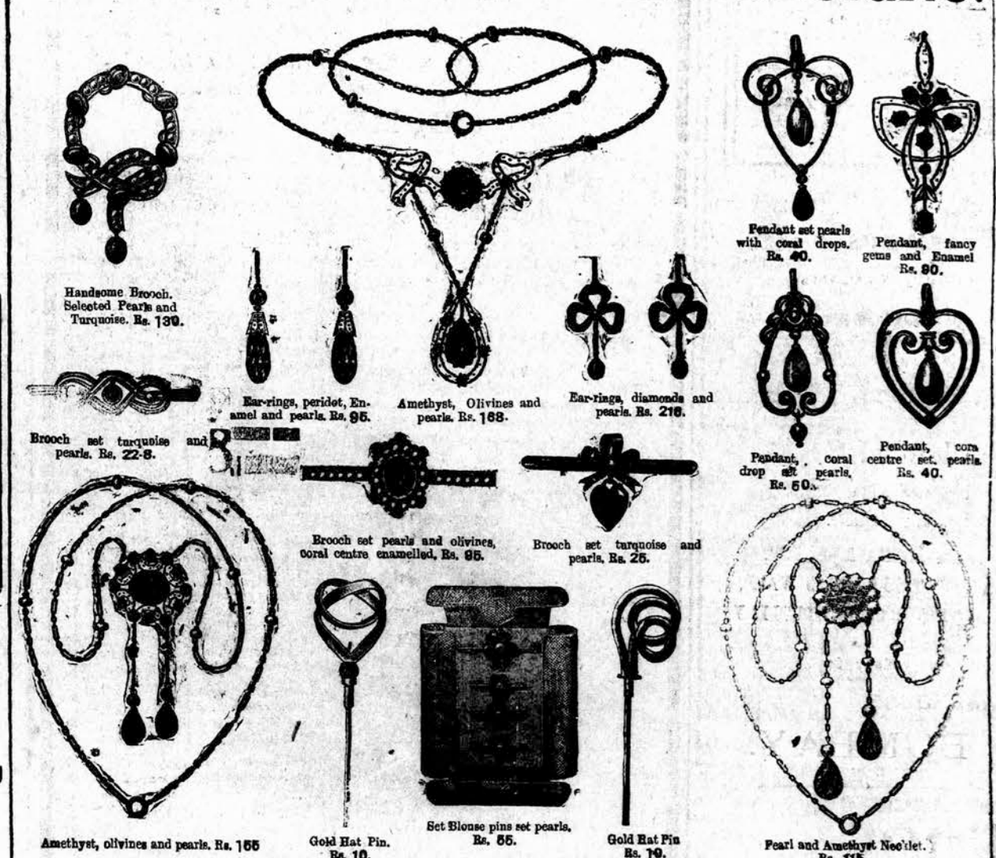
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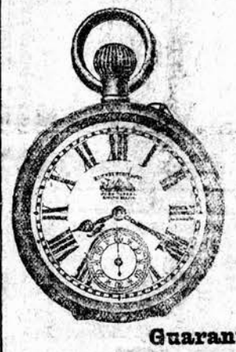

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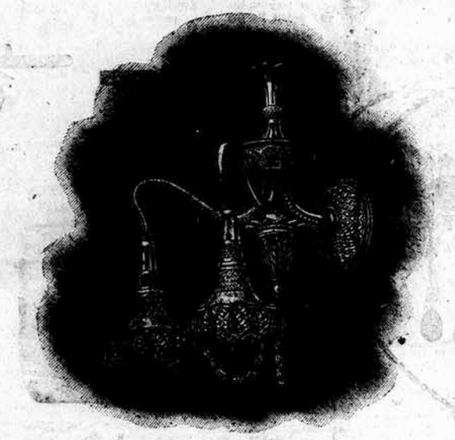

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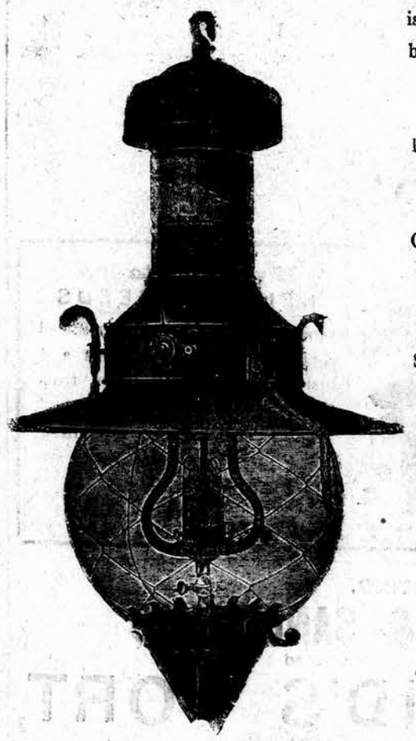

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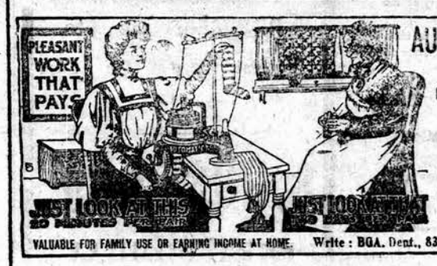


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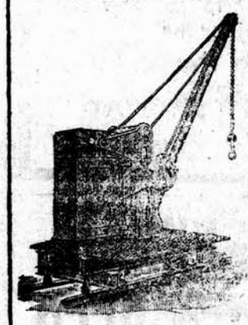

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